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東京帝國大學法學部研究室

Axis Straddled By Daring R.A.F. Night Attack

Numerous Objectives Hit During Raids on Germany, Italy

London, Oct. 22.

THE Royal Air Force on Sunday night operated at both ends and in the middle of the Berlin-Rome Axis. Simultaneously with two raids on Berlin extending over six hours, British bombers were launching high explosive bombs upon Italian motorcar and aeroplane regions and steel works.

A heavy ground mist kept the first raiders at Berlin circling for half an hour trying to find targets, then the haze cleared and a big railway yard was seen unmistakeably outlined in the moonlight. Direct hits were made on sidings with high explosives and five fires were counted as a result of incendiaries.

Following raiders directed their attention to objectives near the centre of the city and industrial targets in a north-western suburb. An official account states that here also pilots saw bombs bursting round targets.

After a two-hour respite a second attack began. Clear visibility now favoured operations and one pilot, disregarding hot anti-aircraft fire, dived to within 2,000 feet of rooftops to straddle the heart of the city with a stick of bombs. He, like another pilot, saw big fires.

The pilots recorded hits on the Pullitzerstrasse and Ehrter railway yards and goods sidings at Charlottenburg.

1,600 Mile Fight

The raid on Italy necessitated a 1,600-mile non-stop flight with two crossings of the Alps. Here active operations began soon after midnight when bombs fell on industrial plants at Milan, the Fiat works at Turin, Pirelli accessory factory at Sesto Sangiovanni and blast furnaces at Aosta.

Between these extremes there was customary activity on ports and industrial targets in the Ruhr, including the Krupps works and naval docks at Hamburg and Wilhelmshaven, which in the words of an official communique were heavily bombed and a large warship was believed to have been hit.

Industrial targets included oil refineries, storage plants and aluminium factories, wreckage of which is contributing to breaking the power of the German Air Force.

Bombardment Sets French Coast Afire

Unbroken Line of Blazes Marks Damage Wreaked By Dover Cannon

Dover, Oct. 22.

Great fires stretched in an unbroken line along the French coast last night, evidence of the R.A.F.'s savage attack on German invasion bases in French channel ports.

The duel between British and German land batteries and fighting planes, which clashed in the brilliant sunlight over the channel early yesterday, continued throughout the day. Shells from Nazi long range guns dropped spasmodically on Dover until dusk.

Heavy gunfire from the British side of the turbulent channel "no man's land" signaled replies by English long range guns.

Coast Thought Bombed

Heavy explosions, heard from the French coast last night, were believed to have come from R.A.F. bombs dropped on German gun emplacements. No casualties were reported from the German shelling of Dover yesterday.

Watchers on the English shore from morning until noon saw an immense red glow on the French side, evidence of the R.A.F. battering given invasion ports during the night.

As dusk fell last night, and flames contrasted with the darkness, fires stretching in an unbroken line for miles indicated that a great part of the French coast was in ruins and blazing furiously.

German shells burst in Dover at 20 minute intervals most of the day. They apparently were designed to disrupt life in this important coast town. Some casualties were reported.

The weather became overcast late in the day and the misty sea was calm with a light southwest wind—good invasion weather.—United Press.

Invasion Ports Crowded

London, Oct. 22.

German Invasion ports in France still are crowded with German merchant ships and barges, a high officer of the R.A.F. said here yesterday.

"Although we hope and believe we have stopped the German invasion," the officer said, "we can not be certain. Therefore we must continue bombing the ports."

Regarding British raids on Berlin, the officer said such raids had their advantage, but that Berlin was not among the most important German military centers.

"We know the Nazis are short of lubricating oil," the officer said. "We have been attacking their supplies consistently, as one way of eventually cutting down their war efforts."

Dislocation of German Industry by attacks on marshalling yards and the canal system have had a most definite effect on German industrial output, the officer said.

Reinforcements and modern war machines sent to the Middle East have in no way depleted British home strength because of increasing supplies arriving in Britain from the United States, he said.

"American aircraft compare very favourably with British types of planes in flying ability and navigation equipment," the officer said—United Press.

British Silence German Guns

Dover, Oct. 22.

Opening up a steady stream of fire after German shells had landed in this area today, British batteries silenced Nazi long range guns.

Shells from German guns at Cap Gris Nez crashed into the Dover area damaging houses and causing a few casualties.—United Press.

Oil plants raided were at Gelstbkachen and Wesseding near Cologne. Large fires were started. An aluminium factory at Lunen was bombed. The Grevkonbruch works were attacked for 90 minutes during which many buildings were hit and heavy explosions caused. Columns of smoke were seen rising from fires.

R.A.F. Continues Attacks

British bombers again were extensively active over Germany and German-occupied territory on Monday, according to an official communique. Attacks were also made on enemy convoys. One ship was hit and disabled.

Despite last night's inclement weather, a heavy attack was made on naval dockyards at Hamburg, where many fires and explosion resulted from bombing. Other targets included oil plants, goods yards, various industrial plants and aerodromes.

French Coast Shelled

For the third day in succession the Dover area was shaken by artillery fire when British long-range guns this morning opened up on the German-occupied coast.

Owing to a heavy mist it was not possible to observe the targets.

A battery of German artillery near Cap Gris Nez was also busy this morning, when a number of shells fell in the Dover area, damaging some houses and causing a few casualties.—Reuter.

U.S. Aircraft In Action Over London

Swift New Planes Aid In Driving Off Nazis

London, Oct. 22.

Strong forces of British night fighters, including newly delivered speedy American planes, helped to throw back German raiders from the London outskirts last night and early today.

Sounds of fierce air battles were heard over one district as the British fighter patrols, reinforced by the latest American planes, swooped on German bomber formations and engaged them in deadly combat.

Heavy Nazi bombers approached the capital in mass formations which were soon virtually broken up by the intensified anti-aircraft barrage and the fighter forces which, a high Royal Air Force officer said, had been steadily enlarged.

For the second successive night London was comparatively quiet as the fighters, which were out in stronger forces than ever before, cruised the skies.

Roof spotters heard one group of British night fighters engage the raiders with machine-guns and tracer bullets streaked through the sky.

Nazis Driven Back

The scene of the large-scale air battle was moved to the south as the Nazi invaders were driven back.

A few raiders which eluded the defenders made dashes across the metropolis, hurriedly unloaded their bombs and quickly flew off.

One of the German bombers was heard to accelerate sharply when anti-aircraft shells and "flaming onions" burst around it. Others adopted the gliding tactics in efforts to confuse the ground detector crews.

Night raiders were active over the provinces, principally Merseyside and the Midlands.

Merseyside Attacked

Three Merseyside towns were attacked in the longest German raid in the area in recent nights. A church was damaged and an empty tram car demolished.

A number of high explosive and incendiary bombs fell on scattered districts in Liverpool, but the casualties so far were reported not heavy.

Three Midlands' countries were attacked. One town, which appeared to be the chief objective of the raiders, suffered its third successive night raid. Bombs were hurled on the town apparently at random and set on fire a cinema, hotel, charity institution and three schools. Several stores were also hit and damaged.

Three were killed in one building, while six others were trapped.

Time bombs were dropped on another town in the Midlands. The residents of the danger areas were quickly evacuated.

Bold, But Small Raids

Bold but small scale raids were carried out in a widespread assault on Britain yesterday and early today.

Attacks on London slackened somewhat a few hours after the first alarm sounded, presumably because a ground mist hampered visibility.

The lull, which began shortly before midnight, continued into the early hours today.

Taking advantage of low hanging clouds earlier in the evening, raiding planes darted across an overcast sky and pierced anti-aircraft defenses to north-western England.

As night deepened, the skies cleared and flashes of gunfire flared frequently on London's outskirts as German planes, plainly visible, zoomed across the city unloading their deadly cargoes.

Midland Town Bombed

Bombs fell on one Midland town, but only a few fell in the London area during the early evening. Raiders were reported in north-east England at 9.50 p.m.

Eight persons were injured, five seriously, when a German plane swooped over a south coast town in the afternoon and dropped a dozen bombs, one hitting a church. Approximately 270 elementary school children who were leaving the church, and were a short distance away when the bomb hit, escaped unharmed.

Tickets For Shelters

Meanwhile, it was announced that measures would be taken to relieve congestion at night in London air raid shelters as well as in reception areas for evacuees from London.

Admission tickets to shelters will be issued, as an experiment, it was said. Authorities in reception areas were asked to enforce compulsory billeting and to empty houses where necessity demanded.

Three bombs damaged a number of houses and cottages in the London area and burst a water main. A doctor amputated a man's leg in the open air, in one of the many dramatic episodes connected with the bombings.

Bombs damaged Holland House, famous mansion in Kensington where Cromwell often stayed. The house was built by Sir Walter Cope in 1617 and was a brilliant social and literary centre of London for centuries.

Treasures had been removed previously from Holland House, it was officially said. An oil bomb set fire to one tower of the great mansion and the east wing was almost completely destroyed.—United Press.

Last Moments of Bartolomeo Colleoni

The sinking of the Italian cruiser Bartolomeo Colleoni, well known in Shanghai. The cruiser was engaged by H.M.A.S. Sydney and a small force of destroyers, while it was accompanied by another Italian cruiser of the same class. The other cruiser did not wait to assist the Bartolomeo Colleoni. This picture was taken just before the Italian vessel plunged beneath the seas.

Premier Warns Britain to Rid Europe of Pestilence

French People Told to Prepare for Useful Action In Helping to Fling Off Nazi Threat to Nation

London, Oct. 22.

"THIS is for us only the beginning—we have command of the seas and in 1941 shall have command of the air," declared the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, in a broadcast to France last night.

In a message couched in grim invective he delivered a personal broadcast to the French people warning them of Axis plans for annihilation of France and of the British determination to cleanse Europe of the "Nazi pestilence."

"When people get into trouble because they are attacked and heavily smitten by the wild and wicked they must be careful not to get at loggerheads with one another," said the Prime Minister.

"In London, which Hitler said he would reduce to ashes and which his aeroplanes are now bombarding, our people are bearing up unflinchingly. Our Air Force more than holds its own and we are waiting for the long promised invasion—so are the fishes.

"Hopefully, Hungrily

"Hitler with mechanical weapons and the fifth column has temporarily subjugated most of the finest races of Europe and his little Italian accomplice is trotting along hopefully and hungrily at his side.

"Both wish to carve up France and her empire. To one a leg, to another a wing or again a part of breast. Not only the French Empire will be befouled by these men, but Alsace-Lorraine, Nice, Savoy and Napoleon's Corsica will be torn from the fair realm of France.

"But Hitler is not thinking only of stealing other people's territories or flinging portions of them to his little dog. This evil man, this monstrous abortion of hatred and deceit is resolved on nothing less than the complete wiping out of the French nation and the disintegration of its whole life and future. By all kinds of sly and savage means he is plotting and working to quench forever the foundation of characteristic French culture and French inspiration to the world.

(Reuter.

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Nazis Lose More Planes at Night

Three Raiders Believed To Have Crashed Owing To Foggy Weather

London, Oct. 22.

Nazi night raids on London and other parts of Britain are being maintained non-stop after six weeks only at the cost of growing losses, states Reuter's air correspondent. These significant facts were revealed by a senior R.A.F. officer yesterday:

Firstly, three German night bombers which crashed recently are presumed to have made forced landings owing to foggy weather; secondly, on Sunday night anti-aircraft gunners brought down four enemy planes and night fighters have recently taken their toll of enemy raiders; thirdly, it has been learned on reasonably good authority that a good many night bombers have crashed on landing back at their home aerodromes.

The official service attitude toward the effect of weather and improved defences on the scale of enemy night attacks was put this way: Bad weather will not stop the raiders altogether. It should reduce their numbers. Only the best pilots can come over in really sticky weather. And it will shorten the length of raids (Reuter.

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Bucharest Rocked By Earthquake

Rome, Oct. 22.

Panic-stricken people fled from their homes into the streets when three strong earthquake shocks were felt in Bucharest today, says a Bucharest dispatch to the official Italian news agency.

Each of the first two shocks lasted 25 seconds, it is reported. House fronts crashed into the streets, ceilings collapsed, furniture was overthrown and windows broken.

The epicentre of the disturbances was in Rumania, according to the message.—Reuter.

Burma Rd. Damage Admitted

Temporary Bridges Being Constructed; 28 Planes Take Part in One Raid

Rangoon, Oct. 22.

Bridges along the Chinese portion of the Burma Road have been damaged by Japanese bombs but the Chinese engineering corps are prepared to construct a temporary bridge to replace every demolished one in 48 hours, officials of the Chinese Southwest Transportation Administration said today.

The Chinese, they added, are equipped to repair slightly damaged bridges in a few hours and therefore are not afraid of Japanese threats to bomb the bridges and the highway extensively.

The officials pointed out that the Burma Road on Chinese territory would continue to function in similar fashion to the Canton-Hankow railway which before Japanese occupation, was bombed daily but repaired the same day. Thus, they emphasized, transportation along the Burma route is expected to move daily without any serious interruptions.—United Press.

28 Bombers in Raid

Chungking, Oct. 22.

A Chinese press dispatch from Kunming states 28 Japanese aircraft bombed the Chinese section of the Burma Road on Sunday, while Mengtze was also subjected to an aerial attack the same day.

Before the raids a lone Japanese scouting aeroplane reconnoitred above Kunming and shortly before noon 28 Japanese aircraft bombed points west of the city. In the afternoon six Japanese aircraft bombed Mengtze.

In view of Japanese bombing of the Burma Road, the Yunnan Provincial Government has organized road and repair gangs, the first for the maintenance of the road, while the second groups are entirely devoted to the work of repairing the road after it has been bombed.—Reuter.

French Concession Utilities Strike Ends Today

Company to Recognize Labour Union and to Increase Workers' Pay by $6 a Month

RESIDENTS of the French Concession, who in the past two weeks have experienced a most trying time following complete disruption of transport facilities in the Concession after the intimidation of employees of the tramway and power plants of the Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai by armed pickets, will be pleasantly surprised to see trams and buses in the streets this morning.

The strike, which followed the intimidation, was finally settled yesterday afternoon when the representatives of the workers and those of the company signed the long awaited agreement. The labour dispute, one of the longest in the history of the French Concession, lasted almost a month.

According to M. J. Favret, general manager of the company, the following terms have been agreed upon;—

1. The Company will recognize the newly-formed Labour Union (M. Favret, however refused to state whether the Union would be financed as it was stipulated in the strikers' demands).

2. The Company will pay full wages to the strikers for the whole of the duration of the dispute.

3. Workers, who were arrested by the French Police in connection with the incidents in the Concession, will be set free.

4. Every worker will receive an increase of $6 a month.

5. No worker will be dismissed without reason.

6. The Company will dismiss all the workers who have been hired for the duration of the strike.

30 Reinstated

7. Thirty of the dismissed workers will be reinstated.

A satisfactory settlement was reached on Monday afternoon after negotiations which lasted one and a half hours. The final conference between the two parties yesterday brought about the signing of the papers.

Some 3,000 workers will resume work today, but full transport service will not be put out as it will take some time to organize the system anew.

Yesterday, the striking workers held a meeting at Jessfield Park at 12.50 p.m. First thought to be either a demonstration or some ceremony, the meeting, it was learned, had been convened to have a group photo of the workers taken to celebrate the end of the strike.

It will be recalled that the labour trouble broke out on September 25 when the workers were turned back by pickets, who threatened immediate reprisals unless they went on strike. Quite a number, however, returned to their jobs and this enabled the company to run a skeleton service along the two principal lines—Avenue Joffre and Avenue Dubail. Later a bus service was also put out and transport in the Concession almost reverted to normal.

Several Incidents

Several incidents were reported at the beginning of the trouble when the strikers and the agitators attacked the non-striking personnel. The most serious case was reported when

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Cairo Bombed By Italians for First Time; Raid Branded As Vandalism

Naval Base and Aerodromes Damaged in Widespread R.A.F. Attacks; Abyssinia Military Base Hit

Cairo, Oct. 22.

One Egyptian was killed and six were wounded when a single Italian plane bombed the outskirts of Cairo on Sunday evening. It was the first Italian raid on Cairo.

The railway line was damaged slightly. Bombs apparently were aimed at a military camp but missed it was said. A black out darkened Cairo and residents huddled in air raid shelters during the attack.—United Press.

Bombing Called Vandalism

Karachi, Oct. 22.

"An act of Fascist vandalism" was the comment made by the Prime Minister of Sind upon Italian bombing of Saudi Arabia and Bahrein Island.

He pointed out significantly that the war had come within 400 miles of Karachi, added that if any argument was necessary to prove that. Indians must close their ranks and give all possible help to Britain, this act of bombing furnished it.—Reuter.

Italian Naval Base Hit

Cairo, Oct. 22.

Smashing R.A.F. attacks on Italy's Libyan naval base of Tobruk and aerodromes in Eritrea and Abyssinia, from which Italian aircraft have attempted without much success to menace Red Sea traffic, were made before dawn on Sunday.

At Tobruk, one explosion was so violent that the flash lit up the cabin of the raiding plane. Other minor blasts were observed.

When the R.A.F. bombers visited the Asmara aerodrome in Eritrea they caught three enemy craft happing on the way. Bombs dropped near the aircraft almost certainly damaged them.

At the Diredawa aerodrome in Abyssinia bombs fell near main hangars and among buildings. Two buildings received direct hits and a number of large fires were started.—Reuter.

Abyssinia Raided

Aden, Oct. 22.

The Royal Air Force is now vigorously attacking the aerodrome and military encampment at the railway junction at Diredawa, about 150 miles inland on the Addis Ababa-Djibouti line.

Several attacks were delivered last week with considerable damage to military objectives but, with without any loss to the attacking force.—Reuter.

Soviet Note to Reich Reported Confirmed

Russia Believed to Have Protested German Invasion of Rumania; Nazis State Move Taken to Safeguard Oil, Stop Anarchy

Belgrade, Oct. 22.

RUSSIA has sent two notes of protest to Germany against the German military occupation of Rumania, according to reports reaching sources close to the Yugoslav Government last night.

The two Russian protests were alleged to have claimed that German occupation of Rumania was a violation of Germany's agreement with Russia regarding Rumania. This agreement, it was said, allowed only for German economic penetration in Rumania.

The German reply to the alleged Russian notes said that German troops had entered Rumania only for the prevention of anarchy and to safeguard Rumanian oil fields from Allied sabotage.—United Press.

Soviet-Turkey Crisis

London, Oct. 22.

Diplomatic advices to London since conferences between representativs of Britain, Turkey and Russia strengthen the belief that Russia does not wish to embarrass Turkey in the event the later aids Greece against Axis invasion or opposes a direct Axis attack herself.

The advices came following conferences between Sir Hugh M. Knatchbull-Hugessen, British Ambassador to Turkey and Mr. Sukru Sarajoglu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, and Dr. Haidar Aktay, the Turkish Ambassador to Moscow and M. V. M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister.

Moscow, although avoiding commitments, welcomes Turkish determination to resist any Axis advance toward the Straits, it was stated. Plans also are underway to enlarge Russo-Turkish economic relations, it is understood.—United Press.

Said "Inevitable

Moji, Oct. 22.

The absorption of Turkey into the Axis political orbit was seen as inevitable here today by Mr. Toshihiko Taketomi, former Japanese envoy to Ankara, who was recalled to Japan after serving there three and one half years.

Mr. Taketomi, who arrived here aboard the O.S.K. liner Kitsurin Maru from Dairen after travelling via Siberia, told interviewers today that "Turkey's attitude merits attention" in pointing out that the Balkan thrust increased the general tension in Turkey.

The envoy admitted that it had been rumoured in Turkey that the axis would seek an outlet in Asia Minor, granting Soviet control over the Dardanelles in exchange.

The Turkish-British alliance concluded in May, 1939 was "ineffective" as Turkey was unable to obtain the materials she lacks from Britain, Mr. Taketomi claimed. Turkey's relations with Russia were characterized by Mr. Taketomi as those of "father and son," while the envoy explained that it was noteworthy that while Turkey's destiny was inexorably linked with developments in Western Europe, the people were always conscious that they were asiatics.—Domei.

Black Sea Coast Control Tightened

Bucharest, Oct. 22.

With the Government today announcing the extinguishing of lightships in the ports of Constansza and Mangalia, allowing ships to enter only between dawn and sunset, the order was interpreted as a significant precaution for tightening the control of the Black Sea coast.—United Press.

Bread Prices Soar In Leningrad

Sudden Decision Believed Revenue Measure

Moscow, Oct. 22.

The price of bread here and in Leningrad shot up 15 per cent by official decree issued today.

Officials gave no reason for the increase, but it was believed that the action was purely a revenue measure.

At the same time potato prices were reduced 25 per cent.

The price of black bread, formerly 85 kopecks per gram, increased to one ruble (100 kopecks) while the price of white bread rose from one ruble to one ruble, 15 kopecks.

It was doubtful that the rise in bread prices was due to a wheat shortage, since the harvest this year was abundant.

(The German wireless from Moscow today said that all but .05 per cent of the 214,000,000-acre grain crop was harvested by mid-October.).—United Press.

Britons Advised to Leave Japan

British Embassy Takes Similar Steps to U.S.

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

The British Embassy is advising Britons to leave Japan wherever possible on account of the present uncertainties and disadvantages of living and business conditions, it was learned today.

The British Embassy therefore is intensifying the registration of all nationals in order to complete its files regarding information on all British subjects residing throughout Japan.

The spokesman for the British Embassy said that "no compulsion is involved. However, we feel much the same as the American Government that those who are able and willing to depart should do so."—United Press.

Crown Prince Frederick Undergoes Operation

Berlin, Oct. 22.

Crown Prince Frederick, heir to the Danish throne, underwent an operation for intestinal disorders yesterday morning, D.N.B. official German news agency, reported from Copenhagen. The operation was said to have been successful.—United Press.

U.S. Said Asked To Enter War

Mr. Kennedy Believed to Be Carrying Urgent Plea From Balkan Diplomats

London, Oct. 22.

Mr. Joseph Kennedy, United States Ambassador to London, who is leaving for New York today, is understood to be bearing urgent warnings and appeals from Balkan diplomats who are hoping that he will convey their messages to President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, U.S. Secretary of State.

In informal conversations with Mr. Kennedy, the Balkan diplomats were known to have told him emphatically that the chance of arresting the Axis Powers from conquering the Mediterranean probably would vanish unless the United States entered the war by the New Year at the latest.

Beside pointing out the immense mental encouragement which the menaced Balkan and Mediterranean peoples would gain from United States participation in the conflict, the interested diplomats declared that a squadron of U.S. light naval craft could reinforce the British and would be extremely valuable.

Mr. Kennedy left London by automobile en route to Lisbon whence he will fly by clipper plane to New York. He was accompanied by his friend and personal secretary, Mr. Jack Kennedy, who is no relation.

"Times" Tribute

Meanwhile, "The Times," in an editorial, paid a glowing tribute to the American Ambassador.

"His genial and stimulating presence would be sadly missed by England," the "Times" said.

"The Times" emphasized that he had avoided all pitfalls facing United States representatives in England.

"He never has allowed private friendship to turn him into an Englishman and thus weaken his influence with his own people.

"He never has forgotten that he is first and foremost an American. For this reason he will carry conviction now when he speaks to his countrymen and tells them of the resolution with which we face the future" "The Times" said.—United Press.

Freedom Declared U.S. Election Issue

Mr. Willkie Warns Young Americans on New Deal

Milwaukee, Oct. 22.

Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, Republican Presidential candidate, in a broadcast last night addressed young Republicans and asked whether Americans should continue living in freedom or deliver themselves to the state.

"This issue," he said, "is whether we in America can live in freedom and by freedom or whether we must deliver ourselves and our enterprises into the hands of the state.....

"I know that every major policy of the New Deal is pushing in that direction. We are undertaking a great defence programme. This programme is three or four years late in getting started, but now at last we have begun.....

"Let me never hear New Dealers point pridefully to business revival based on the creation of a huge war machine. Those are not achievements on the road of progress. Those are the terrible duties which we must perform; only dictators boast that they have 'solved' domestic and economic problems that way."—United Press.

Labour Leader to Back Willkie

Washington, Oct. 22.

Mr. John L. Lewis, president of the Congress for Industrial Organizations, plans to endorse in a radio speech Friday the candidacy for President of Mr. Wendell L. Willkie.—United Press.

Trade Pact Seen As Thin Edge of Nazi Wedge Driven Into Yugoslavia

Double Pressure of Italy and Germany Believed Accepted in Effort to Avoid Fate of Rumania

London, Oct. 22.

The thin edge of the wedge for increased German influence seems to be indicated by the new commercial agreement between Germany and Yugoslavia, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Evidently Yugoslavia is feeling the double pressure of Germany and Italy and trying to avoid the fate of Rumania by timely concessions. Whether a policy of appeasement will prove more successful here than has been the case elsewhere is extremely improbable.

German tactics follow consistent lines—first commercial demands, then political and military, until the whole country is in the grip of the Gestapo. The process varies in speed, but the end seldom varies.

In Yugoslavia's case, however, it must recalled that Italy has territorial ambitions which will probably soon be revealed. Anti-Italian feeling in Yugoslavia is so strong, and contempt for Italian military prowess so general, that it is probable Yugoslav resistance would not have been easily surmounted if the initiative in the present Axis policy of squeeze had been left to the Duce.

For the moment Yugoslavia has only lost the first trick in the game. A small country that has not yet recovered from the last war could not be expected lightheartedly to embark upon a conflict against two such powerful neighbours. There has recently been a rapprochement between Belgrade and Moscow, but Father Ivan is remote.

For the moment there is no clear picture of the situation in Bulgaria and Greece. There is confirmation of penetration of several thousand of so-called tourists into Bulgaria, but rumours of demands upon either Bulgaria or Greece have so far not been corroborated.—Reuter.

"Suicide" Bomb Disposal Squad Chief Typifies British Spirit

Greatest Thrill is Frustrating Nazis, Tearing Through Streets Faster Than a Firetruck

London, Oct. 22.

LIEUT. Robert Davies, head of the "suicide squad" that saved St. Paul's Cathedral from destruction by removing a time-bomb that fell nearby, typifies the British spirit under mass bombing attacks.

Lieut. Davies, who lived in Canada for several years, said in an interview today that the motto of his squad was "frustrate the Nazis knavish tricks" and that they got a "kick out of doing so."

A United Press correspondent caught up with the lieutenant, with whom he had an appointment at a police station, just as he was rushing from the station in a car. He shouted: "I can't wait. There's a bomb on so-and-so street in so-and-so borough."

The only sign showing the dangerous work the squad performs is a placard saying "Bomb Disposal" crudely hand-lettered on the car in black pencil and red crayon.

The car they us is nearly the fastest thing in London just now, and all policemen know Lieut. Davies and give every assistance to him and his squad.

Secret Method Used

The correspondent caught up with him again at a spot where four blocks of tiny workers' houses had been evacuated because of the presence of timebombs. Anxious people pressed against ropes a hundred yards from the threatened area, awaiting the fate of their homes. Some cheered as the tough-looking, grimy, battle-dress-clad bomb squad under Lieut. Davies arrived.

Lieut. Davies cleared the whole area around the bomb-hole and snapped out orders to his squad, who immediately sprang into action. The procedure used by the squad is a secret.

When the bomb was made ready for explosion, Lieut. Davies drove the car, carrying a red flag, within 20 yards of the bomb hole, and shouted to the rest of the squad: "Get Out." The squad sped away; and Lieut. Davies, after a final inspection, retreated, too, and shouted: "Okay, boys."

"Always First"

After a few minutes, the bomb exploded, sending large quantities of sand into the air. I asked one member of the squad whether Lieut. Davies ever showed any signs that he appreciated the danger he was continually facing, and he replied: "Nerves? Him? He's got none. He always goes down the hole first."

Lieut. Davies, after seeing that everything was in order, said that he "got the biggest thrill by preventing damage."

"In the ordinary way, this bomb might have blown the most part of these four blocks flat," he said. "As it was, it only broke a few windows. Our motto is 'frustrate their knavish tricks,' and we get a real kick from doing so."

As he stood talking, children went down into the cavity caused by the bomb, brought out bits of the bomb and handed them to him. Davies solemnly and politely thanked each child.

"I regard myself as the father of my flock (the squad) and every possible precaution is taken to prevent injuries to them," Lieut. Davies said. "Some of them are young and likely to take risks.

"Rabbit's Foot" Luck

Lieut. Davies said this quite seriously, as though he never took any risks himself. He admitted that his wife did not know how dangerous the job really was.

"Anyway" he said, "I carry a rabbit's foot. I have done so for years, and I hold it close."

Mrs. Davies, however, is proud of her husband.

"During the last few weeks he has done a lot of things which are not mentioned, but which have been almost as praiseworthy as the St. Paul's Cathedral job," she said. "He thinks the world of the fellows who work with him and when he was on leave, he told me, he had never known a finer set."

Lieut. Davies said he came to England from St. Catharines, Ont., in 1928, because of his wife's health, and then went to Nigeria, where he was a public works engineer.

"I returned to England four years ago and had my training with the officers emergency reserve," he added. "My greatest thrill is: driving right through traffic with more right of way than even a firetruck."—United Press.

U.S. Navy Buying Five Merchant Ships

Vessels to Be Purchased From Baltimore Line

Washington, Oct. 22.

The Navy today confirmed that it "is in the process of negotiating" to obtain five passenger and cargo vessels for national defence purposes but denied commandeering the ships.

The Navy said that the vessels presumably would be purchased from the Baltimore Mail Line.

The vessels involved are the City of San Francisco, City of Newport News, City of Norfolk, City of Baltimore and City of Los Angeles, each of 8,000 tons.

Non-official Navy sources said that the Baltimore Mail Line no longer owns the vessels, which are being at present operated by the Panama and Pacific Line.

Reports from San Francisco said that it was understood that the Navy would take over the City of Baltimore today when it arrives there from New York and the others when they complete their present runs.—United Press.

Britain to Carry Fight to Axis

London, Oct. 22.

Mr. Albert V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, today said, "We have to carry this fight into the enemy's fields until we win."

He made this declaration in opening the Westminster "War Weapons" week.—United Press.

Koo Yi-chun New Head Of Farmers' Bank

Chungking, Oct. 22.

Mr. Koo Yi-chun, former manager of the Kwangtung Provincial Bank, has been appointed Governor of Farmers' Bank, replacing the veteran banker Mr. Yeh Chu-tang, who has resigned on account of illness.

Mr. Koo is concurrently Deputy Secretary-General of the Central planning Board. He is one of China's ablest young financial experts and is generally regarded as a probable future candidate for high financial posts in the government.

Mr. Koo attended the London economic conference with Mr. T. V. Soong, former Chinese Finance Minister, who is now in Washington on a special mission.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS NEWS

Havoc Wrought on Inner Temple

Historic Buildings Hit In Savage Night Raid On Central London

London, Oct. 22.

Savage night raiders early today turned lanes, gardens and mellow buildings of London's famous Inner Temple into one of the most spectacular scenes of destruction in the metropolis.

The effects of the previous bombings were climaxed by the explosion of a heavy bomb which shattered the upper floors of half-a-dozen buildings. It blasted the end of the hall in which William Shakespeare once played Twelfth Night.

Great plane trees and elms which shaded the strolls of Dr. Samuel Johnson, William Thackeray, Goldsmith and Blackstone were coated with pink dust—pulverized bricks which in some cases were cemented into position hundreds of years ago.

One end of an office row, where Charles Lamb was born, took the full force of the blast of the last heavy bomb.

Ceiling Takes Shock

In the east end of the 16th Century Middle Temple Hall, in which Shakespeare played his own comedy, there was a gaping hole. The interior of the hall was filled with splintered wood and stone, concealing the table of Windsor oak on which Queen Elizabeth was said to have signed the death warrant of Mary, Queen of Scots.

The roof was wrecked, the windows gone, but the famous, intricately beamed wooden ceiling withstood the shock well.

The tower in the corner of the law library was blasted into the courtyard. The circular Crusaders' Church, built by Knights of the Templar at the end of the Twelfth Century, and one of four of its kind in England, remained practically unscathed, suffering but a few holes in its beautiful stained windows.

Even here dust and debris filmed the effigies of nine crusaders lying with their feet crossed, and their gauntlets clasped around long, two-handed swords.

Streets Machine-gunned

A Dornier today dropped eleven bombs and then swooped down and machine-gunned the streets of a working class district in a south coast town, killing at least one person and wounding several others. Some were feared trapped in the wreckage of six houses which were demolished by the bombs. Other houses were also damaged by the terrific blasts.—United Press.

Airway to Link Australia, Palestine

London, Oct. 22.

A new air service between Australia and Lydda (Palestine) will begin in two weeks' time, according to the Sydney Radio.

The service will be operated by a Dutch company once a week in either direction. Six days will be taken to cover the 10,200 miles of journey.—Reuter.

N.E.I. Agree to Sell to Japan

Existing Contracts Must Be Fulfilled First; N.E.I. Not in "New Order" Sphere

Batavia, Oct. 22.

The only material progress thus far recorded in the Japanese and Dutch negotiations has been the agreement of oil companies to sell to Japan oil and oil products available after fulfilment of their existing market contracts, it was learned today.

Sales to Japan would be on a "strictly commercial basis" without any shifting from the current market contracts entered into by the companies here.

The Japanese economic mission, it was further understood, has accepted this agreement for the basis of discussion on which the present conversations centre.

Informed sources indicated that the present production level of the Netherlands East Indies precluded the possibility of exporting to Japan any considerable amounts of aviation oil.

Dutch officials reiterated that it was their intention to keep the negotiations within economic fields and at the same time maintain a policy of non-discrimination and good neighbourship.

The joint memorandum from the negotiators regarding this phase was interpreted in Dutch circles to indicate that Japan was not claiming leadership for the Netherlands East Indies.—United Press.

Not in "New Order"

Singapore, Oct. 22.

The joint Japanese-Dutch memorandum recently signed in Batavia said, in effect, that Japan does not include the Netherlands East Indies within the sphere of the new order in East Asia, the Batavia correspondent of the "Straits Times" revealed today.

The correspondent reported that the memorandum was drawn up at the request of the Dutch authorities following the conclusion of the tripartite alliance which the Dutch considered a "serious obstacle" to the continuance of Japanese-Dutch negotiations unless Japan would assure the N.E.I. of the maintenance of the status quo of the East Indies.

The Japanese thus far, he added, have obtained from the Dutch only an agreement covering 100,000 tons of salt to be delivered to Japan within the next three years.

Meanwhile, Captain Nakahara, naval member of the Japanese mission to the N.E.I., arrived here by plane from Batavia today and later hopped off for Siagon en route to Hanoi.

He was reported to be en route to establish a liaison between the Japanese negotiations in Indo-China and the N.E.I., after which he may either return to Batavia or proceed to Tokyo.

Capt. Nakahara is the only Japanese of the mission in N.E.I. to proceed to Saigon. He refused to discuss the Batavia negotiations, but said that Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, head of the mission, might return to the N.E.I. after the Diet session in Tokyo. Mr. Kobayashi left Batavia for Japan last night.

Singapore Japanese who gave Capt. Nakahara a luncheon party said they understood that a tentative oil agreement had been reached with the Dutch.—United Press.

★Nazis Lose More Planes at Night

(Continued from page 1)

as it has done already with pilots anxious to return before their home aerodromes are blanketed in fog.

Locating Problem

The problem of bringing down enemy raiders, largely a scientific one connected with location of the plane, is being tackled with the utmost energy. Official circles are quite optimistic over the prospects that it will be solved. Service thoughts on the progress of the air war over the past month were expressed to the correspondent as follows:

Firstly, the breaking up of the last of the German mass day formations on Sept. 16 may be counted as the "biggest British victory of the war;" secondly, the kind of day raiding that has been done since then will never win the war; thirdly, while the R.A.F. bomber force is still not as large as Germany's it is aiming its bombs at night far better than the enemy.

The R.A.F. intends to make it "as hot for Berlin as it can" consistent with the present plan of bombing other objectives at the same time.

14 Raids On Berlin

Two hundred and fifty aircraft have bombed Berlin in raids on 14 separate nights in the past month and the German capital has absorbed 200 tons of bombs.

As to the future, it is quite clear in the R.A.F. view that the enemy is "contemplating a campaign in the Middle East this winter." The R.A.F. in that area is being reinforced to meet the threat without weakening its offensive or defensive power in Britain to any important extent.

Home production, far from being affected by enemy raids, has expanded in the past month or two and supplies of American aircraft incidentally compare favourably with the British.—Reuter.

★Premier Makes Stirring Address

(Continued from page 1)

"What we ask of you in our struggle to win victory which we will share with you is that if you cannot help us at least you will not hinder us. We trust that Frenchman will feel their hearts warm and the proud blood tingle in their veins when we have some success in the air or on the sea or presently—for that will come—upon land.

"We shall never give in and our whole people and empire have given themselves to the task of cleansing Europe of the Nazi pestilence and saving the world from a new dark age.

Covet Only Respect

"Do not imagine, as the German-controlled wireless tells you, that the English seek to take your ships and colonies. We seek to take the heart and soul out of Hitler and Hitlerism. We covet nothing from any nation except their respect. Frenchman in the French Empire and those in so-called unoccupied France may see their way from time to time to useful action. I will not go into details. Enemy ears are listening.

"As for those to whom English hearts go out because they see on them the sharp discipline of oppression—to them I say, when they think of the future, remember the words which the great Gambetta uttered after 1870 about the future.

"Good night. Sleep and gather strength for the morning—for the morning will come. Brightly will the sun shine on the brave and true, kindly on all who suffer for the cause, glorious upon the tombs of heroes. Viva la France! Long live also the forward march of the common people in all lands towards a just and true inheritance. On to better times."—Reuter.

Turkish Census

Istanbul, Oct. 22.

The first returns of Sunday's national census shows that the population of the Turkish capital, Ankara, has increased by 26 per cent since 1935 when the first census was taken. The population is now 156,000, of which 65,400 are women.—Reuter.

Chinese Successes Claimed

Japanese Raiders Said Turned Back; Japanese Say Communists Routed

Chungking, Oct. 22.

Extensive raids launched by Japanese detachments into western Chekiang are reported in Chinese field despatches from the Chekiang front.

Supported by aircraft, Japanese troops on the north bank of the Chientang River pushed westward on October 8 in several columns.

Columns from Yuhan and Fuyang, after reaching Lingan and Sinteng, crossed the Chientang River, turned south-eastward towards Chuchi and then withdrew northward along the railway towards Lingpu and southward to Hsiaoshan, these despatches declare.

A column from Wukang, it is stated, advanced north-westward towards Kwangteh via Anchi and joined forces with another column from Changhsin. These columns then turned northward to effect a junction with forces attacking Lanhsi in southern Anhwei.

After a fortnight of severe fighting, the Japanese columns are reported to be withdrawing towards their original positions prior to the raids.—Reuter

Military Yen Affected

Hankow, Oct. 22.

The reported successes of Chinese forces in Yangtze river areas has had a disturbing effect on the rate of the military yen in relation to the Chinese national dollar.

The fictitious value and standing (no military yen notes are numbered) of this currency has not been overlooked by the population. Chinese here are reported to have been endeavouring to "unload" their military yen, which currency has recently been boosted by its owners to the considered artificially high level of $150 to buy 100 yen.

The "unloading" is said to be a direct result of the trend of events down the river.

One reported method has been to buy Japanese goods, but it is said there has been a marked diminution in these of late, and that imports are lagging. Another has been to buy rice, with the added advantage of being a tangible asset with no political strings. This purchasing of rice has existed as one of the reasons for the high price of the grain—now $60 a picul, against $40 a month ago.—Reuter.

Japanese Claim Success

Taiyuan, Oct. 22.

Putting to rout the Chinese Communist army commanded by Liu Pocheng, well-known Communist leader, six Japanese units, which started operations on October 11, formed a large-scale encircling movement on 20,000 Chinese troops around Shichingchen and Hsichingchen, north-east of Licheng in south-east Shansi province and Pingchengchen, a military despatch received here said yesterday. Complete defeat of the Chinese was reported in the communique.

Since the beginning of operations, Japanese troops have taken 300 prisoners, three mountain guns, two heavy machine guns, ten light machine guns, 300 rifles, 2,200 hand grenades, eight motor cars, and other booty, while 2,000 Chinese were reported killed in action, the message said.—Domei.

Communists "Doomed"

Paoting, Oct. 22.

Chinese bandit troops in the mountains of western Hopei, are facing imminent collapse before two Japanese detachments operating in the area with the assistance of army air units which have already inflicted losses of more than 340 dead.

Another Japanese detachment captured an arsenal located 40 kilometres north-west of Chohsien in Hopei province.

This Chinese troops stationed near the Shansi-Hopei and Chahar border who are attempting to disturb peace and order in the neighbouring Japanese controlled areas, are boomed.—Domei.

★French Concession Strike Ends

(Continued from page 1)

the police were forced to open fire in order to disperse demonstrators. About thirty were then arrested, and one was injured by a police bullet. Other incidents when bottles of phosphorus and quicklime were thrown, resulted in injures sustained by passengers, while on one occasion police officers had to intervene to save a thrower from being lynched.

Strict Precautions

Stricter police precautions, which included police officers in every tram and every tram stop, put an end to these incidents and with the exception of a few workers being kidnapped, the situation was calm up to October 11 when armed pickets stopped all the employees of the power plant as they were entering the Concession. This caused the company to suspend transport the same morning.

Seven demands were then presented to the management and negotiations were started. No headway, however, was made for several days, although both the Political Branch of the French Municipal Police and others took part in mediation.

The seven demands were met by the company and negotiations were making a slight progress until the company decided to hold them direct with the representatives of the strikers. This move brought about the much desired results, which ended yesterday in the agreement being signed.

Work at the power plant had not been suspended during the labour trouble as the permanent staff, aided by some sixty Russian strike-breakers, kept the service running. The plant itself was continually guarded by French Police, with an armoured car in attendance at all hours.

More Changes of Japanese Diplomats

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

Mr. Motoharu Shichida, Counsellor to the Japanese Embassy in Moscow, and Mr. Shoshiro Sato, Counsellor to the Japanese Embassy in Rio de Janeiro, have, upon their own requests, been relieved of their offices. a Foreign Office communique issued today announced. Mr. Hiroshi Kawamura, Japanese Consul-General at Hamburg, has also been relieved of his office upon his own request, the communique added.—Domei.

Americans Stirred by Mr. Churchill's Broadcast

"Terrific," Listeners Comment in Greeting "Stick It Out" Speech; Vichy Impressed

Washington, Oct. 22.

"HE was terrific," an American told Reuter after listening to the stirring language of Mr. Winston Churchill's appeal to France last night.

The British Prime Minister always commands an audience of many millions of Americans and most of them must have been listening to him.

His references to Premier Mussolini evoked much amusement and his general confidence brought renewed relief to those Americans who wonder at the spirit and courage being shown by the British people and how long they can stand air raids.

Mr. Churchill's insistence that Britain will "stick it out" was welcomed everywhere.—Reuter.

Vichy Impressed

Vichy, Oct. 22.

The French Government was impressed by the "different" tone of British Prime Minister Winston Churchill's radio address to the French nation last night.

The United Press learned through a telephone check of scattered points throughout France today that Mr. Churchill's English version was heard clearly throughout France, but that the French translation was completely jammed by artificial static.

Official reaction was that the "striking feature of Mr. Churchill's speech is above all a tone notably different from his previous speeches. He abstained from all insults of France and the French Government. Nor was there any allusion to De-Gaulle or to his adherents.

Frankness Noted

"Mr. Churchill did not hide the severe punishment German bombers have been inflicting on London and damages submarine warfare is causing his fleet, but he reaffirmed his determination to continue resistance," officials said.

"After having singled out in his habitual manner Hitler and Mussolini, Churchill put the blame on Germany for responsibility of English aggressions against the French fleet and Empire.

"Visibly confused, he skipped quickly over the latter point as if he tried to hide it and as if he wanted to avoid a comparison, which would not be to the advantage of his policy, of his language of the moment and hostile acts of yesterday," they asserted.

The only other comment was that nothing thus far in the exchange of views between Governments lends the slightest credence to Mr. Churchill's statement that Italy claims Corsica, Nice and Savoy, as well as a share in the rest of the French Empire.—United Press.

British Statement

London, Oct. 22.

The British Government is buying as much aviation petrol, as possible from the Dutch East Indies although no measures to interfere with the negotiations between the Japanese Government and oil companies in Dutch territory in the southern Pacific have yet been made, according to a statement by British Government circles today.

As Britain is not at war with Japan, it is impossible for her to obstruct commercial transactions in general with the Dutch oil companies, the statement declared.

Since Japan is suffering from embargoes of aviation petrol from the United States and there is no export of aviation petrol from the British Empire to Japan, the question rather concerns the United States and the Netherlands East Indies, the statement concluded.—Domei.

Uruguay Also Seeks Over-Age Destroyers

Rearmament Programme Orders Going to U.S.

Montevideo, Uruguay, Oct. 22.

The Uruguay Minister of War, General Juiola Roletti, today announced that conversations were under way with the United States for the purchase of over-age destroyers.

He added that the major part of the arms, ammunition and planes contemplated in the Uruguayan rearmament programme would be purchased from the United States.

Orders for such arms and munitions would be placed with the United States as soon as the two Uruguayan members of the South American military mission returned from the United States, he said.—United Press.

Remains of Soviet Sea Victims Recovered

Hakodate, Oct. 22.

Ten months after they perished when the Soviet steamer Indigirka sank off Kishibetsu, on the western shore of Hokkaido, the remains of six victims of the wreck were handed over to the local Soviet Consulate by the Foreign Affairs Section at Hakodate yesterday.

The skeletons of the remaining victims were recently found and brought to Shomyoji Temple in Hakodate from Kishidetsu Beach, pending their handing over to the Soviet authorities. The ss. Indigirka foundered on December 12, 1939 with the loss of 716 lives.—Domei.

Radio Competition Over XCDN Tonight

As announced in the "North-China Daily News" on Monday, XCDN will tonight broadcast a puzzle competition in which all listeners are invited to take part. Two prizes, each to the value of $50, will be given to the first lady and the first gentleman to send the correct results to XCDN, Room 424, Cathay Hotel.

The competition has been arranged by XCDN's weekly magazine "Radio Flash" and in addition to the prizes mentioned above, six free subscriptions to the magazine for a period of six months will be given to the six runners-up in the competition.

Sea Losses Exaggerated

London, Oct. 22.

While Germany claims to have sunk 122,041 tons of shipping during the week ended October 13, the Admiralty announced today, actual losses were only 63,265 tons gross. Details of the losses are: British 32,370; Allied, 17,537; neutral, 13,358.—Reuter.

Navy Families to Leave Philippines

Evacuation of Dependents To Cover Entire Orient; Adm. Yarnell's Orders

Manila, Oct. 22.

Wives and dependents of United States Navy personnel in the entire Orient, including the Philippines, will be evacuated from the Orient, Admiral Thomas C. Hart, Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, announced here today.

Admiral Hart said the evacuation would take a considerable time because of the lack of commercial shipping facilities in the Orient.

Evacuation from the Philippines is not due to any special developments, Admiral Hart said, but merely because the Navy is unable to discriminate between personnel stationed anywhere in the Orient.

Approximately 1000 Navy dependents in the Philippines are eligible for evacuation, it is estimated. Some quarters suggested that the evacuation decision was the result of increased patrol duties which may keep Navy husbands at sea for abnormal lengths of time.

Admiral Hart said Navy dependents will be evacuated at government expense.

A spokesman for the United States Army here said there would be no evacuation from the Philippines of Army dependents at the present time.—United Press.

Evacuation Rates Not Fixed

San Francisco, Oct. 22.

Officials of the Matson Line state that rates have not yet been definitely fixed for the liners Monterey and Mariposa which are going to help evacuate Americans from China. The State Department fixes rates in times of such emergency, they said.—Reuter.

Tientsin Response Small

Tientsin, Oct. 22.

Only about 90 Americans in the Tientsin area have indicated their wish to evacuate within the next few months, it is learned from official American sources. Altogether there are about 700 United States nationals resident in the Tientsin area.—Reuter.

First Ship Next Week

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

The liner Monterey is arriving at Yokohama on October 29 and taking aboard 425 American citizens wishing to evacuate, as well as their alien wives and minor children, the United States Consul-General announces.

The vessel is proceeding to Shanghai where she is due on November 1 to embark more passengers. The Monterey will then sail for Australia and New Zealand before returning to the United States.

The liner Mariposa is due in Shanghai on November 11, and will probably proceed to Chinwangtao to embark Americans from North China and Korea, then to Kobe for additional evacuees from Japan. The Mariposa has accommodation of 1,100 passengers.—Reuter.

The King Sees Lothian And Churchill

London, Oct. 22.

Lord Lothian, British Ambassador to the United States, was received by the King today.

His Majesty also received Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, who remained to lunch.—Reuter.

Grunzpan to Be Tried In Berlin

Vichy, Oct. 22.

The Polish Jew Grunzpan, who assassinated Herr von Rath, counsellor of the German Embassy, in Paris on November 18, 1938, is being sent to Berlin for trial.—Reuter.

U.S. Red Cross Aids Raid Victims

Washington, Oct. 22.

The American Red Cross, it is learned here, has made available £336,000 for homeless air-raid victims in London.—Reuter.

Policeman Killed by Colleagues

Unfortunate Accident After Armed Robbery

A most unfortunate shooting mistake occurred last night near Shanse Road when Mr. Ching Deh-shun, a Chinese detective attached to the Central Police Station was fatally shot by colleagues, who were chasing armed robbers. Mr. Ching, who was in plain-clothes was mistaken for a robber, when he drew his pistol and his colleagues from another station, running on the other side of the street shot him, thinking that he was one of the robbers, who had victimized a watch shop in Hoopeh Road. Mr. Ching died later in the Lester Chinese Hospital, having been shot once through his head. All the robbers escaped with the loot.

Mr. Ching was one of the members of a search party sent out by the Central police. When the party was nearing Shanse Road several suspicious men were seen running in the street and Mr. Ching drew out his pistol, believing the men to be armed robbers. It so happened, however, that another police party from another station was hot on the trail of three robbers who, a few minutes before (at about 7.30 p.m.) had robbed a watch shop at 230 Hoopeh Road of 49 watches and more than $1,000 in notes. Two of the men were armed.

The desperadoes were secretly followed by a shop assistant after the crime. The shop assistant informed some officers near Shanse Road of the crime, who took up the chase. While the police were chasing the men the police search party happened to be in the vicinity and when Mr. Ching saw that some men were running he produced his service pistol. His colleagues on the other side of the street at once fired, mistaking him for a robber.

Army Fliers Missing In California

Monterey, Cal., Oct. 22.

U.S. Army and Navy fliers yesterday continued their search for an Army Air Corps Reserve plane which left Oakland Saturday morning for Monterey but never arrived.

The missing ship carried Lieutenant Volney Stiles, pilot, and Lieutenant Nathan Samuels, observer.—United Press.

Anti-Foreign Feeling Manifested in Swatow

U.S. Naval Ships Anchor Off Swatow, Amoy

Hongkong, Oct. 22.

Anti-American and anti-British sentiment has been manifested in Swatow through posters in the city's streets, the "Wah Kiu Yat Po," reported today.

Thirty-five American women and children were proceeding from Swatow to Hongkong today en route to America. This was the second contingent to leave the city during the present emergency.

Four United States naval ships stood off Swatow and two more off Amoy, where the streets are plastered with posters demanding retrocession of the Kulangsu International Settlement to China, the Chinese journal asserted.

The agitation for retrocession of Kulangsu is said to be a result of pending American evacuation coupled with the British army withdrawal from China.—United Press.

Spanish Envoy Leaves Berlin

Vichy, Oct. 22.

General Monteros, Spanish Ambassador in Berlin, has arrived in Madrid from Berlin by plane.—Reuter.

Allenburys Pastilles keep the throat free from winter troubles, and children love the blackcurrant flavour.

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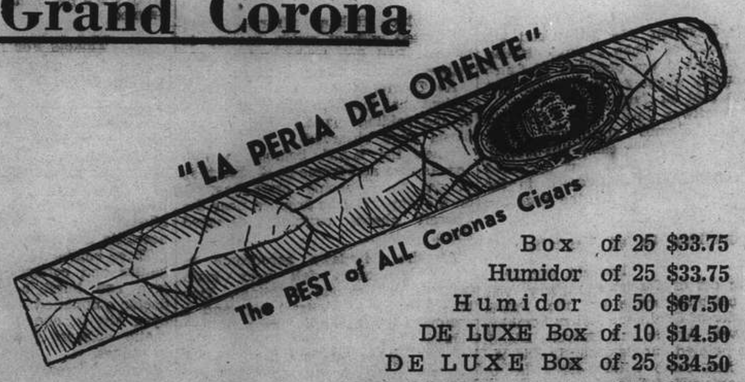

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American Evacuation Plans Still Uncertain

Assistance in Meeting Cost of Fare Expected From Government; Anxiety Felt by Residents

IN a city buzzing with rumour and guess-work about American evacuation scheme and alarm at the reported price of passage the facts as they stand at the moment were definitely ascertained from the officials in Shanghai who are in charge of evacuation plans. Fares for the Monterey and Mariposa have been fixed at U.S.$395 from Shanghai to the Pacific Coast while the journey in the Washington will cost U.S.$450. As far as fares are concerned there will be only one class but those who must sleep on cots will be charged U.S.$50 less than the standard fare. These prices were quoted yesterday by an official of the American President Lines which is acting as agent for the three evacuation ships. These are the fares set by the owners of the ships, the Matson Line and the United States Line.

What arrangements will be made for the many Americans unable to pay the full fare is not yet known. Both collectively and individually, Americans in the Far East have been sending messages to Washington asking that something be done about the fares. The committees of the American Association and the U.S. Chamber of Commerce here have also been active in this direction but as yet, according to a Consular official, no indication of the Government's intentions has been received here, with regard to the financing of those unable to pay for their own evacuation. The Consular official anticipated that some arrangement would be made as was done in 1937 when funds were provided to send Americans to Manila and even to send some to the United States. He added that in evacuating Americans from Europe recently, the government had not allowed financial embarrassment to bar evacuation, taking many passengers who were unable to pay any part of their fares.

Assistance Expected

In view of the fact that a fairly large percentage of Americans here cannot pay the prices stipulated and the present agitation that the situation be mitigated somehow, it was expected in informed quarters here that Government assistance would be forthcoming.

The Monterey is due in Shanghai on November 1 after reaching Yokohama about October 30. The fare from Shanghai to San Francisco will be U.S. $395 for cabin accommodation or U.S.$345 for a cot. It is estimated that this ship, like the Mariposa, can carry about 1100 passengers with cots placed in public rooms, etc. It was emphasized yesterday that there will be no other classes or fares on this ship.

A long interesting trip is in store for those in the Monterey for she will sail from Shanghai to San Francisco via Manila, Sydney, Auckland, Suba, Pago Pago, and Honolulu, a journey requiring over thirty days.

With regard to the Mariposa, the route and time are not yet definitely fixed but she will come to Shanghai and Chingwangtao and the fares to the Pacific Coast will be the same as those in the Monterey.

The ss. Washington of the United States Line is due in the Orient about November 19, being now on the way from New York via the Panama Canal, the Pacific Coast, and Hawaii. She has only first class passage accommodation, it was stated yesterday by the agents in Shanghai, and the fare from here to the Pacific Coast will be U.S.$450. The fare will be the same for the most luxurious rooms and the least attractive.

List Now 4,000

The evacuation waiting list of Americans, it was stated yesterday, still stands at about 4,000. Most of these people want tourist class berths or accommodation which is cheaper than first class. The President Lines' steamers have long been booked from four to six months ahead.

The sister ship of the ss. Washington, the Manhattan, may or may not come to the Far East. No advice on the use of the Manhattan has reached Shanghai officials handling evacuation matters.

Since the Monterey and the Mariposa can each carry a capacity load of about 1,100 passengers and the Washington can take about 1,700 when really crowded, these three vessels may account for nearly 4,000. It is known that the Washington took 1,700 evacuees from Europe.

Local Committees Meet

The joint meeting of the committees of the American Association and the American Chamber of Commerce was help yesterday at the American Club for the purpose of giving further consideration to the problems involved in the evacuation of Americans from China. In this connection it is learned that every effort is being made by those organizations to secure as speedily as possible the adoption of suitable plans to enable Americans to follow their Government's advice to leave China at this time.

To this end cables have been sent to the State Department, Washington, urging that ample accommodation in all classes be provided at regular trans-Pacific rates with special low rates for transportation on household goods, and that financial assistance be given to evacuees when necessary. It is further learned that evacuation problems are being given first consideration by the American Association and American Chamber of Commerce Committees and that they hope to be able to issue in the near future a statement giving definite information that a satisfactory plan has been adopted.

Treasurers of Mission Testify

Counsel Declare Evidence Called to Throw Cloud of Suspicion Over Accused

Three treasurers of local missions gave evidence before Mr. C. H Haines, Registrar, in H. M. Police Court yesterday at the adjourned hearing of the examination of P. J. MacKellar, former travel department manager of the American Express Company alleged to have embezzled more than U.S.$5,000 belonging to his employers. The case was adjourned till this morning after the prosecution had intimated that eight or nine more witnesses would be called.

Mr. E. S. Burket, the first witness, said he was a treasurer of the Associated Mission Treasurers, 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, and was in charge of all trans-Pacific bookings of the Mission. He was appointed in February and entered the field in March last and was acting mission treasurer relieving Mr. W. R. Taylor.

Bookings he said were made by direct telephone wire from his desk to MacKellar's desk at the American Express Company. Witness said he always dealt with MacKellar and payments for passages were made against debit notes of the American Express, made out to the Mission, containing details of passage and bearing the stamp of the company and initialled to show its authenticity. The debit note would be referred to the treasurer of the mission concerned for payment. Each mission had its own treasurer in the office. Witness added that the payment would be made to his department for transmission to the American Express and he would personally check payments with debit notes of the American Express.

Counsel Protests

Continuing, witness said receipts were not always received. At this junction Mr. H. A. Reeks for the defence challenged the admissibility of the last statement unless the prosecution was prepared to specify what receipts were not received, otherwise, counsel argued, the prosecution was calling evidence to form a cloud of suspicion around the accused.

Witness went on to say that he did not receive any receipts last summer and first noticed the absence of the receipts after a large remittance had been made covering many payments sent in a letter to the company on July 16.

The next witness, Mr. G. V. Fuller, a treasurer of the Methodist Episcopal Mission, gave evidence regarding payments to the American Express Company for passage and told the court that he had never received receipted debit notes.

Similar evidence was given by Mr. H. M. Smith, a treasurer of the Associated Mission Treasurers. Questioned on one account, he said he had sent a draft to Mr. Burket for transmission to the American Express Company. Cross-examined, he said the draft was payable to the American Express Company or order. He added that he never gave much thought to whether receipted debit notes from American Express Company came back to him or not. He thought he had made out the draft in such a way that only an official of the company could cash it.

Heavy Sentences for Notorious Robbers

Took Part in No Less Than Nineteen Crimes

Prison terms ranging between five and nine years were meted out yesterday by the First Special District Court to four notorious robbers who had confessed taking part in no less than 19 crimes since June of this year. Two pistols used by the gang were confiscated.

Li Ah-min, leader of the gang drew nine years while Fang Sun-nien, eight years, Chang Kuo-liang was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment and Hui Han-cheng, five years' imprisonment.

Among the important crimes mentioned in court was the one committed on August 17 in Mr. Chu Peh-ho's home at 614 Nanking Road. In that case, the men ran away with more than $10 000 worth of jewellery. On August 27 they victimized another person in the Hardoon Building also in Nanking Road to the extent of $4,000.

Suspected Robbers in District Court

A worker was charged yesterday in the First Special District Court with robbery in which he and his accomplice, who is at large, were alleged to have stolen a watch and a cloth cap from a Mr. Woo near Love Lane on Monday night. Hearing was adjourned for a week. It was revealed in court that accused was arrested almost red-handed. Accused and his accomplice waylaid Mr. Woo and his wife, who were taking a walk, and, producing an imitation pistol, they tried to rob them. They were frightened but before they ran away after an alarm had been raised they took the watch and cloth cap. A Sikh policeman took up the chase resulting in accused being arrested. His accomplice fled.

Japanese Intensify Searches

Precautions Now Taken in Nantao; Wave of Murders To Be Stopped

The intensified man-hunt and extra-precautions started by Japanese authorities in Shanghai following in the wake of an assassination wave in which the Chinese mayor of the city régime in Kiangwan and three Japanese army officers have lost their lives, have now extended to Nantao where strict searches have been made by the military, causing much inconvenience to native city residents.

Since Monday morning, numerous people have been prevented from entering Nantao through the iron gates separating the French Concession from the native district because they did not possess or forgot to carry "citizen's certificates." The certificate regulations have been loosely carried out for some time past but recent assassinations, all committed in occupied areas in Shanghai, have caused the Japanese to take strict precautions in Hongkew, extra-Settlement road areas, and Chinese territory.

It was revealed yesterday that people living in and near Yu Yuen Road in the extra-Settlement road area had been blockaded for three days following the recent shooting of a Japanese gendarme officer there and that only after delegates of residents there had petitioned the gendarmerie, were the Chinese allowed to go out to buy foodstuffs.

Meanwhile, no exact motive has been disclosed in regard to Shanghai's new crime wave in occupied areas and actual killers have not yet been arrested. Although suspects have been detained in connection with the Mayor's murder the actual killer, his own old servant, is still wanted and his photograph was still published yesterday by the "Sin Shun Pao" together with the reward notice.

So strict were the precautions taken by the Japanese that the road leading to the Country Hospital was barricaded last night, making it impossible for motor cars or ambulances to go through. Negotiations, however, later resulted in the barricades being removed shortly before 8 p.m. after the road had been closed for more than an hour. Late last night it was learned that a structure in Great Western Road near the hospital was still barricaded.

Amah Lets Robbers Into House

Gang Caught by French Police After Alarm

An amah who led a robber gang to victimize her own mistress has just been sentenced to five years' imprisonment by the Second Special District Court. She is Chu Wu-sze. She was charged with armed robbery in which her common law husband, who was shot dead by the police, and two other persons, a man and his common law wife, took part. The latter couple have also been sentenced, drawing two years and six months each. The court has confiscated an imitation pistol used by the gang.

The 26-year old amah started her criminal career on September 23 at about 4 a.m. when she led the robber gang to attack Mrs. Tseng Liang-sze, a rich Cantonese woman living at 16 Ching Yung Li, Route Lorton. Some hours before the crime she allowed her common law husband and the two other sentenced persons to hide in her mistress's house. Armed with an imitation pistol, the robbers went to the upstairs sleeping room of the mistress and at the point of the gun they obtained a gold watch, two gold rings, a bundle of clothes and $115 in notes.

Things went smoothly in favour of the desperadoes until they neglected to take a note of the mistress's son who slipped away while the gang was intimidating his mother. The young man telephoned to the French police from a neighbour's house which he entered by climbing over the drying stage.

Apparently there was ample time for the officers to answer the call for when the robbers were leaving the place they found the police awaiting them at the front door. The amah's husband, who carried the imitation pistol, was shot dead while other members of the gang were rounded up.

Gang of Pickpockets Arrested

Koo Vung-tien, a dismissed policeman formerly attached to the French police, was brought before the First Special District Court as a co-defendant with four other persons alleged to belong to a pickpocket gang operating in Avenue Edward VII and other places mostly in the French Concession. Hearing was postponed for a week pending further investigations.

Koo was dismissed as a policeman long ago and later became acquainted with pickpockets whose spoils he wanted to share under threat of reporting their activities to the police. One of the other accused was arrested soon after he had taken away more than $100 from a pedestrian in Rue Kraetzer. Another accused denied that he had anything to do with pickpockets, but he was said to be an ex-convict. The other two men were alleged by the prosecution to be professional pickpockets operating on Bus Route No. 9.

Funeral of Mayor Fu Set for Monday

A spokesman of the Municipal Council stated yesterday that the Council had not been officially requested by the authorities of the Municipality of Greater Shanghai to allow the funeral cortege of the late Mayor Fu Siao-en to traverse the Settlement on Monday. In consequence, he explained, the Council had not rendered any official decision in the matter. It was reported that the extra Settlement authorities contemplate having the procession pass along Nanking Road.

The report went on to say that the cortege would leave the residence of the mayor on Scott Road for the Kiangwan Civic Centre, whence it will proceed along Dixwell Road and turn into Broadway, cross the Garden Bridge and turn into Nanking Road before proceeding down Bubbling Well Road, ending at the Chaofeng Funeral Hall on Yu Yuen Road.

Alex

A good companion has gone from amongst us, an unassuming, staunch and warmhearted friend. He gave all he could to the job in hand, and was at his best when the going was tough. A grand partner, a doughty and a generous opponent, one who would always "go for the green." In the places where men foregather we shall miss him, and we shall remember him. Farewell Alex.—"Thou hast been very pleasant unto me."—W.C.B.

FUNERAL

Mr. Alexander Henderson

The funeral of Mr. Alexander Henderson took place yesterday afternoon at Bubbling Well Cemetery following his sudden death which occurred on Saturday last. Mr. Henderson came out to Hongkong after the World War, in which he served with the 6th Manchesters in Gallipoli and Egypt. In Hongkong he joined the staff of Messrs. Bradley & Co. but after three months was transferred to Shanghai, where, in June, 1936, following the amalgamation of Messrs. Reiss & Co. and Bradley & Co., he formed his own firm of Messrs. Alex. Henderson & Co., importers and exporters.

Mr. Henderson was a very popular member of the British community. He served for some years with the Shanghai Scottish S.V.C., and was a member of the United Services Association. He was also a member of the Masonic Body in Shanghai, the Shanghai Club, Country Club and the Hungjao and Seekingjao Golf Clubs. Mr. Henderson leaves a wife and daughter.

The funeral was attended by Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Porter, who represented the family. The Rev. C. Wilfred Allan of the Union Church was the officiating clergyman.

On the casket, which was draped with the Union Jack, rested a beautiful sheaf from Grace and a cross from Marion. In lieu of flowers it was requested that donations be sent to St. Andrew's Society or to British War Funds, but wreaths were received from the following, among others:—

Betty, Auntie, The President, Committee and all members of the Shanghai Golf Club, Cyril and Elizabeth, Victor and Mabel, Leslie and "Woodie," Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Sheridan, Lewis, David and James, St. Andrew's Society of Shanghai Mr. and Mrs. P. Watkinson, Winnie Stanley, Winifred Barbara, Bertie and Helen, Marubeni Shoten, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Percival, Mr. and Mrs. K. W. Johnstone, Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd., Derek, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. M. Terrace, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Young, The Shanghai Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd., May and William E. O'Hara, British United Services Association of Shanghai, Jean McConnell, Stella, Bil and your Godson Anthony Jess and "Brownie," H. S. Openshaw, Mr. J. Fane Brister, Phyl and Bertie, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Cleland, Mr. N Kanbe, Staff of Wakamura Yoko, Dr. T. K. Tsao, Mr. Y. Y. Moo, Mr. H. F. Wong, Mr. L. C. Sung, Mr. Lee Tong, Wah Foo Tai and Co., Cheng Hong Nee, Chinese Staff of Alex. Henderson & Co.

The funeral arrangements were carried out under the direction of Messrs. Thomas Macdonald & Co.

Travellers Seek to Go By Burma Route

Advice Issued on Currency, Passports

While Shanghai goods are being rushed to the Chungking-controlled interior through the newly reopened Burma route there are apparently also many people who want to travel by the same route since the Passport Visa Bureau of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chungking in Hongkong has notified Shanghai people of necessary regulations to be carried out to guarantee an uneventful trip.

The Hongkong's bureau's announcement was given prominence in all leading Chinese dailies here yesterday, urging those who want to travel to the interior to ask for guidance in the Hongkong bureau. Shanghai people wishing to obtain passports in Rangoon are asked to make inquiries with the China Travel Service and then obtain the necessary documents from the Ministry's office in Hongkong.

Shanghai travellers are particularly warned against carrying Bank of England notes with them while travelling to and in Burma, where a traveller is allowed to carry only £10 in such notes. Those who carry more such notes than officially allowed may be subjected to confiscation. The reports reveal that excepting notes carried by travellers from India, no other travellers are allowed to carry more than £10 in such notes. importation of which into England has been forbidden.

Mr. Tateki Horiuchi, Japanese Consul-General here, was inaugurated as President of the Shanghai Branch of the Japanese Naval Association at ceremonies held on the roof of the headquarters of the Japanese Special Naval Landing Party on Kiangwan Road on Sunday morning. Among those present at the meeting were; Rear-Admiral Masao Kanazawa, newly-appointed Chief Japanese Resident Naval Officer; Rear-Admiral Seiji Takeda, Commander of the Naval Landing Party; Mr. Yutaro Hanawa, Vice-President of the Association and Mr. Chiyosaku Fukuda, President of the Japanese Residents' Corporation.

Attempt to Clear Widler Made

Documents Produced by Japanese Authorities to S.M.P. Officer

The U.S.$100,000 theft of copper coins and bars, which brought "Elly" Widler once again into the spotlight and resulted in the arrest of Wilhelm Bender and two Chinese accomplices, took another aspect as documents, proving that the metal was removed from the Commercial Express Company godown, were shown to Mr. H. G. Nelson and Superintendent G. J. Bennett of the Shanghai Municipal Police by the Japanese military authorities at their Headquarters yesterday. The documents, it is alleged, showed that the removal had been carried out for "political reasons" on the responsibility of the Japanese authorities.

This move, it is believed, has been made with a view of freeing Widler and Bender of all the responsibility in connection with the theft, which according to Widler was only confiscation of enemy property.

Although this development may seem to some as a move to force the police to release Bender, it was definitely learned that the S.M.P. contemplated no such move and that Bender would be detained for the duration of the investigations. Widler's boast that Bender, who was arrested at his home in Hongkew last week, would be free by October 25 was explained as "his latest bravado," which will have little effect on the investigations now being carried out by the police.

So far, however, the warrant issued by the Swiss Consulate-General in Shanghai for the arrest of Widler has not been withdrawn

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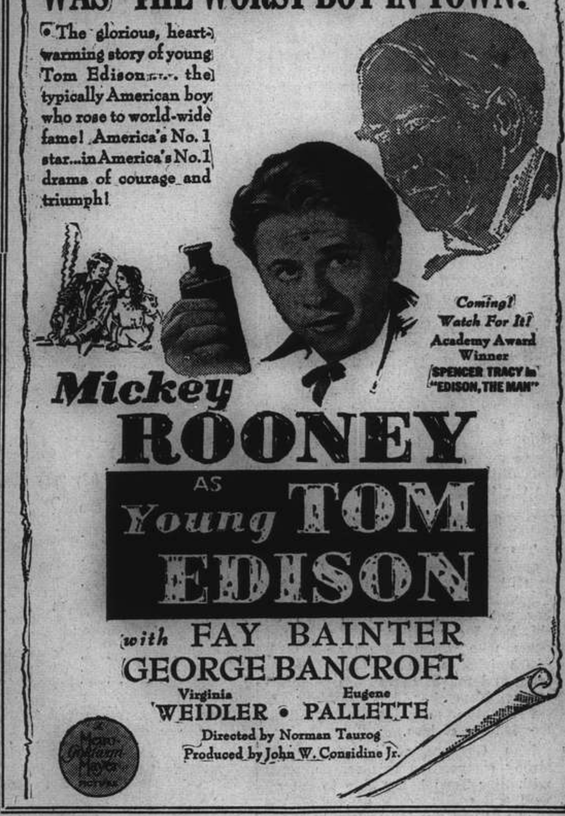

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Constance Moore—Eddie Quillan

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Open Until 4 a.m.

The Kulpa Sisters

CASANOVA BALLROOM

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Here's luck!

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EWO LAGER

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"The King of Beers", is brewed to suit the taste of those who demand quality. It has gained a universal reputation amongst connoisseurs of a fine drink.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL COMPRADORES

THE SPORTS PAGE

Pointers for Punters

Stable Gossip From On and Off the Track

I THINK I am right in saying that the uppermost thought the minds of all race fans is the Autumn Champions, and after last Saturday's races the Champions is in some inexplicable manner synchronized with Cluniehouse. This may not be so inexplicable when we come to think of it, as the qualification of Cluniehouse was in every sense of the word, impressive. Notwithstanding the fact that he passed the post five lengths ahead of his nearest rival, Corps Cavalry, an unquestionable mudlarker and the conqueror of Hindhead, and that the course was heavy indeed, he came home on practically a tight rein.

The Jockey Room Pool took only three winners to swipe the pool and a fellow contemporary, Eric Cumine, who catches his readers weekly with his selections, was nearly a hundred dollars weather at the end of the day, or may be less after deducting the cost of one round of drinks and the customary cumshaws.

Sore Spot with Allman

Last week's pool I am informed is rather a sore spot with the polo-playing "Jockey" Allman who also had three wins in his list but nosed out of money by a place. He would have had four winners, it seems, but a last minute consultation with Striker proved to be his undoing as the latter advised him to put in Busted Straight instead of Cluniehouse, which he said was not starting. From what I hear Allman is not the only "sucker" but it seems that Striker convinced himself that Cluniehouse was not starting and selected Busted Straight for race in his own selection in the Pool.

There were quite a few "sudden come-backs" last week and dividends struck a higher trend but still no rank outsider has yet managed to escape the eagle eye of the keen racing public of today and the best return recorded to date this season was that of Downside who paid $88. Downside, it will be recalled, was the second leg of Mr. A. H. George's double. The first being Larne, who finally showed out his true colours to finish the popular Silver Fox after a good honest-to-goodness, neck-and-neck race.

Fine Racing Next Week

We should see some fine racing this week as there are two races in which a good crop of first raters have entered. The sprinters have a three quarter mile race, while the stayers have a nine furlong event. Among those entered in the nine furlong race is Cluniehouse who will have to carry a three pound penalty but he will probably not be bothered by it at all, and from very close stable connections I hear that he is going to better his performance of last week and win by ten lengths this Saturday. Others entered are Cordon Rouge, the old favourite, Vim, Joylight, Merrylight and Rain. Rain is the most dangerous competitor to Cluniehouse.

Vim is also entered in the three quarter mile race but it is probable that he will start in the longer race. In this race he will have to meet such well-known sprinters as White Night, Rye, Frontylight, Cherrylight. Rain is also entered here. White Night will have to carry six pounds extra for his win ten days ago but at this distance he may still be able to do the trick.

$10,000 to $2,000 Offer

There are quite a few people wondering whether "Sammy" Judah is still offering Cluniehouse for the Champions at $10,000 to $2,000. If he has not found anyone to take on this bet, I can easily find a round dozen who would even take 3 to 1. If Cluniehouse can only maintain his form and repeat Saturday's performance on November 13—Champions day—I cannot see anything coming within five lengths of him.

Man O'Strength may find some strong competition this season, what with Star Turn being able to get off well and really crack off time. His time of 2.05.1 for the mile was really good going when taking into consideration the heaviness of the course and top his performance he came home well in 28.3.

Costumes of the 1912 period had to be made for Fredric March, Betty Field and other leading players in Paramount's filmization of Joseph Conrad's "Victory," but the navies didn't have to be fitted. They wore the same type of clothes then that they do now.

Cates Basketball League Games

"A" Company, U.S.M.C., defeated "E" Company in an encounter in the Cates Basketball League at the Navy Y.M.C.A. by 31 to 28 yesterday, thus forcing the losers into the second berth in the league standings.

The winners, who are the defending champions, relied mainly on the ability of Cook and Jenkins, who scored 12 field-goals between themselves, thus accounting for 24 of the 31 points scored.

In the other two games of the evening the Motor Transport Company defeated the Service Company by 32-14 in a spirited second-half rally, in which they netted a total of 16 points to their opponents' four, and Headquarters 2nd routed "D" Company by 33-20, also gaining the majority of their points in the final stanza.

Box-scores follow:—

"A" Coy. 31; "E" Coy. 28

"A" Company

	fg.	ft.	pf.	pts.
Jenkins	5	2	3	12
Ezard	0	0	0	0
Cook	7	0	0	14
Kopacz	0	0	2	0
Penick	1	3	1	5
	13	5	5	31

"E" Company

Johnson	1	0	3	2
Propravak	3	0	0	6
Anderson	1	0	4	2
Mullington	1	1	1	3
Petrozzi	3	1	0	7
Mann	4	0	1	8
	13	2	9	28

1st half: "A" Coy. 17; 2nd half: 14.
1st half: "E" Coy. 5; 2nd half: 23.

Transport Coy. 32; Service Coy. 14

Transport Company

Lucht	5	1	0	11
Sutton	1	0	0	2
Jurkovic	0	0	0	0
Burch	7	0	2	14
Malnar	2	0	0	4
Heldt	0	0	0	0
Walden	0	1	1	1
Morril	0	0	1	0
	15	2	4	32

Service Company

Alexander	2	1	1	5
Smith	0	1	0	1
Newsome	0	0	3	0
Coffin	0	0	0	0
Stokley	2	0	1	4
Patterson	2	0	1	4
	6	2	6	14

Transport Coy.: 1st half 16, 2nd half 16.
Service Coy.: 1st half 10; 2nd half 4.

Headquarters 2nd 33; "D" Coy. 20

Hdq. 2nd

Stokes	3	0	1	6
Nawolczyk	4	2	1	10
Carr	6	3	2	15
Drew	0	0	0	0
Dingwell	1	0	0	2
	14	5	3	33

"D" Company

Estes	0	0	0	0
Coleman	1	0	2	2
Dodd	0	0	0	0
Klusendorf	7	1	1	15
Myrick	1	0	2	2
McClaaf	0	0	0	0
Dunlap	0	1	0	1
	9	2	5	20

Hdq. 2nd: 1st half 13; 2nd half 20.
"D" Coy.: 1st half 12; 2nd half 8.

Most Coveted Trophy in English Football

In pre-war England, professional and amateur football drew crowds of 11½ million spectators every Saturday afternoon. This picture shows the coveted football Cup—won last year by the Portsmouth team, who are seen here chairing their captain.

Yacht Club "C" Class Events Won by Daphne and Eileen

Close Finish for Second Place in Minghong Series; Eileen Sails Clean Through Fleet to Win Easily

"C" Class sailed off two events on Sunday, the 8th Ordinary Race from "Admiral Jellicoe" round Forts Buoy and back in the morning, and the 5th Minghong Series from "Admiral Jellicoe" to the Slipway in the afternoon. The latter event was substituted for the racing cancelled on September 1, due to bad weather.

On the way back it was practically impossible to pass the yacht ahead and the finishing order was much the same as at the mark, Daphne winning by 2 minutes from Catherine, and then Bridget and Eileen 6 minutes later, followed by Dorothy; then Sun Lee 12 minutes behind Dorothy and finally Zuleika and Mignonette just over ½ hour behind the winner.

8th Ordinary Race

	Time	Pts.
Daphne (Webb)	1.40.21	14¼
Catherine (Edmonds)	1.42.19	13
Bridget (Mann)	1.48.54	12
Eileen (Berents)	1.49.30	11
Dorothy (Riddell)	1.52.37	10
Sun Lee (Piper)	2.04.09	9
Mignonette (Carter)	2.12.38	8
Zuleika (Edelsten)	2.14.52	7

Minghong Series Spoilt by Rain

The 5th Minghong Series resail was spoilt by a heavy drizzle which began before the start at 2.40 and continued throughout. It was run the whole way except for the reach off Point Island and gybes were necessary at Jukong Wharf and Mollers' Wharf. Catherine got away well, followed by Daphne, Zuleika, Sun Lee and Bridget. Eileen was badly left, being next to last.

5th Minghong Series

	Time	Pts.
Eileen (Berents)	1.12.00	14¼
Zuleika (Edelsten)	1.13.13	13
Catherine (Edmonds)	1.42.19	13
Daphne (Webb)	1.13.45	11
Sun Lee (Piper)	1.15.12	10
Bridget (Mann)	1.15.28	9
Dorothy (Riddell)	1.19.30	8
Mignonette (Carter)	1.23.00	7

Zuleika's poor showing in the morning race cost her the Ordinary Races series which has been won by Daphne with a total of 98⅞ against Zuleika's 89⅝, Catherine being 3rd with 79¼.

Similarly Dorothy's failure in the afternoon seriously weakened her chances of winning the Minghong Series in which she had been leading hitherto. With the 8th Series still to sail on Sunday next the positions are at present:—

Daphne	69	Zuleika	55½
Dorothy	67⅝	Eileen	55½
Sun Lee	65⅝	Mignonette	38½
Bridget	60	Leda	37½
Catherine	59	Dragonfly	21½

Next week's racing being in two legs it is quite possible for Dorothy or Sun Lee (or even the next in order) to defeat Daphne's challenge.

Marines Prove Superiority In City Duck Pin Leagues

Al Huebner Returns Hight Triple of Day with Score Of 360; Records Bound to Fall If Standard is Held

THE City Duck Pin Leagues are now well under way as the Men's Division opened their fixtures last night with Al Huebner returning the high triple of the day with a score of 360. The Shanghai tennis champion, Lew Carson, was well to the fore but, unfortunately, was on the losing team.

The Marines, on the whole, proved their superiority despite the fact that they were divided into several aggregations. The U.S.M.C., took the odd game from the American Club when the team in the first game all returned a score over the century mark.

Records are bound to fall this season if the players maintain the standard displayed in the opening games.

The scores in detail follow:—

"A" Division

American Club (1) v. U.S.M.C. (2)
American Club

Robinson	97	118	82	297
Elliot	89	96	86	271
Gray III	103	115	99	317
Carson	91	110	113	314
Quinn	95	91	94	280
	475	530	474	1,479

U.S.M.C.

Smith	109	107	97	313
Morriss	108	107	110	325
Williams	104	93	100	297
Krencicki	100	106	89	295
Dolinsek	108	97	105	310
	529	510	501	1,540

C.C.C. (2) v. "Y" Lumberjacks (1)
C.C.C.

Kelly	88	83	86	257
Squires	119	98	110	327
Dalton	88	100	96	284
Huebner	117	128	115	360
C. Squires	96	89	102	287
	508	498	509	1,515

"Y" Lumberjacks

Swan	87	102	94	283
Ketz	106	91	95	292
Zelenick	85	117	92	294
Dobrenky	117	104	86	307
Maitland	105	118	110	333
	490	532	477	1,477

"B" Division (Pine Section)

"Y" Flukes (3) v. S.R.C. Spares (0)
"Y" Flukes

Karolitch	91	88	97	276
Petterson	88	94	97	279
Berkovitch	82	—	74	156
Bojesen	96	85	97	278
Madar	109	109	90	308
Brownlow	—	84	—	84
	466	460	465	1,381

S.R.C. Spares

Elliot	89	88	82	259
Brisk	90	90	87	267
Marshall	82	90	89	261
Senter	96	89	91	276
Piper	82	91	102	275
	439	448	451	1,338

American Club (2) v. U.S.M.C. Greens (1)
American Club

Conrady	89	91	83	263
Thomson	94	92	94	280
Ferry	93	97	106	296
Janssen	84	96	85	265
Mortimer	85	93	89	267
	445	469	459	1,373

U.S.M.C. Greens

Wagener	83	—	—	83
Reper	102	91	83	276
Cinflor	109	85	92	286
Basiel	87	86	79	252
Augustine	—	94	101	195
Richardson	100	83	72	255
	481	439	427	1,347

Marines Officers (2) v. U.S.M.C. Blues (1)
Marine Officers

Kuhn	97	128	94	319
Feeney	107	111	103	321
Pickup	111	89	85	285
Bennett	94	96	83	273
Uhlinger	84	115	96	295
	493	539	461	1,493

U.S.M.C. Blues

Brooks	79	80	85	244
Keegan	97	110	104	311
Boze	74	90	86	250
Dingwall	100	90	92	282
Sos	84	92	101	277
	434	462	468	1,364

"B" Division (Maple Section)

S.R.C. Strikes (2) v. "Y" Luckies (1)
S.R.C. Strikes

Chantui	84	128	89	301
Ladd	95	88	98	281
Bojesen	92	83	76	251
Foyn	114	95	117	326
Cochran	92	84	114	290
	477	478	494	1,449

"Y" Luckies

Xavier	85	94	104	283
Cuthbert	92	92	92	276
Huggett	89	102	100	291
Eisenhut	98	86	113	297
Perry	89	95	99	283
	453	473	514	1,440

U.S.M.C. Reds (3) v. C.C.C. (0)
U.S.M.C. Reds

Mudry	105	111	112	328
Black	103	92	105	300
Myrick	96	76	94	266
Barton	99	100	109	308
Forsyth	103	101	96	300
	506	480	516	1,502

C.C.C.

Brown	70	94	118	282
Bunn	82	75	98	255
Gorman	98	94	93	285
James	92	102	94	288
Hebel	74	108	92	274
	416	473	495	1,384

U.S.M.C. Whites (3) v. A. Club (0)
U.S.M.C. Whites

Montwell	98	105	109	312
McClung	96	108	98	302
Gedicon	104	89	86	279
Terrell	118	101	116	335
Presanchik	102	103	86	291
	518	506	495	1,519

A. Club

Hubert	79	84	89	252
Dans	100	85	104	289
Cherp	81	94	86	261
Jensen	78	81	113	272
Heuser	86	84	100	270
	424	428	492	1,344

Australians Visit Racing Stable

By Kenneth Slesson

The love of Australians for a good horse is traditional. No doubt Mr. J. V. Rank, English flour millionaire, had this in mind when he issued an invitation to any members of the A.I.F. in Britain to visit his famous racing stables, Druid's Lodge, situated almost in the shadow of Stonehenge.

This was typical of the offers of hospitality which are being showered on Australian troops in Britain. Mr. Rank himself was unavoidably absent, but his trainer and manager, Mr. Cannon, took charge of the Australian party, which included Sergeant E. J. Pearce, and Sergeant J. D. Uren both good judges of a good horse.

Racing is almost at a standstill in England and in consequence more than a hundred horses representing the bluest blood in the stud-book are eating their heads off in the stables. Amongst them are untried youngsters by such sires as Solario, Blandford, Rhodes Scholar April the Fifth, and Hyperion. Other horses at present living a life of luxurious idleness include Southern Hero, Azam Pasha, Knight's Armour, Master Matty—half brother to Papyrus—and two horses by Bagpipe and Block Speck, by Black Watch from Punkah 3, an Australian dam.

The glamour boy of the collection is "The Druid," half brother to Scottish Union, who for Mr. Rank won the St. Leger and other famous races. The Druid is known by the racing world as "Rank's Folly." Mr. Rank bought it the day after Scottish Union won a big race, hearing that a half brother was to be auctioned. Mr. Rank instructed his agent to purchase The Druid, regardless of cost. The price paid was 13,000 guineas. Since then, the Druid has won only one race, and is unlikely to have a chance to win any more.

The stables are magnificently constructed with lawns, private training tracks, and a swimming pool. The horseboxes are of solid oak and glitter with polished brass. The place originally belonged to Mr. P. A. Cunliffe, and there is an iron grille across the entrance to the stableboys' quarters which Cunliffe used to padlock when he wanted to prevent information of a projected coup leaking out.

The last thing I heard before the party left was Sergeant Pearce informing a groom that there was a horse in Australia called Ajaz, which could also "Hobble around a bit."

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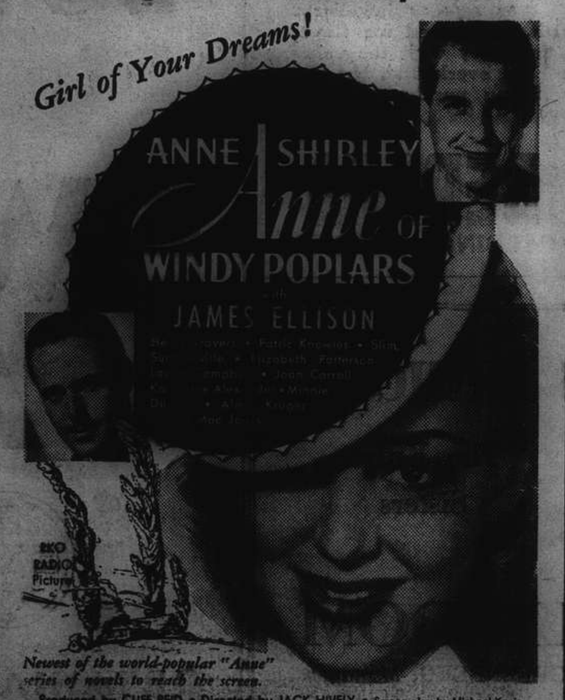

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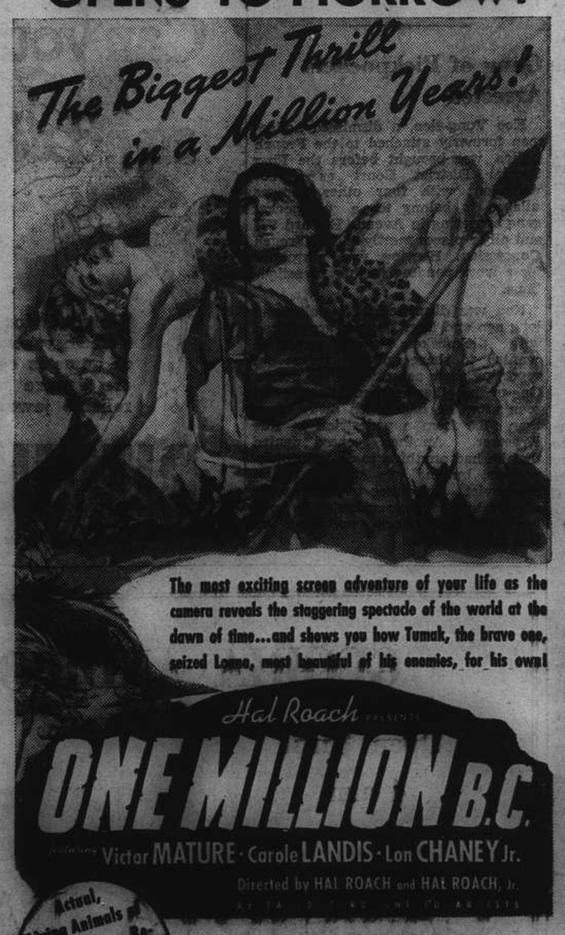

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Engineering Society History Reviewed by Speaker

Body Now Takes Important Position in Local World; Began Here at Critical Period

THE first meeting of the 1940-1941 session of the Engineering Society of China took place on Monday evening, at the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research, 1920 Avenue Road, when the newly elected President, Mr. N. W. B. Clarke, M. Eng., M. Inst. C.E., M.I. Struct. E. gave his inaugural address consisting of a brief history of the society with historical notes on the period of its formation 1901-1940.

In the course of his address Mr. Clarke said that a glance at the origin, growth and development of the society might perhaps guide and encourage them in the conduct of their present and future communal professional life in these dark and difficult days. The present times undoubtedly were unprecedented, yet today, despite all the troubles and difficulties of the past 40 years, they were representing a larger, better qualified, more widely experienced international group of engineers in China than ever before.

When Society was Founded

It might be of some interest and profit before considering the life of the society itself to glance at the conditions prevailing at time of the foundation in the world in general, and China and Shanghai in particular. In 1901, the Victorian Era, i.e., the expansive free trade phase of British history, was drawing to a close. There was what would now be regarded as a minor colonial war in progress in South Africa. France and Germany were anxiously watching each other and England's activities in Africa, and England and Japan were concerned about Russian penetration in Manchuria.

Although mechanical engineering had got well into its stride and railways were in their heyday, there were few internal combustion engines or motor vehicles, no aeroplanes or submarines, no radio or asphalt roads. Electric power, wireless telegraphs and reinforced concret were in their infancy as also were steam turbines. Empiricism was rapidly giving way to rational investigation and design and invention was prolific.

The technical press of the day was much concerned with electrical appliances, military equipment, especially guns, and the training and status of engineers in the Navy. The Trades Unions were becoming powerful and causing trouble and, as usual, every one groaned under "crushing" taxation.

Eventful Year

During this eventful year while the first British submarine was launched and the first turbine propelled merchant ship King Edward made 20.48 knots on her trials, in China the Empress Dowager wielded, tyrannical power and her extreme anti-foreigntism had encouraged the boxer anti-foreign outbreak in 1900. But the beginning of the century was also the beginning of a great expansive movement in China and the Boxer Protocol was in part the financial basis of subsequent engineering and commercial development.

Britain, Germany, Russia, Belgium, France and the U.S.A. were all interested in or actually building and operating railways in China.

A British company which had opened and directed the Kaiping mines for a Chinese concern now took over the entire administration of the mines and subsequently developed into the Kailan Mining Administration. The Chinese Maritime Customs, virtually an international civil service, under Sir Robert Hart was performing many extra functions including the lighting of the China Coast.

The Whangpoo Conservancy Board was set up by the Boxer Protocol but did not commence work on the river until 1906.

Industrialism Begins

Modern industrialism was just beginning to take root in Shanghai, for which again 1901 was a year of beginnings. In addition to the temporarily abortive institution of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, the Council signed an agreement with the Shanghai Mutual Telephone Company which then started to build and operate the modern telephone system; the first steps were taken by the ratepayers to instal an electric tramway system; the Cadastral Survey Office was intituted; building rules for Chinese houses were issued; an ambitious scheme of Outside Roads was started and the Hungjiao, Rubicon and Bremar Roads opened as mud roads to pedestrians and riders; the construction of Ward Road Gaol was started and the Cathedral tower was built.

There were then no railways in Shanghai other than the ill-started line to Woosung. The harbour was in a very bad state, practically all construction was in brickwork and timber, and the present Garden Bridge had not been built, all roads were either waterbound macadam, chippaving or plain mud; there was no water borne sewage scheme. There were no motor cars, trams or buses, few bicycles and only a few semi-privately operated telephones. Electric lighting was well established and being rapidly extended but electric power was in its infancy. The Waterworks and Gas Companies were already well established concerns as were the Great Northern and Eastern Extension Telegraph Companies which had already been amalgamated; the Pacific cable was being laid. Although Avenue Edward VII and Yu Ya Chang Road were still creeks, there was a flourishing dockyard trade, Messrs. A. C. Farnham Boyd & Co. (Old Dock) being the leading firm. As an example of their work, the first native steamer ss. Pioneer was launched on April 3, 1900, left Shanghai on her maiden voyage on June 3, and arrived safely in Chungking on June 20, 1900.

Civic Service

Mr. John Prentice, Managing Director of Farnham Boyd & Co., a founder member of the society, was Vice-Chairman of the Council, Chairman of the Works Committee, and acting Chairman of the Council from October 31 onwards. So there was at least one good precedent for civic service by engineers.

Into this changing and potentially fertile environment, their society was born, fathered by the then leading engineers and architects of the city and very obviously deriving its form and substance from the parent engineering institutions in London.

On the initiative of Messrs. G. J. Morrison, C. H. Godfrey and others, an invitation was published in the Shanghai newspapers on January 5, 1901, requesting those interested in the formation of a local professional society to attend a preliminary meeting in the Town Hall, Shanghai, on January 15, 1901. The meeting was duly held with 52 persons attending. So the "Shanghai Society of Engineers & Architects" thus came into being.

Mr. G. J. Morrison, the first President of the society, opened the first session on March 5, 1901, with a most interesting inaugural address and the first paper was read on April 2, 1901, by Mr. J. R. Harding and was entitled "The Erection of South Cape Light House, Formosa".

First Session Goes Well

The first session went very well. There were two meetings and two visits, a library was started, a meeting room at No. 1, Yuen Ming Yuen Road was leased, and a first volume of "Proceedings" was published by the "North-China Herald." This fine enthusiasm did not long outlast the retirement of Mr. Morrison in February 1902, and in October of that year the new President, Mr. A. P. Wood, bewailed poor attendance at meetings in his Presidential Address. Meetings fell off badly in the second session but it is notable for the first paper on "Foundations in Shanghai" by W. J. B. Carter and Charles Mayne which, even in those days, called forth voluminuous discussion.

Mr. Bunt, the third President, initiated the society's connection with technical education in Shanghai and during this session, 1903-4, papers picked up, the first honorary members, Messrs. Morrison and Bunt, were elected on their retirement from China and the first paper on "Technical Education in Shanghai" was read by Mr. C. H. Godfrey and a prize fund was started for students' papers. In may 1904 an Education Committee was appointed and at the third annual meeting the acting President appealed for the younger men in the profession to join the Society.

In November 1904 the first Technical Evening Classes in Shanghai were started but did not long survive.

The speaker then outlined the growth of the society through the World War of 1914 to 1918 to the present day, and concluded:—

Membership Grown

As regards total membership, in thirty nine years they had grown to 426.

The speaker continued by giving most interesting and valuable biographical sketches of deceased past presidents of the society followed by absorbing figures and facts illustrating the growth of Shanghai and the engineering services and concluded by a study of what lessons the past had for the future.

One lesson to be learned was that special committees should in general restrict their activities to advice and recommendations, one obvious outlet for such activity being the encouragement of standardization in China as advocated by Mr. Percival last year.

In the technical education field, much remained to be done. The local education and training of boys both Foreign and Chinese for the professional and sub-professional groups should be encouraged, a useful adjunct to this work being the establishment of a Central Technical Reference Library in Shanghai.

Present conditions might make it possible for some members to spare more time than usual to compile records of their experience. The possibility of forming a Junior Section of the Society to encourage facility of expression might usefully be revived and the formation of small groups for specialist discussion considered. As soon as general conditions permit, the possibility of affiliation with American Societies should be explored and cordial relations with the Chinese Societies should likewise be re-established.

Finally and most valuable of all was the continued unobtrusive, almost unconscious fostering of fellowship amongst members, without which all the work of their hands and brains was tragic waste and such a society as that a ridiculous futility; let not their devotion to efficiency blind them to the fact that efficiency was not an end in itself but a means to the greater glory of their fellow men.

Unemployed Defendant Remanded a Week

"I don't know what to do with you at all. The maximum penalty for this offence is six months with or without hard labour. I will remand you in custody for a week. In the meantime the police will make enquiries about your previous history, and then I will decide what to do with you."

These words were addressed by Mr. C. H. Haines, Registrar, in H.M. Police Court yesterday to G. H. G. Cameron, described as an unemployed having no fixed abode. Cameron pleaded guilty to a charge of purchasing 30 cents of heroin on October 21, contrary to Article 4 of the King's Regulation (1) 1924. In reply to Mr. Haines he said he had used heroin only for two months and was taking opium before then.

A police officer stated that acting on information that a Korean was conducting an opium and heroin den at house 39, 9572 Boone Road, the police on Monday afternoon, accompanied by officials of the Japanese consular police, raided the premises. Defendant, a Korean and 19 Chinese were arrested in a front room on the ground floor where heroin smoking was in progress.

The rapid growth of factories of all kinds in the interior under the auspices of the Chinese Government has caused a shortage of skilled workers, it is learned. The authorities are recruiting skilled workers and technicians to cope with increased operations.

Chinese Sentenced For Fatal Assault

Had Settled Matter With Slain Man's Son; Police Pursue Prosecution

The unprecedented high cost of living in Shanghai caused a Chinese to prefer a private and cash settlement of the fatal injury of his father to suing the asssailant in court, but being determined to uphold justice, the police and First Special District Court have brought the culprit to book and sentenced him to five years' imprisonment.

This was brought to light on Monday when Ho Tze-liang, assistant in a beef store at 172 Yuenfong Road, drew five years in connection with the death of Shih Ah-mow, a 62-year old cake and bread hawker whose face was familiar to many Hongkew streets.

The old man died on October 4 in hospital as a result of injuries which he received when the sentenced man beat him severely, mistaking him for a thief. Police evidence was that on September 28, when the old hawker went out to sell cakes, he broke into the beef store which he mistook for the entrance of a refugee camp.

The accused saw him and suspected that he was a thief. Without waiting for an explanation, he beat the old man so severely that the latter had to be rushed to hospital where he eventually succumbed. Following the beating, both the proprietor of the beef shop and accused were arrested and taken to the court. The former has been acquitted.

Son Denies Death

At a recent hearing, the son of the victim, Shih Wen-teh, told the judge that his father had been cured and taken to the country by a relative. Investigations revealed, however, that his father had actually died and that the assailant had settled the affair privately with the son by giving him compensation, in addition to paying funeral expenses.

While the police insisted that his father had died, the son repeated in court that his father was all right. For a time, the police appeared to be losing their case but during the postponement of the hearing they found the old man's casket in the Wan En Funeral Bureau in Edinburgh Road. It was not until Judge Huang had seen concrete evidence in the form of a name tablet fastened to the coffin that he passed judgment. Ho was found guilty of inflicting serious bodily harm causing death.

China First Rate Power Says Lin Yutang

"Should be Regarded as Effective Ally by U.S."

New York, Oct. 22.

China is a first rate Power which should be regarded as an effective ally by the United States and Britain, Dr. Lin Yutang, noted Chinese author, said today in a letter to the "New York Times."

Having fought a first class Power to a standstill for the past three years, Dr. Lin said, China "automatically becomes a first class Power herself."

Consequently, he said, China should be regarded as an effective ally particularly of the United States whose aid to China "should not be a haphazard, passing thought as it now is."

The letter, written from Los Angeles, was dated October 14, before the announcement that the United States was considering further loans to China and the disclosure that more than 50 American planes were en route to Chungking.

War between the United States and Japan is inevitable, Dr. Lin said. He stressed the importance of China's occupying Japan and preventing her from consolidating her gains in French Indo-China.

An American loan of U.S.$250,000,000 would furnish China with 1,500 bombers or 750 bombers and 2,250 fighting planes, he pointed out. With an air force of these dimensions, he said, China could launch an effective counter-attack against the Japanese.

"What China needs, and Japan fears most of all, is a full pledge of American assistance to see China through the war," he said. "This would have a great moral effect both in China and Japan."—United Press.

OBITUARY

Mr. James Valentine

The death occurred on October 12 at Sutton, Surrey, of Mr. James Valentine, aged 85. Mr. Valentine was a resident of Shanghai for 45 years, leaving for the last time in 1927. He retired from Dodwell & Co. in 1921, after having spent about 40 years with that concern. He arrived in Shanghai in 1876, when he joined Cumming & Co., piece goods merchants. When this company went into liquidation in 1881, Mr. Valentine joined Adamson Bell & Co., which later became Dodwell & Co. Ltd., in 1899.

Mr. Valentine was a great sportsman, being a member of many Shanghai sports clubs. He played scratch at golf, and was at one time Shanghai champion at racquets, besides excelling at other games. He became a member of the Shanghai Club in 1879. Mr. Valentine left Shanghai after retiring from Dodwell & Co. in 1921, but revisited the city in 1927. In that year there was dinner held at the Shanghai Club for men who had arrived in China 50 years previously. Among the five present was Mr. Valentine. He is survived by a wife and four children.

Philippine Cooperation With U.S. Wanted

Manila, Oct. 22.

Advocating "a perpetual form of commonwealth government under the protective wing of the United States," Sr. Hilario Moncado today filed his name as a candidate for the Presidency in the Philippines 1941 election.

Sr. Moncado said that "the only way to preserve Philippine culture is to align ourselves permanently with United States."

It is time Filipinos saw the "handwriting on the wall," said Sr. Moncado and made up their minds to throw in their lot with the United States instead of "waiting until a less benevolent power comes to grab us."—United Press.

British Take Contraband From Japanese Ship

Bermuda, Oct. 22.

British contraband authorities removed 1,600 tons of contraband cargo from the Japanese liner, Durban Maru, at Hamilton yesterday.

The ship had been under examination since its arrival in Hamilton from Lisbon last Thursday. The Japanese ship will sail from here today en route to the United States.—United Press.

Road Splasher Fined

Registrar Stresses Lack Of Regard for Other Road Users

Gratification that the Municipal Police were taking steps about motorists splashing through flooded streets of the Settlement was expressed by Mr. C. H. Haines, Registrar, in H.M. Police Court yesterday when Mr. W. Black, a driver of the Reliance Motors, was charged with driving a car at an inconsiderate speed on October 3, on Bubbling Well Road near Medhurst Road, having no regard to the existing traffic conditions and the state of the road surface.

Sergeant H. Curtin of the Sinza Road police station said he saw the car driven by defendant at an inconsiderate and fast speed. Defendant was splashing water on rickshaws in the vicinity, the passengers of which asked witness to report the car.

Defendant explained that his car was out of order at the time and he had to keep the engine going as he would cause a traffic jam if he stopped the car.

Mr. Haines pointed out that the car should not have been driven if it was in need of repairs and said he could not overlook the fact that the driver had shown no consideration for other people using the road. He had personally seen how people had been inconvenienced by the splashing caused by some drivers. Defendant was fined three shillings or $9.75.

A fine of two shillings equivalent to $6.75 was imposed on Mr. H. V. Thorne, an absent defendant who wrote into court admitting a charge of driving a car without a licence on October 10, along Avenue Road near Medhurst Road.

Mrs. J. W. Cheape was fined six shillings at the same session for causing obstruction by waiting on slow moving traffic on the roadway on September 14, on Avenue Edward VII near Chekiang Road. Inspector Craig of the traffic department, prosecuting, stated that defendant made no effort to find the car until September 19.

A caution was given to Mr. J. H. Ezekiel, an absent defendant charged with failing to give information to the police which might lead to the identification of the driver of a car alleged to have committed a breach of the traffic regulations on September 14. Defendant had a clean record.

Opium Sellers Brought Before Court

Arrested While Carrying Drug in Settlement

Two Chinese were sentenced to five years' imprisonment and $1,000 fine each yesterday by the First Special District Court charged with transporting and selling opium. The third accomplice, a chauffeur, drew 30 months. The 125 ounces of opium which they were found transporting were confiscated by the court.

The three accused were arrested on October 14 when they were transporting the contraband to a house in Shantung Road in a car. On being questioned, they admitted that the opium had been taken from a gambling establishment at 82 Yates Road.

They told the police that a Chinese partner of the Yates Road establishment brought more than 200 ounces of the drug from an outport and that about half of the cargo had been sold. They were arrested while transporting the rest of the opium to another buyer in Shantung Road.

The alleged buyer in Shantung Road is a dyestuff shop accountant whom the police are looking for.

FUNERAL

Mme. K. Voulekevich

The funeral of the late Mme. Katherine Voulekevich, who died in the Country Hospital on Saturday after a protracted illness, took place on Monday in the St. Nicholas Military Church, situated on Rue Corneille. Full orthodox rites were observed as was the case when interment took place later in Lokawei Cemetery. A large number of friends attended and many floral tributes were sent.

Deceased was born in Nicolai (southern Russia) in 1856, daughter of a Russian admiral. At an early age she married Capt. Voulekevich (subsequently general, who rose to the position of O.C. Russian artillery). After engaging in the Russo-Japanese War and subsequently in command of Vladivostok, her husband pre-deceased her. Her six sons one of whom had become a major-general, were either killed during the Great War or were executed by the Reds after the Kerensky Revolution.

Mme. Voulekevich arrived in Shanghai in 1924, where until the time of her death, she had been a stimulating factor in the White Russian community.

Would-be Robbers Sent to Prison

Two men were each sentenced to 18 months imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court in connection with an attempted robbery of two diamond rings from a shop at 592 Nanking Road on October 14. They went to the shop ostensibly for the purpose of buying diamond rings for their fiancées. As soon as they were shown the rings one of them snatched two of them worth several thousand dollars and quickly ran away followed by his accomplice. An alarm was raised so quickly however, that both of them were soon arrested by the police.

"Economic War" in Orient Holds U.S. Spotlight

Hundreds of Millions of Dollars at Stake If Situation Reaches Critical Proportions

Washington, Oct. 22.

INCREASING use of "economic" weapons in the Far East centred attention on the hundreds of millions of U.S. dollars in foreign trade and investments that would be at stake if the situation reached critical proportions.

Latest manifestation of "economic war" is the embargo on shipments of aviation petrol and iron and steel scrap to Japan. Commerce Department experts present a statistical picture of the tremendous volume of American-Japanese business.

Japan is America's third best customer. The United States is Japan's best customer, frequently buying more Japanese goods than the next five customers combined—Manchoukuo and China included.

During 1939, American exports to Japan amounted to approximately U.S.$231,418,000, for 7.3 per cent. of total export trade. American investments in Japan amounted to an estimated U.S.$239,000,000 — U.S.$46,000,000 in factories and plants; U.S.$112,000,000 invested in firms; U.S.$52,000,000 in government securities; U.S.$13,000,000 in local and municipal securities; U.S.$16,000,000 in government-guaranteed industries.

Japanese Exports

Japanese exports to the United States in 1939 amounted to U.S.$161,212,000, or one-third less in dollar volume than they bought.

Japanese investors in the United States have a comparatively minor stake. No exact figures are available, but the amount is said to be "extremely small."

The principal losers in any disruption of trade would be cotton producers. During the first seven months of this year, the United States shipped U.S.$22,871,000 worth of raw cotton to Japan.

Export of petroleum products, hit first by the refusal of the Maritime Commission to sanction the chartering of tankers to Japanese interests, dropped to U.S.$20,634,000 from the U.S.$25,024,000 shipped during the corresponding period the previous year. Since then there has been an embargo on aviation fuel.

U.S. Imports

United States imports from Japan, except for raw silk, can be produced at home. Almost a third consist of crab meat, tuna fish, bleached cotton cloth, chinaware, electric bulbs, dolls, toys, brushes and rubber-soled footwear.—United Press.

Chinese Envoy's U.S. Tour

To Visit Eastern Cities On Speaking Tour; Nation To Hear Dr. Hu

Washington, Oct. 22.

The Chinese Ambassador to the United States, Dr. Hu Shih, will leave the capital this week on an extensive speaking tour of eastern American cities including New York and Boston, the Chinese Embassy announced last night.

The Ambassador will address the New York Merchants' Association on the subject of "China Fights On" the night of October 24.

While in New York Dr. Hu also will address the "New York Herald Tribune" Forum. This speech, which will be broadcast throughout the nation, will be on the subject of "Saving Democracy."

The same day Dr. Hu will attend a Harvard Club dinner as a guest of honour. Harvard University professors, it was recalled, recently addressed a letter to prominent Americans urging the adoption of a firmer American policy toward Japan.

College Gatherings

Dr. Hu will address the International Club at Vassar College on October 25 and three days later will speak at Union College, of which he is honorary chancellor this year.

The same day he will speak before the New York State School Board Association meeting at Syracuse, New York.

On November 1 Dr. Hu will speak in New York again before the American Bureau For Medical Aid to China and the China Aid Council.

November 8 will see Dr. Hu addressing Mount Holyoke College and a Founders' Day gathering at Smith College. On November 14 he will speak before the East Asiatic Society in Boston and the following day will address the Cornell University Club, also in Boston. The same day he will speak before the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts College.

The climax of Dr. Hu's speaking tour will come on November 28 when he will appear at Town Hall in New York. This speech also will probably be broadcast to the entire nation.—United Press.

Changchun Populace Fights Plague

Fine Spirit of Cooperation Manifested

Changchun, Oct. 21.

Showing a fine spirit of cooperation in the present drive against the epidemic of bubonic plague in Changchun, the city's entire population, from the humble coolie to the Government official, are wearing the nose-and-mouth masks prescribed by the authorities, the "Manchuria Daily News" announced today.

Tea rooms, hotels, business concerns and Government offices are voluntarily providing facilities for the disinfection of all people entering their premises. The Yamato Hotel, for instance, now refuses entrance to anyone without a certificate of inculation against the disease.

Rickshaw coolies bravely wear their masks despite the inconvenience caused them in uphill runs. Cinemas, dance halls and other places of entertainment still remain closed.—Havas.

Japanese Cabinet Changes Seen

"Kokumin" Reports "Strong Wartime" Cabinet to Be Formed by Prince Konoye

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

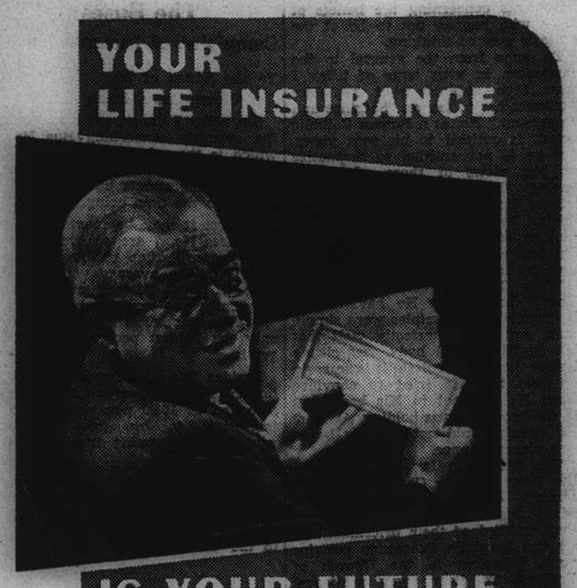
Premier Prince Konoye will soon reorganize the Japanese Government for the purpose of forming a strong, wartime Cabinet, the "Kokumin Shimbun" reported today.

The paper, which frequently reflects the desires and opinions of the Japanese Army, said the purpose of the new Cabinet woud be to "cope with the unprecedentedly tense situation in the Pacific."

Prince Konoye, the paper said, is expected to change several Cabinet members early in November.

Japan's determination to establish "mutual prosperity in the Greater East Asia sphere," the paper said, has been strengthened by Anglo-American "intervention." Such actions as Britain's reopening of the Burma Road and "undisguised threats to Japan's life line," the paper said, had strengthened Japan's determination to push forward with her southward programme.

The international situation in the Pacific has been rendered more tense, the paper, said, by Germany's preparations for a general offensive against the British Isles, America's alleged leasing of the Singapore naval base from Britain, and alleged Anglo-American plans for joint defence of the Netherlands East Indies.—United Press.



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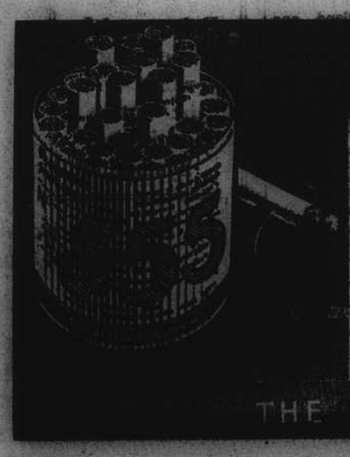

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

The Mass:

And the Protestant View

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Not a few of your readers are deeply interested in religious matters, but of course, they are not by any means of one school of thought. I applaud your impartiality in realizing this; but I cannot always applaud your contributors for being equally considerate of their readers. True, consideration for all and sundry may result in generalizations, but these at least are more fitting than it is to arouse provocation by making dogmatic and, at times, erroneous statements concerning the beliefs of those who happen not to be of the writer's way of thinking.

To come from the general to the particular. In your issue of today I have been reading what MR. MCGOLDRICK has to say on "Sacrifice and Sacrament." He, as a Roman Catholic priest, is entitled to his own views, but he is not entitled to dogmatize on the views of those who may, having thought deeply and read widely for themselves, and perhaps having been taught by scholars and divines of no little standing, have far better grounds for their beliefs than he imagines.

When Our Lord said, "This is My Body," how could He have meant it literally? His disciples were simple men, and knew perfectly well that He, in His mortal body, was sitting before them in the flesh; it is scarcely credible that He tried to convince them He was not in His body, but in the bread He was holding. As man, He clearly could not possibly be in two places at once.

The Reformers (anyway as far as the Holy Catholic Church was concerned) did not "cut themselves adrift from the Church," nor were they "robbed of their priesthood" at all, the Apostolic Succession remains quite unbroken in the Church of England. To clear away mediaeval abuses and superstitions did not imply or result in anything but a re-formation of the Church—a long-overdue spring-cleaning, as it were. To reform is not to begin, but to carry on the old with alterations. The Reformation in England was no more the establishment of a new and non-Catholic Church than was it due to a certain divorce. Henry VIII was a Catholic to the end of his days; nor was the publication of the Prayer Book and of the Bible in English due to him alone; it was due to the Englishman's love of freedom—in this case, a freedom to understand and to read for himself.

MR. MCGOLDRICK refers to the impossibility of fooling all the people all the time. Quite. This is why for the past 400 years (i.e. as long as freedom of thought has been freed from the Inquisition) countless millions of Christians cannot accept the unreformed views of the Mass as held by the Roman Catholic Church today.

LIBERTAS

Shanghai, Oct. 22.

A Reader Satisfied

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—On September 26 last you published some observations of mine regarding Father Lioman's radio talk on the subject of the Mass of the Roman Catholic Church, in which I raised a rather vital point on the claim apparently made that the priests of today are able to perform a miracle or miracles. No reply, so far as I know, was made to that point either in print or by radio.

In today's issue Father McGoldrick returns to the same subject and contrasts Protestant and Catholic sacraments, and says, "Now the priesthood is an essential part of the Church, and this sacrificial power is an essential part of the priesthood. Therefore the powers of the priesthood, which Our Lord gave to the Apostles direct, must remain in the Church."

If we are to understand from Father McGoldrick that the powers of the priests of today are intended by the Church to be sacrificial and are not in any degree miraculous this, I think, is a perfectly satisfactory position which both Protestants and Catholics can accept and, therefore, satisfactorily answers the issue raised in my previous letter.

ROBERT L. STEWART.

Shanghai, Oct. 21.

Sports Reports:

A Question of Outlook

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I took exception to a statement made in Fair Play's letter to you and I was rather surprised that you had failed to do so.

When talking of the policy of the N.C.D.N. he states that the paper has failed to criticize bad play or bad sportsmanship. I feel sure that the "North-China" has never adopted as its policy the toleration of bad sportsmanship, and it is utterly wrong to say that it has done so.

Mr. F. C. Hale's report was a good one and in my opinion the best report of a football match written here for at least three seasons. Mr. Hale has the correct conception of what I believe the average reader wants to read, that is, a running commentary of the game. I notice that he gives "a pat on the back" here, and a passing note on poor play there. He does not focus his attention upon a poor player or players who may be off their game for the day. Mr. Hale appears to understand what football means to the average Shanghai footballer, that it is recreation over the week-end to fit the player for the bigger job of the week. It is not a matter of life and death but relaxation from the strain and tension of the daily routine of a job of work in a good kick around.

Fair Play gives a considerable amount of space in his letter extolling the merits of R. E. Feree as a reporter of Soccer games. I am familiar with his reporting and, frankly, I do not like his style, it appears to me to fit in better with the method adopted by some writers at home for reporting professional football than for the needs of amateur football in Shanghai. The impression that I get from R. E. Feree's writings is this, that football means everything to him and that he fails to see that for the majority of the keenest supporters of the game it is not of paramount importance but a means of recreation only.

I think that it may be quite wrong to build up a newspaper controversy around these two writers, for they are two men who have knowledge of the game, but they belong to two distinct types and I prefer the style of one to the other, because, in my opinion, it suits Shanghai better.

TIMOTHY.

Shanghai, Oct. 22.

The Buses:

Complaint of Inconvenience

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I draw your attention to the calamity concerning Bus No. 7 which is the sole traffic connection not only for Avenue Haig and the neighbouring streets but also to Siccawei for the time being.

At first it may be mentioned that the buses No. 7 are so overcrowded that you are often unable to board them. On the average you have to wait at least fifteen minutes and frequently two or three buses arrive one after another. In the most cases only the boldest people are able to get in.

Besides this, the last bus of this line reaches St. George's in westerly direction at 10.30 p.m., and so it is impossible to use this important vehicle after coming from the city at a late hour.

It would be worth while to examine this nuisance and to settle it in a satisfactory way, giving advantage as well to the passengers as to the G.O.C.

P. B.

Shanghai, Oct. 21.

French Barriers:

Another Protest

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Following upon HOPEFUL'S letter of Oct. 21, I should like to add my protest against the great inconvenience, and apparent lack of thought, towards the general public by the French Concession police. The barrier at Rue Admiral Bayle in particular could be quite easily opened at 6 a.m. to the convenience of the many seen daily waiting the pleasure of the two, three, or four policemen standing nearby until 8 a.m. to open same. If these policemen can be spared to hang about a closed barrier there seems no reason why they could not equally well stand by whilst it is open and keep an eye on the passers-by. The distance between Yu Ya Ching road and Route des Soeurs, the next approach to the Settlement, is very considerable and some through street between these two is urgently required.

J. K.

Shanghai, Oct. 22.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

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To-day's Programme

11.30 Broadcast in Hindustani
12.00 Dance Music
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.00 Light Music
1.30 News Bulletin in German
2.00 Czechoslovak News Bulletin
2.30 Dance Music
3.00 Woman and Home—"The Romantic Slant in Cocktails"
4.00 Dance Music
4.30 Chinese Programme in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect
6.00 Italian Programme
6.30 Czechoslovak Programme
7.00 French Programme, including "Vissitudes de 'deracines'" and "Le Nouveau Visage de la Cote d'Azur"
7.45 News Bulletin in English
8.00 "Young England on Leave"—At the "Florida"
8.30 "Listen-in and Guess!"—A Puzzle Programme with prizes to value of $100. See Announcement
9.00 A Tale of Melody "Mozart as exemplified in his operas, with illustrations from them"
9.30 Topical Talk.
10.00 Dance Music Request Programme. Fee $1 per request, given to British War Funds
10.30 Russian Programme
11.00 German Programme
11.30-12 Dance Music

Foreign Language Broadcasts
6-7 p.m.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY
6.00 Polish	Spanish	Italian
6.30 Portuguese	Netherlands	Czech
THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
6.00 Polish	Italian	Spanish
6.30 Portuguese	Czech	Netherlands

SUNDAY 6-6.45 Hungarian

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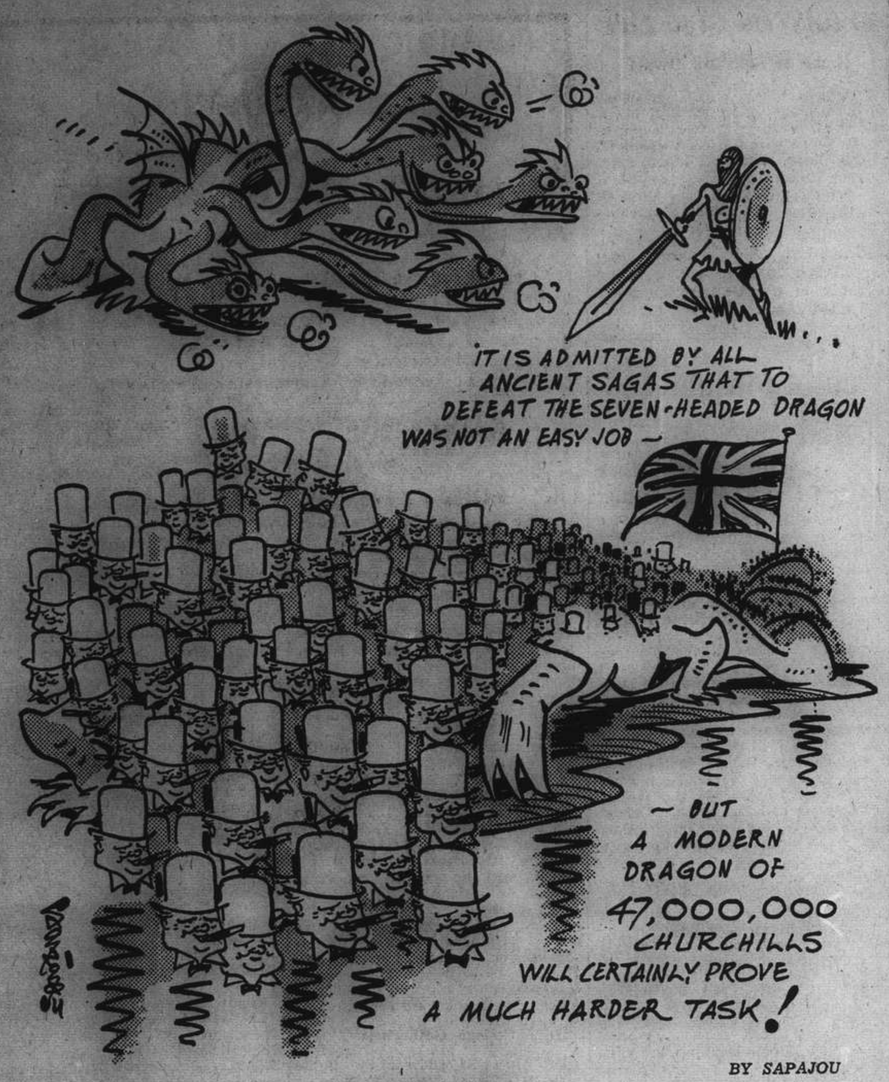
12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Children's hour
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect)
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Chinese (Mandarin)
6.50-7.20 Light music
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

Gluck: "Orpheus" (complete).
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière: The New French Revue.
Expression of French intellectual dilletantism at the beginning of the century, Gide, Jacques Rivière. "Dreamy bourgeoisie" by D. La Rochelle, new director of the Revue.



Hard Job

Japan Overtures To Gen. Chiang

Navy's Southern Successes Seen as Gesture Motives; Possible Terms Outlined

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Peiping, Oct. 14.

It would appear, according to information here that the Japanese are making a strong bid to persuade Gen. Chiang Kai-shek to come to terms with them. The reason for this more conciliatory attitude on their part is said to be entirely due to the ease with which the Japanese were able to seize Indo-China, which came as a surprise even to Tokyo itself. As a result thereof the prestige of the Navy party has been enormously enhanced, which always asserted that Japan's "place in the sun" was in southern Asia and who looked very jealously upon the China adventure.

And, as a further corollary, it has brought round many of the political leaders in Japan to the view that the Navy's southward policy was, after all, a very much better one and, with the help of some skilful diplomacy, a safer proposition than the Army's continued sterile and costly attempts to overthrow Gen. Chiang Kai-shek and conquer the whole of China. Above all, the prospect of the harvest they may hope to gather in from the rich lands of southern Asia will provide the leaders of Japan with a welcome consolation to offer to the Japanese people for its disappointment at the results of the "China Incident."

In other words, the Army policy will probably, or rather if possible, have to give way to that of the Navy. That being the case, it was the obvious policy to try and cut one's losses in China and come to terms with Chungking as soon as possible. Nor would such a change of direction necessarily imply giving up in any way the famous plan of the "greater Asia prosperity sphere."

The following are some of the terms mentioned as having been offered to Chungking:—

The Yangtze delta to be made a demilitarized zone.

The five provinces of north China to form an autonomous state under Chinese suzerainty, in which Japan is to have complete and sole economic control.

Recognition of the independence of Manchoukuo.

Japanese Concessions to be established in all the ports.

Whether Gen. Chiang would accept such terms was another matter. So much for what I am told. It does not claim to bear any official or even so-called semi-official status. Much of it is already known, and it is more probably the opinions and hopes of a single person. It is, however, an indication of which way the wind is blowing.

Anti-British Posters

The only interesting incident on this Double Tenth was a fresh, sudden outbreak all over the city of an epidemic of our old and trusted friends, the anti-British posters. They were put out by a body calling itself the China Youth Movement. This time there was, however, an interesting and novel feature about these posters, in that America now has the honour of being added to England in these denunciations. One such poster reads quite unambiguously and simply: "Take an oath to death to overthrow England and America." Others connect us both somewhat unflatteringly with the Communist Party and call on the Chinese people to oppose the blood-stained Communist Party and its secret friends England and America, or words to that effect.

This present fresh outburst against Communism comes a little surprisingly at this moment, within a few days of the love-feast at Moscow between the Japanese ambassador and M. Molotov, which was dwelt upon in the Japanese press. And as one does not sit down to table usually with the enemies of mankind, the only conclusion one can come to, is that Communism has been eradicated in Russia and has now found its last refuge in the hills to the west of Peiping among the somewhat nondescript bands that are roving about there and giving the Japanese no end of trouble.

In these last few days, Japanese official circles have displayed the greatest anxiety to show every possible courtesy, quite specially to American nationals. There are two bodies of divergent opinion among the Japanese, each one of which is pursuing its own pet theory. It is a phenomenon one has seen quite frequently here since the very start of the China Incident. The one party believes in the policy of table-thumping, hoping thereby to "frighten off" America, while the other, more subtle, believes in soft-pedalling and thereby allaying their suspicions, with the additional advantage, that by showing a specially tender care for American feelings, and not for those of the British, they may be able to drive a wedge between the two countries.

F.R.B. Notes Appreciate

The extraordinary rise in the Federal Reserve Bank currency is the general topic of discussion here these days. That the Chinese National currency should have gone up recently as a result of the United States loan was to be expected, but that the F.R.B. notes should appreciate still more, until they are nearly at a premium of 25 per cent. against the National currency is most peculiar. Nor have the financial pundits been able to offer any reasonable explanation of this state of affairs, which is quite unwarranted by the economic and financial situation in North China. The only explanation that appears to be anything like satisfactory is the rumour that, since the signing of the Three-Power pact, the Japanese have been trying to bolster up the F.R.B. currency artificially, for reasons of political prestige, by withdrawing millions of F.R.B. notes from circulation. It is, however, impossible to obtain any definite confirmation of any such step having been taken.

Whether the rumour is true or not, the Japanese do not, anyhow, appear to have lost interest in the Chinese National currency. In recent weeks the Chinese employees of many British and American firms, and specially of the banks, have been ordered to attend at the Bureau of Public Safety, where in the presence of Japanese gendarmes they were questioned. One of the main objects appears to be, to obtain the names of Chinese customers who have deposits in the foreign banks, specially if such deposit happens to be in the "illegal" National currency. It is known that some of these depositors have been made to hand over their deposit receipts. And, in any case, it is significant that recently there has been quite a rush of Chinese depositors who tried to get the banks to cancel their deposit receipts, no matter if they have to forego the interest, and to pay them out in F.R.B. notes, at any rate of exchange. As the banks are not likely to do this and thus be left with a large wad of National currency, those depositors who have handed over their deposit receipts or have made a statement of their holdings of National currency, are likely to lose their money, seeing that the National currency has been mabe "illegal" for over a year now.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

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7 p.m. on GSV—News Bulletin
9 p.m. on GSV—News Bulletin
Midnight on GSD and GSB—News Bulletin

Fatal Crash at Airshow In U.S. Explained

Circling Plane Stalls and Fouls Parachute

Marianna, Ark., Oct. 22.

Aerial sight-seeing and a stunting pilot were blamed today for the crash which killed six persons here Sunday climaxing a "circus of death" air-show.

Investigators said Parachutist Paul Nalewaja, 30, made an exhibition jump from a plane at 2000 feet altitude. Another plane, piloted by George Zorn, 25, began circling Nalewaja in order to give four sight-seeing passengers a better view of the descent.

When Nalewaja was 200 feet above the ground Zorn's ship stalled, went into a dive and fouled the parachute. The lines broke, plummeting Nalewaja to the earth. Zorn's ship crashed 200 yards away, killing all occupants.—United Press.

Soviet Ratifies Aaland Island Treaty

Moscow, Oct. 22.

The Presidium of Soviet Russia ratified a Soviet-Finnish convention relating to the demilitarization of the Aaland Islands signed in Moscow on October 11, according to a communique issued through Tass News Agency today.—Domei.

Rice Expensive in Kashing Area

Prices May Reach $100 Each Picul This Winter

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Kashing, Oct. 16.

Material improvement continues at several places. The new stone, steel and concrete bridge across the Grand Canal at the old North Gate now connects the outside wholesale district with the city central retail shops. The former narrow streets from north to south and east to west through the centre of the city, having been widened by removing shops and houses back eight feet on either side, are being paved for motor traffic. The old style stone slabs covering a shallow drain running along the middle of the road are being taken up to make a deeper, wider sewer under side-walk curbings draining into the canal system. Most if not all houses remaining after the bombing, burning and wrecking of 1937 have been repaired and occupied by returning population.

The 70 per cent. early rice crop came in at $40 to $50 per picul, the later rice now about to come will start at $60, with no limit yet fixed in the market. Small market towns round Washing are reported as already paying $70 and $80 per picul on the rumour that the coming winter will bring the price to $100 or more. Poor people are mixing or substituting wheat, corn and potatoes for food.

Carpenters, masons and such like workmen get from $2 to $3, while ordinary labourers insist on $1.50 to $2 per day. Numerous war-widows, jobless men, infirm, bed-ridden and shellshocked incompetents cling desperately to relatives, friends or relief agencies for bare subsistence. Few appear, however, to die of starvation; some disease seems to overtake them before death.

The high prices of clothing and bedding will cause many to shiver through the winter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF OCTOBER 23, 1870

One of the Turcos made prisoner at Weissenburg informed his captors that he had come from Africa with his regiment on the very day of the battle. An hour after his arrival he was in the hands of the enemy, and next morning he breakfasted in Frankfort. This was certainly "seeing life" perhaps rather more than was altogether agreeable.

THE LOONG-FEI AUCTION TO-DAY
Wednesday, October 23, 1940, at 5 p.m.
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Lot No.
1 BAY PONY
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5 BAY PONY H.K.J./42, "Z" Class, Very quiet.
6 NATIONAL FLAG late Shanghai Beauty, Dun 13-2, A/199, "Y" Class, Has been placed.
7 MOON NIGHT VIEW Black, Good "Z" Class hack.
8 LOCH ABER late Raibais, Skewbald 13-1, N/6, "Y" Class. Winner and placed.
9 DUN PONY
10 TANGO Grey 13-2, L/754, Has played polo in all International Matches for the last 4 or 5 years. 1st Class polo pony. Has been Classified 5th Class by The Shanghai Race Club at all distances.
11 BOMBARDMENT Grey 13-0, G/86, "Y" Class.
12 BAY PONY
13 ROMEO Bay Horse 14-3, H.K./118, young.
14 FRITZ Chestnut colour 14-2,

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Persian and Tientsin carpets, spring day beds, double spring couches and arm chairs, woollen blankets, silver and glass ware, crockery, utensils, cabinet and portable gramophones, electric vacuum cleaners, table fans, Marconi radio, antennas, transformer, binoculars, large cloisonne vases, pictures, oil paintings, electric clock and razor, toaster, modern style dining room and bedroom furniture, lacquer cabinet, blackwood flower stands, and teapoys, lamps, scrolls, wardrobe trunk, books, bookcases, desks, desk chairs, filing cabinets, files, child's chair and bicycles, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, mattresses, cupboards, coal boxes, cooking stoves, camp beds, etc., also.

1 "Auburn" 4-Door sedan, 6-cylinder, 4 seats, engine No. WR17418
1 "Majestic" Motor car radio in good condition, 1 Corona portable typewriter
3 "Singer," "Original-Brunonia" and Russian treadle and hand sewing machines
1 Silver cocktail set in case

Also will be sold at 11.30 a.m.
6 BALES AMERICAN COTTON (Damaged)

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AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS
Will sell by public auction under instructions from the concerned
IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)
On Friday, October 25, 1940, at 9.30 a.m.

Tientsin carpets and rugs, tapestry covered couches and easy chairs, oblong tables, bookcases, show cases, dining room furniture, modern style bedroom suites, **carved teakwood bedroom furniture,** bedsteads, child's iron bassinet, **linen bedsheets,** lace bed covers, both towels, blankets, scales, gentlemen's and ladies' **silk stockings,** trouser press, wardrobe trunks, radiators, stoves, cinema machine, mill-stones, Brass-ware, crockery, porcelain basins, oil painting, pictures, clothing, cooking utensils, ornaments, etc., also
1 D.B. 12 Bore hammerless shot gun of French make (Robust) and cartridges
1 Roll Camel Hair Belting 120 mm. wide abt. 472 feet long

ON VIEW THURSDAY
HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

The Chinese Auctioneering Co., Ltd.
Will sell by Public Auction in their Salesroom
at No. 151, Peking Road
On Friday, October 25, 1940, commencing at 2 p.m.
The undermentioned cargo:—

Cotton Piece goods, felt hats, Native and Foreign medicine, sheep's wool, **camphor baroos, raw silk, birds nest,** cotton clothing, aniline dye, chinaware, musk, fish Maw, **Pigs Bristles, Camphor Wood Planks,** cotton stockings, canvas shoes, mirrors, saccharin, etc., etc.

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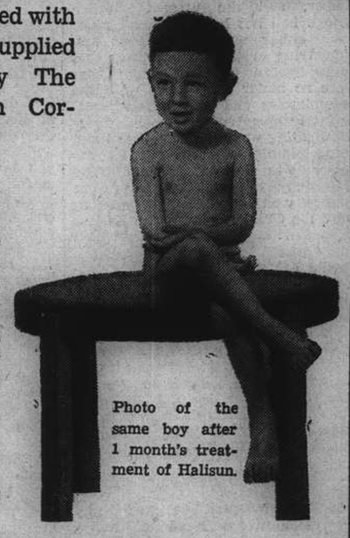
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

TO BETTER TIMES

Mr. Winston Churchill's broadcast to the French on Monday was just that type of fighting speech which was to be expected of him, and the grim invective which he indulged in so completely indicative of the character of the man, his great determination to stop at nothing short of victory, and the confidence in the people he leads to stand by him to the end. Is it any wonder that the editor of the Leghorn "Telegrafo" Ciano's paper should plaintively ask the question "Is it true that forty-seven million Englishmen are forty-seven million Churchills?" The answer is that forty-seven million Britons in the homeland and those additional millions throughout the vast commonwealth of the Empire accept Mr. Churchill as their prototype. He is the personification of all for which a Briton so proudly stands, the great leader who has been found in the hour of the Empire's greatest crisis. Mr. Churchill's aims are the aims of every Briton worthy of the name, to destroy Hitler,—that evil man, that abortion of hatred and deceit, as the Prime Minister so aptly describes him,—and all that Hitler stands for.

That is necessary for the liberation of Europe from the clutches of a system which would reduce free peoples to complete helotry, would deprive them of their very souls and drive them back to an existence only to be compared with that of the Dark Ages. Hitler, and "his little Italian accomplice,"—how the sureness of his words prick big balloons!—have got to be put out of business before Europe can regain its old sanity, and France and all the other countries which have fallen temporarily beneath the German onslaught restored to work out their own destinies, freed from the menace which after overshadowing them for so long has encompassed them. In this broadcast is to be found a complete answer to Hitler's plea for a return to common sense which he made in the Reichstag on July 19 to which the British Government paid but slight attention at the time. Mr. Churchill, firm in the knowledge of the complete support of his countrymen, has expressed the only possible policy which Britain can follow, and that is to cleanse Europe of the Nazi pestilence.

Speaking from a London which Hitler said he would reduce to ashes, surrounded by people who are bearing up unflinchingly under the German blows the Prime Minister has conveyed a message to the French people which it is hoped that many throughout that stricken country will have heard. It is a message of confidence, of hope and of faith in the ultimate outcome of this struggle. It comes from a man who has been a realist all his life, who is not afraid to speak the truth, and it is that "we shall never give in." It is upon that determination, that refusal never to accept defeat, that the fate of Europe depends today. But it was also a message of sound advice. "When people get into trouble because they are attacked and heavily smitten by the wild and wicked, they must be careful," he said, "not to get at loggerheads with one another." That can generally be avoided by refraining, as far as possible, from taking offence where none is intended.

But there is another truth in this broadcast which needs emphasis. So far as Great Britain is concerned this war is only beginning. A vast Empire wholly unprepared for the war, which was forced upon it and its Ally, is still busily engaged mobilizing its enormous resources. Command of the seas it has always had. Mr. Churchill promises command of the air next year and then Britain will be prepared to strike on land as strike she will. The sacrifices which are being made to that end are already great; doubtless they will have to become greater. Nevertheless they will be made, for the continued existence of civilization depends upon victory for the democracies. That will come just as sure as the morning will come. The bright sun of peace will "shine on the brave and true, kindly on all who suffer for the cause, glorious upon the tombs of heroes." And when that morning comes it will be possible for Britain and France to lead Europe back to those better times of which Hitler and his gangsters strive to rob it. It is a splendid thought that in this titanic struggle which Britain insists on continuing victory means freedom from the most criminally conceived oppression, not only of Britons themselves but also of the finest races in Europe.

THE GIANT MOVES

The United States has passed through what may prove to be one of the most amazing periods of its history during the past few days, when the nation's young manhood responded to President Roosevelt's appeal to register for conscription. More did so than was anticipated, many too young and others too old offered themselves for service, and demonstrated a unanimity of purpose which should have a profound reaction throughout the world. The passage of the necessary legislation was in itself an epoch-making decision by Congress, for it was done in times of peace. True the possibility of war threatens the United States and they have been obliged to follow the example of Great Britain in making this preparation to meet impending trouble. American manhood has vindicated itself by the readiness with which it has accepted the call and all that it may entail. It is a great thing in the life of any nation, especially a free democracy, when its people willingly assume the burdens that are laid upon it, and respond with a loyalty to ideals in a manner which so clearly proves the spiritual solidarity of the masses.

Thus a second great democracy throws back into the teeth of the leaders of aggressor nations the jibe that its people are soft. Britain has shown the world that her sons can be, and are indeed very tough, and the splendid youth of the United States by its readiness to accept the doctrine of service, no matter where it may lead them, have proved that in them also there is no decadence. There is a great difference between that form of compulsion which the dictators force upon the masses unfortunate enough to be under their leadership, and the willing assumption of duty by free peoples, and as the New York "Times" so rightly says "This demonstration of the mighty effectiveness of democracy in action will not soon be forgotten anywhere." The whole thing is so splendidly in keeping with the best American traditions that it can only be observed by other people with that reverence to which such a demonstration is entitled.

There is about the manner in which the response was made to the President's appeal something of great significance. The huge appropriations by Congress for the strengthening of the U.S. Navy, the decisions with regard to the army and the development of the foreign policy of the United States in the manner it has clearly prove to the world that the rulers of the great republic mean business. This striking demonstration by the youth of the nation shows that the rulers have the whole of the nation behind them, that they too mean business, and will fight for the defence of their country against aggression no matter whence it may come. As the Philadelphia "Record" so excellently puts it: "From all parts of the country came reports not of men trying to hide to avoid registration, but of men reporting before the offices were open, of men reporting who were too young or too old, of men undergoing operations to make themselves fit for service, of men gladly accepting a duty not only of registration but the chance of giving a year of their lives to the country."

If the aggressor Powers fail to realize the significance of what has happened they have shown themselves to be completely unable to read the trenchant writing which American youth has written on the wall. The huge weapon which the United States is now engaged in forging, will be directed against no one who leaves that country alone, but there cannot now be the slightest doubt that Americans are not only willing but firmly determined that their interests as well as their national integrity shall be maintained inviolate. The last stronghold of democracy has responded to the call in a manner which can do nothing but strengthen the belief in the ideals which animate it, for when people show that they believe those principles worth fighting for, by the acceptance of military service, they are indeed making a great confession of faith. Democracy is neither dead nor dying. The great Anglo-Saxon ideals are still urgent with life. That is what the youth of America has plainly shown to the world in a manner which cannot but arouse the profoundest admiration from friends, and respect from potential enemies.

"No Third Term Day"

Today is "No Third Term Day" in the United States. It is a Republican Party election move to discredit President Roosevelt, and to promote the interests of Mr. Wendell Willkie, who looks as if he might become the most serious Republican threat to the Democratic Party's hold on power, which has originated for the last decade. The issue is purely domestic and American. The two candidates are in favour of almost identical foreign policies, and, therefore, the rest of the world can look on this electoral struggle with detachment. Both Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Willkie are opposed to aggression and the dictators. Both favour all the assistance to Great Britain which can be given, short of war. Both are opposed to Japanese expansion by force in the Far East. Both understand perfectly that the future of the liberty upon which their country prides itself is at stake today in the east and in the west. American policy abroad, therefore, will not be decisive in this election, as it has been in some of the elections of the past. It should be emphasized that the third term for the president is not really a constitutional question. If President Roosevelt is re-elected, he will be doing no more than breaking a precedent; he will not be breaking any constitutional concept. Washington is often quoted as the authority against a third term in the presidency. He himself had the opportunity to preside for a third term, but it was due to personal feelings, not any objection on principle, that he refused the opportunity. Washington could see no reason for denying the nation "the services of any man who, in some great emergency, shall be decreed universally most capable of serving the public." He saw no danger in a president's serving any number of terms, with an important proviso. To quote his own words on this proviso, the nation must not be "in the last stages of corrupt morals and practical depravity." Washington continued: "And even then there is as much danger that any species of domination would prevail ... When a people have become incapable of governing themselves and fit for a master, it is of little consequence from what quarter he comes." One of the principal advocates of the inclusion of a clause limiting the term of office of the president was President Thomas Jefferson, who feared that the presidency might simply become a post which some national hero would be expected to occupy during his life-time. Nevertheless, Jefferson did not wholly dismiss the idea of a third term for himself, when it was mooted during the second year of his second term as head of the state. A year later, it is true, he declared that he would follow the "sound precedent" set by his predecessor and refuse to accept the candidacy. The issue was thus left open. Other famous Americans have declared against the third term, but not on constitutional grounds. President Grant said that he would not accept nomination if it were tendered "unless it should come under such circumstances as to make it an imperative duty." In the cases of President Coolidge and President Theodore Roosevelt, the question was somewhat different, since both had stepped into the presidency from the vice-presidency, and, strictly speaking, the third term issue, as it exists today, did not arise.

That Cup-o'-Tea

There is always something so typically British to be found in the letters received from home describing conditions there since Hitler began his air-attacks, and in one such letter appearing in the "Noon Bulletin" yesterday was an example:—"I still get my early cup of tea in the morning and we still serve tea here in the office in the middle of the afternoon." The story is told that many years ago an American reporter, having joined a morning contemporary, was asked during his first afternoon on duty whether he would like a cup of tea. His indignation that he should be thought capable of drinking anything so "sissified," led him to threaten that if a similar question were asked him again someone would get a punch on the jaw. With which he seized his hat, and marched indignantly out of the office. But, as time wore on, he gradually became accustomed to the idea, and eventually fell a victim to the temptation, ultimately arriving back in America a confirmed afternoon tea addict. The habit undoubtedly grows on one and American journalists in London soon acquire it as do most other foreigners. But all is well with Britain so long as the Briton gets his cup of tea. Rationing may have reduced the number of cups which can be drunk daily, but, so long as people in offices get their cup in the afternoon and other workers just when they happen to want it, all is well with the world. The idea of a member of the office staff brewing the afternoon tea in a London office while enemy bombers are about presents just that picture of British imperturbability which the mind likes to dwell upon. Indeed here again is one of Hitler's psychological failures—or perhaps his advisers.' Had they concentrated on the task of depriving the Briton of his tea they might have delivered a blow at British *moral* of much greater weight than anything up to the present. On the other hand there is the possibility that a different result would have eventuated, for if it is unwise to come between a dog and his bone, how much more so would it be to interfere with a Briton and his tea? But there it is. The whole matter presents just one of those problems "which no feller can understand."

THE THEORY OF SUN LIFE

Born As Giant It Ends As Dwarf

The sun is quite an ordinary star, somewhat smaller than the average visible stars. It has a diameter of 864,000 miles, a surface temperature of 6,000° C. which increases to an estimated 20,000,000° at the core. It looks like a simple ball of hot matter but actually it is a complicated engine of energy production. It shines so steadily that to laymen it seems changeless. Actually it was another sort of star in the distant past and it will be still another sort of star in the distant future.

Latest and most informing biography of the star that sustains all life of earth has been published by Prof. George Gamow, a distinguished Russian-born physicist who is now at George Washington University (Washington, D. C.). Dr. Gamow writes clearly and imaginatively, knows when to stop short of overtaxing lay readers. Some of his premises in "The Birth and Death of the Sun" are speculative and controversial, but they are based on the best recent investigations and they are never implausible. In the beginning Dr. Gamow pictures an enormously hot, tremendously dense gas expanding in space. As it expanded, it thinned and cooled. Chance aggregations began to clump together out of the mass, to contract by gravity. These were infant stars. They were very large, and diffuse, relatively cool.

The sun passed its first youth as a red giant star, like the one in the constellation Auriga which has about 4,000,000 times the sun's volume but only fifteen times its mass, and which is only .000005 as dense as water. But as red giants contract, they get hotter, as air in a pump gets hotter when it is compressed. The sun appears to be some 2,000,000,000 years old now, and it is hot enough to live on atomic energy, converting hydrogen into radiation.

Heat Death Threatened for Earthlings

It used to be thought that as the sun used up its fuel, it would grow colder and colder, that the end of life on earth would be a freeze-out. Dr. Gamow's own researches show that as the sun converts more and more hydrogen into energy, it must get continually hotter. Toward the end of its hydrogen supply, Gamow estimates, the sun's radiation will have increased a hundredfold. Thus a heat-death instead of a cold-death is threatened for earthlings.

"The oceans and seas," says Dr. Gamow, "will boil. It is difficult to imagine any living being left on the surface of the earth under such conditions, though the progress of technique during the next few billions of years....may make it possible to dig safe, air-conditioned underground cellars for humanity or even to transport the whole population of the earth to some distant planet...."

Even at the increasing rate of hydrogen consumption, the sun has enough left for 10,000,000,000 years. Thus it has five-sixths of its life to live as a normal star. But when the hydrogen is gone at last, it will grow cooler, collapse into an enormously dense, feebly shining dwarf star, with its fragments of ruined atoms crushed tightly together. Such dense dwarf stars are already known to astronomers; one of them is the dim companion of bright Sirius. The temperature on earth will fall 200° below zero C. Finally the dying sun will completely die—it will be as cold as surrounding space, emit no light at all. In such a state the sun will be not much larger than the earth is now, and a pint of its substance will weigh 3,000,000 lb.

There is a chance that, before it reaches this end of the trail, the sun will flare up as a "nova" or new star, increasing in brightness some 200,000 times. So many novae have been spotted in the sky that astronomers believe every normal star may have an outburst at least once in its lifetime. The star may return to its ordinary state and continue its evolution, but if the sun flared up it would vaporize every planet in the solar system. This might happen at any time. However, since the sun has 10,000,000,000 years to go, the chances of a nova outburst in any century are only 1 in 100,000,000.

IN PARENTHESIS

Gentle Answer

"CAN you make a cake like mother used to make?"

"Yes, darling, if you don't mind the indigestion father used to have."

* * *

Testimonial

RECENTLY the following testimonial was received by a patent medicine concern: "For nine years I was totally deaf, and after using your ear salve for only ten days I heard from my brother in Ontario."

* * *

Office Wag

THEY were talking in the office of their horticultural pursuits, and the energy expended thereon; also of the laziness of some colleagues who'd never turned a sod or planted a bean.

The office wag, however, capped the tales by relating how his neighbour crossed sword-grass with ordinary grass and when the wind blows the grass on the lawn cuts itself.

* * *

His Harem

BILL the sailor had broken with his girl. After ignoring several letters requesting the return of her photograph, he received one threatening to complain to his captain.

Deciding he must silence her for all time, he borrowed all the girls' pictures which were available on the ship, and sent them to her in a large bundle with the following note: "Pick out yours. I've forgotten what you look like."

* * *

Oddments

A good Indian is one who follows the straight and narrow warpath.

The girl whose face would stop a clock often has a figure that would stop traffic.

"It's bad form when a girl wears a beachcoat over her bathing suit." "If it weren't she wouldn't have to wear one."

* * *

Name, Please

THIS story has to do with the brunette who told her blonde chum, "Dearie, I want to warn you about seeing Wilbur Gussengoose. You'll get a bad name if you're not careful."

"Phooey!" screamed the blonde. "That shows how much you know. He proposed to me and made me his wife."

"Ah, ha," grinned her heckler. "That's what I warned you. Your name is Gussengoose now, isn't it?"

* * *

Pertinent Points for Ladies

Do you use so much scent your escort wishes he had a gas mask?

Do you wear yesterday's faded corsage on the assumption that nobody'll be the wiser?

When it's warm do you take along a coat for effect, when it's your perspiring escort who must carry it?

Do you carry so many accessories that going from one place to another becomes a major moving operation?

Do you wear such a startling assortment of clothes that next day your escort is asked, "Who was that you were out with last night?"

When your escort gets home does he find:

His coat thoroughly powdered?
His collar streaked with red?
His comb borrowed and lost?
His handkerchief flecked by mascara?

If you plan to go dancing do you wear:

Over-large shoes which may make you awkward?
Tight-fitting shoes which turn dancing into torture?
A short skirt which gets shorter when you dance?

Do you wear:

Long gypsy earrings?
Big hats sure to get in the way?
Lots of hairpins which continually drop?
A woolly sweater which is bound to shed?
Flowers which are easily crushed?
Lipstick which is sure to smear?
Stiff, crushable dresses?

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Rawlplug PLASTIC WOOD
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How the R.A.F. Plans 1,000 Miles Bombing Raids

Code Calls to Listening Base Report Each Stage of Flights; The Men of the R.A.F.

"OTHER aircraft bombed the naval base at Kiel and an oil refinery at Hanover, the power station at Zschornewitz, south of Leipzig, and a number of key points on the enemy's lines of communications in the Ruhr and North-Western Germany."

The Air Ministry's communique says just that. It says nothing of the courage and skill of the pilots and crews of the bombers which fly for long night hours over enemy territory, of the careful organization and intense training which account for the deadly accuracy of our bombing.

Here I am going to tell the story behind one of those raids. You will see that there is nothing haphazard about a bombing attack—nothing of the It's-a-fine-night-let's-go-and-bomb-something attitude, writes Ronald Walker, "News Chronicle" Air Correspondent.

The story really starts at Bomber Command, where targets—oil refineries, railways, canals, docks—are allotted to the groups. The officer commanding each group in turn allots a main target, with possibly two alternatives, to each squadron.

Hazard Is Their Routine

In the evening pilots, observers, navigators, radio operators and gunners receive detailed instructions for the raid. They sit like boys in school, and many of them are little more than boys. They accept hazard and danger as routine.

Now the scene shifts to the crew rooms in the hangars. Navigators are working out their courses and collecting their instruments. Flying kit is put on. Radio operators pack their gadgets. Pilots confer with their navigators. Vacuum flacks of coffee, packets of sandwiches and chocolates are stuffed into pockets. Everyone puffs at a final cigarette.

Crews Are Merry Men

With shouts of laughter, the crews pile into the waiting motor trucks and are driven in the fading light to their aircraft waiting in the far corners of the flying field.

The Wing-Commander watches his boys take-off on a flight of over 1,000 miles, several hundred of them over Germany. Soon the concerted rumble of all engines is reverberating against the doors of the big hangars.

One by one the heavily-loaded machines lift gradually into the air.

By midnight the people in the operations room are at the ready. On the table is a huge map of the north-western part of Europe.

Strong lights wink back from the shining head of a brass pin stuck in Germany. That is the target. The first bomber is due over it at 0115. It is now 2345. Somewhere hundreds of miles away nearly 20 bombers are flying steadily towards that brass pin, we hope.

Numbers That Tell the News

The clock hand reaches the quarter-past. The Wing-Commander lights another cigarette and remarks that the sergeant-pilot of "B" aircraft is a first-class type. A minute or two later the signals officer pops out and hands over a message form bearing a series of numbers.

It means that "B" aircraft has reached the target and has bombed it. The Wing-Commander smiles and the operations officer, on a blackboard listing the raiders, scores a red chalk mark against "B" machine. Farther down, the return of "T" from the Dutch coast, owing to engine trouble, is noted.

One by one the bombers send back news that they have bombed the target. More chalk scores.

"P" aircraft then says it has been hit by anti-aircraft fire: undercarriage damaged; crash party to be ready when he lands.

Another message: S. O S from "G." Engine failure due to Ack Ack fire. Now over Holland.

Half an hour later "G" becomes silent. So against "G" the S O S and the time are marked on the board.

All Are Homeward Bound

Nothing has been heard of several machines. Others are beginning to ask for position as they near home. At last all are known to be homeward bound except "G." The Wing-Commander supposes the crew must either have baled out over Holland or landed there.

Dawn has not yet broken when the sound of the engines of the first machine back are picked up. A line of lights springs up suddenly across the aerodrome.

At intervals the bombers land. As "P" is signalled, the operations officer telephones: "Fire engine and ambulance are ready." But "P" makes a perfect touch down. The Nazi shell did not do so much damage after all.

Weary after nearly ten hours flying, pilots and crews come trooping into the operations room. To the intelligence officers they tell how they found the target and what resistance they met. They add news of the enemy, ships seen in harbours, aerodromes being used, strange light signals seen, movement on canals.

The interrogation ended, they troop off to breakfast and bed. The raid is over.

More Pro-British Feeling in France

Swiss Journal Detects Popular Sympathy for England's Cause

Zurich, Oct. 22.

Anglophil feeling in France is gaining ground daily despite the incidents of Oran and Dakar, writes a prominent political personality" in the Basle "National Zeitung."

Most French people, says the writer, listen to broadcasts in French from the British Broadcasting Corporation. They wonder why shots were fired on French officers, including the grandson of Marshal Foch, when they approached Dakar under a white flag.

A striking change of tone is observed in Marshal Petain's last speech when he gave a fraternal greeting to Alsace. Marshal Petain, according to the writer, would like to put the brake on anti-British policy but is meeting opposition from M. Laval and M. Baudouin, Foreign Minister, who are consistently playing an Italo-German card.

General Huntziger also hesitates to adopt a course of action advocated by M. Laval, who argues that a British defeat would improve the French situation as Germany is dependent upon reasonable co-operation with France and asks that France adapt herself as quickly as possible to Nazi ideas, such as anti-Semitic laws.

Opposition to allowing Axis use of North African territory as a war base also comes from the generals who mistrust German intentions.

The average Frenchman is not easily convinced that a British victory would not be the best guarantee of the final liberation of France and conservation of her colonies, more especially those of North Africa.—Reuter.

Ambulance Presented

Nairobi, Oct. 22.

The free French community of Kenya yesterday handed over to East African force a completely equipped ambulance. The handing-over ceremony at Nairobi was attended by the Governor and the Belgian Consul.—Reuter.

British Air Strength Growing Steadily

London, Oct. 22.

There are more planes in Great Britain of every operational type ready for immediate service today than there were two months ago. This statement, Lord Beaverbrook, Minister for Aircraft Production, told pressmen last night was after allowance had been made for losses in the air and transfers to other scenes of action. He admitted one or two factories had been hit by bombs, but declared construction was in no way seriously impeded. Losses in the air and on the ground had been much more than made good. The import of American machines was growing and Canadian production was excellent.—Reuter.

President to Ignore Willkie's Challenge

Mr. Roosevelt Refuses to Speak on Same Platform

Washington, Oct. 22.

President Roosevelt will ignore the challenge of the Republican Presidential candidate, Mr. Wendell Willkie, to speak from the same platform in Baltimore on October 30, the White House spokesman indicated last night.

Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Willkie both have scheduled campaign speeches in Baltimore on the same day, and Mr. Willkie yesterday offered to speak from the same platform with the President.

President Roosevelt returned to Washington from his Hyde Park estate yesterday and immediately began work on the five political speeches he has decided to deliver before Election Day.

The President's first major political speech of the campaign will be delivered in New York tomorrow night.

The President told the press several days ago that he had abandoned plans not to deliver any campaign speeches. He accused the Republican Party of making false allegations against his Administration and said he felt compelled to correct the "false impressions" created by the Republicans.—United Press.

Internment Rules in Britain Relaxed

London, Oct. 22.

Persons of eminence in art, science and letters, university or technical college students, and those who have lived since childhood or for 20 years in the United Kingdom and are friendly towards Britain, are eligible for release from camps of interned Germans, Austrians and Italians.

This is announced in a revised edition of the White Paper dealing with civil internees of enemy nationalities.—Reuter.

American Property Hit In London Air Raid

London, Oct. 22.

The American Embassy and Y.M.C.A. headquarters on Great Russel Street were damaged slightly during recent air raids, an official announcement declared here yesterday.—Domei.

Col. Beck Said Caught In Crossing Border

Bucharest, Oct. 22.

Arrested yesterday while he was attempting to cross the Transylvania Border, Col. Josef Beck, former Polish Foreign Minister possessed a British passport made out in the name of another person.—Domei.

French Flood Recedes

Vichy, Oct. 22.

Rain has ceased in the flood-stricken eastern Pyrenees, where more than 300 persons are feared to have drowned, and waters are now receding. Soldiers are clearing debris from many roads, which have been impassable. Mule tracks are being used to take provisions to isolated inhabitants of the district. Measures are being taken to prevent an epidemic.—Reuter.

Promotion Won by China-Born Man

Well-known U.S. Foreign Service Officer Given Philippines Post

Washington, Oct. 22.

Mr. John K. Davis, veteran China-born foreign service officer, has been designated to replace Mr. Joseph Jacobs as Chief of the Philippines Division of the State Department, it was learned here last night.

Mr. Davis, it was understood, probably will assume his new office on December 1. He was born in Soochow, China, of missionary parents and has spent the major part of his life in China.

He was connected with the State Department as interpreter in 1912 and served in the Far Eastern consular service for many years. He was first secretary of the American Embassy in Peiping until 1928 when he left China. Since that time he has served the State Department in Europe and Canada.

Mr. Jacobs will take up a new post with the State Department in Cairo, Egypt, early in December.—United Press.

Catalonia Flood Waters Recede

Situation Improves as Ebro Waters Fall; 320 Drowned, Many Injured

Barcelona, Oct. 21.

The flood situation in Catalonia is improving slightly, according to latest reports announcing that the waters of the Ebro and other rivers are receding.

It is estimated that over 320 persons have been drowned in the floods, and about the same number seriously injured.

Six thousand inhabitants of Catalonia have been rendered homeless, and damages run into several hundred million pesetas.

Relief work has been organized throughout Spain for the benefit of the flood victims.—Havas.

Extension of Spanish Political Disputes

Arguments in P.I., Puerto Rico Bring Warning

Washington, Oct. 22.

Concern over recent extension of Spain's internal political disputes to Puerto Rico and the Philippines is being felt by some United States officials, it was reliably learned here today.

The growth of conflicting opinion among Spanish circles in the Philippines was responsible for warnings against propaganda activities of foreign consuls by Mr. Francis B. Sayre, United States High Commissioner to the Philippines, it was disclosed.

Inquiries among other officials revealed a similar situation is developing in Puerto Rico, it was said.—United Press.

Dies Hunting Saboteurs In Detroit

Raids on German Homes Give Clues

Detroit, Oct. 22.

Mr. Martin Dies, chairman of the Congressional committee investigating un-American activities in the United States, arrived in Detroit yesterday seeking evidence against possible sabotage activities in defence production.

"We have positive evidence Axis agents are working in this vicinity," Mr. Dies said. "There are five thousand potential saboteurs now employed in key defence industries in the Detroit area. "Recent raids on German homes and establishments in the East have provided us with the names of some of them," Mr. Dies said.—United Press.

Berlin Puts "Curfew" On War News

Despatches to Be Sent Out Only During Day

Berlin, Otc. 22.

A complete ban on despatch of war news between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. from Germany was announced yesterday by the authorities.

The ban, effective immediately, prohibits either foreign or German news organizations or radio stations from despatching military news of any nature, whether favourable or unfavourable to Germany, within these time limits.

All news with any kind of a military tone whatsoever, including reports of German aerial activity over Britain, also is included in the ban.—United Press.

Brazil Holds Biggest Army Manoeuvres

Capital Is "Defended" by Forty Thousand Troops

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 22.

Forty thousand troops, supported by tanks, artillery and planes, defended the capital yesterday against a theoretical invasion.

In Brazil's greatest army manoeuvres, the capital was defended against attackers which theoretically landed at the port of Santos and occupied the Serro de Mar mountains.

The military display was staged in the Parahyba Valley.—United Press.

Liberals Condemn Civil Disobedience in India

Bombay, Oct. 22.

"In the interests of India herself it would be suicidal to do anything likely to prejudice Britain's effort in her life and death struggle" states the Council of the Western India Liberal Association in a statement strongly condemning the Congress campaign of disobedience.—Reuter.

Road Blocks to be Removed

Indicating Britain's confidence that any invasion can be coped with, many road barriers which were erected during the emergency after the evacuation from Dunkirk, have been removed. The picture shows a typical road block, which has gone the way of many others, incidentally speeding up the movements of the anti-invasion forces.

Christianity Stressed as Aid to Moral

Broadcast Talk Given on Effect of Faith on British People; Stories of Home Experiences

IN a Broadcast talk given last Thursday evening by Mrs. D. Farquharson from Station XMHD, the speaker described the feelings of people in the Far East just now with the one word "Insecurity." "Everyone is wondering what the future holds," she said. "What is the right thing to do under the present circumstances? To evacuate or not to evacuate, what is happening to our people at home now—in Great Britain—in Europe? Here and at home there is no certainty, no security. Is there any remedy for this feeling, known as the "jitters"? Some people prescribe Maxwell House coffee or U. B. Beer, but the speaker recommended instead complete dependence on the One Power in the world which is still absolutely secure and unshakeable, the Guidance of God.

"This does not mean," the speaker explained, "physical immunity, but a real confidence and dependenc upon God which means that whatever happens we can be cheerful and happy." The speaker proved her point by quoting true stories which had just arrived from London illustrating how people who are trying to live this way of life are standing up to the strain and stress of life in Great Britain at the present time. The first, a conversation between a Home Guard private and a sergeant-instructor, shows the spirit among the men waiting to protect their country from the invader.

Sentry and Sergeant

"Halt: Who goes there?"

"Friend!"

"Advance, friend, to be recognized. O. K. Good night."

The Home Guard private and the sergeant-instructor resumed their conversation. It was pitch dark, and rather cold. A faint drone of enemy planes could be heard. On all sides searchlights crossed and re-crossed, and there were occasional bursts of gunfire in the distance.

"You know," said the sergeant, "This war must be bringing a lot of people up with a jerk, just like you pulled that chap up just now."

"It's a jerk right enough. If it wasn't for the war, I'd have been in bed now, just nicely tired after doing a bit of gardening."

"Yes," said the sergeant, "and yet I shan't be sorry if some things do get different. Look at all the grab and graft and doing the other fellow down for fear he does us down first—undermines national efficiency, that's what it does."

A solitary car drove towards them and drew up at the red light. The private stepped out smartly. "Can I see your identity card please?"

As the car drove on the sergeant warmed to his subject. "Take the business situation in this town. I'm the manager of a wholesale firm, and the chap in the car is in the trade too. For years we were so dead keen to make money that we cut prices, overspent and ran up heavy overdrafts."

"And you weren't the only ones," agreed the private. "It's the same in my trade. I suppose we've all been scared of the other chap getting the business or of not having enough to live on. But how *does* one get rid of fears?"

God Shows the Way

The sergeant smiled in the darkness. "I ask God to take them away. He always does. And what's more, if I take the time to listen to Him every day, He shows me what I can do. A few months ago He told me to make friends with my competitors, and in that way we've stopped all the price cutting and overdrafts. We all met in my office every week and planned everything together as friends. It makes all the difference to us and the business, especially now that this is a defence area."

"I might give it a trial. In fact I will, and see how it works."

"It'll work all right," said the sergeant.

The searchlights cut out suddenly, and the hum of aircraft died away. The private came to attention. "Good night, sergeant, and thank you. I'll report progress."

"Good night," replied the sergeant, as he moved on to inspect the next Home Guard post.

Just a short conversation by the way, but that sergeant is going round doing far more for his country than just helping to guard her against physical enemies, he is laying foundations for a new country—foundations on which a new kind of peace can be built when the time comes. "But this new world," the speaker continued, "To which we are all looking forward, does not depend so much on us as on our children. What about the children who are being bombed night after night? Are they going to be nervous wrecks when the war is over. Well, the beauty of this way of life is that it is so simple that even a child can follow it. Here is the story of a little girl and how she applied it."

A Child's Conversation

So the children are going to stay in this country after all. How can we help them to grow up unharmed by the terrors of modern war?

There didn't seem much hope of this for Florrie, when she was evacuated from London nine months ago. She was such a nervous little thing and Mrs. Harper couldn't get a word out of her. The neighbours thought the child was being murdered, she screamed so much over a little cut on her finger one day. "So what in the world she'll be like in an air raid I can't think," said Mrs. Harper.

Six months later Florrie had a very different reputation with the neighbours. "It can't just be the sea air," said Mrs. Brown next door as she and Mrs. Harper watched the children playing. "My Susan thinks the world of her, and she seems to have made friends with everyone in the street."

It was Alice, Mrs. Harper's grown-up daughter, who was responsible for this change. In those first days she had talked to the frightened child as she put her to bed and told her about Jesus, and how He would talk to her if she listened to Him. "Can I do it now?" Florrie had asked. They were quiet for a little while; then Florrie said, "He told me not to worry about Mum and Dad, because He's looking after them."

So when the air raids started Florrie was calm and helpful. At the first siren the family bundled downstairs, urged on by a nervous Mrs. Harper. Florrie put out cushions and got Mrs. Harper a drink of water. When the All Clear sounded she said in a loud voice, "Thank you, God!"

"Whatever have we got to be thankful for, child," exclaimed Mrs. Harper, "being dragged out of our beds and having to sit here all these hours?"

"Well, we're still safe," said Florrie "And anyway I had to say thank you to God for keeping me calm."

Next day at school the children were telling each other what had happened to them in the raid. "D'you really want to stop being scared?" asked Florrie. "Course we do." "Then why don't you do something about it?" "There ain't nothing we can do." "Well you're wrong." Florrie replied. "Haven't you ever heard of 'listening'? No, I don't s'pose you have, so you come along home with me and I'll tell you."

Down in the shelter a few nights later Mrs. Harper said in surprise, "Bless me, I haven't got the jitters!"

"You are a nice-to-be-with kind of person," said Florrie.

Now how about the people who can keep pretty calm and cool when in danger themselves, but who go all to pieces worrying about their husbands, children, parents? Here is how one Mother met the situation.

Mourning for Lost Ones

The telephone rang and Mrs. Simmonds picked up the receiver for the twentieth time. An excited voice told her: "John's just got back from Dunkirk. Have you had any news of Peter yet?"

The doorbell rang. Mrs. Simmonds laid down the receiver and jumped up....But it was not Peter.

All that week, Mrs. Simmonds had come back from her shopping half expecting to find her boy there, and yet dreading that he would not be. As each day news came through of other people's sons getting back safely across the Channel, she grew to feel that her faith was really being tested.

Then came the War Office telegram—"Missing." Nothing more.

Weeks went by. At times Mrs. Simmonds would find her imagination beginning to run riot over dreadful possibilities. "Supposing...." But the memory was strong within her of that last evening when the whole family had knelt down and given Peter into God's keeping. And now, instead of letting fear beat her, she would pray that he might be given the courage and endurance that he needed. As if in answer came the thought: "Now you are really helping him."

As the days of waiting went by, mothers who had lost their sons came to Mrs. Simmonds for help. One of them, Mrs. Talbot, told her: "The thought of what my boy must have gone through keeps me awake at night."

"I know just how you feel," said Mrs. Simmonds, looking sympathetically at the strained face of her friend. "Whenever I get that kind of thought, I slip away quietly and ask God to take control of my imagination. It always come to me 'Don't allow any evil imaginings.' I have never had one sleepless night in spite of everything."

A few days later, Mrs. Talbot came back with the drawn look gone from her face. "It does work," she said. "I was beginning to get wrapped up in my own sorrow, but you have shown me how to be a mother to so many other people who need it."

Prisoner, Unhurt

Then one morning Mrs. Simmonds found a post-card in the letter box, in Peter's own handwriting, saying he was a prisoner, but unhurt.

In her gratitude, as in her anxiety, Mrs. Simmonds kept her loving concern for others. Some time later, her A.R.P. warden came to ask help for another mother whose son was also a prisoner.

"People seem to lose their fears in your home," he said to her. "You're spreading the spirit that will see us through."

"The Spirit that will see us through is the whole crux of the matter", concluded the speaker, "we can't win a war with aeroplanes and tanks, and we certainly cannot make peace with them, we can only do that with the kind of spirit which these men and women have—the kind of patriotism that makes a man willing to lay down his life to bring his country under God's control."

BABY'S HOT LITTLE HEAD IS A DANGER SIGNAL

When your baby's head feels hot to your hand you must do something. And do it quickly. Read the case of 5 year old John Talbot of Halifax, England, whose mother writes as follows:

"I am convinced that Baby's Own Tablets warded off a fever or other serious illness in its first stage," states Mrs. Talbot. "John was taken ill suddenly with feverishness, he vomited food and was very restless and cried all night. I had heard of the good effect of Baby's Own Tablets and gave these tablets to him; they acted easily on the bowels after which he went quietly to sleep. Upon waking he took food and mended rapidly."

Baby's Own Tablets are sweet-tasting, easy to take, absolutely harmless. Quickly reduce simple fever. Equally good for constipation, indigestion, diarrhoea, worms, colds, teething troubles and other minor ailments of childhood. Keep Baby's Own Tablets handy in the home; sickness so often strikes in the night. From all chemists.—ADVT.

Panama Police Station Bombed

One Policeman Wounded Two Revolutionaries Die In Night Attack

Panama, Oct. 22.

Revolutionists on Monday night threw several bombs at the Chorrera police station on the road connecting Balbao and Rio Sato with the Chiriqui airbase. One policeman was wounded and two attackers were killed.

Police later arrested three anti-government revolutionists who were identified as Francisco Arias, Felix Oller and Pedro Ycaza.

One report said that a bomb exploded in the hand of one of the attackers, causing serious injuries.—United Press.

Standard Oil Protests Over Bombing

Washington, Oct. 22.

Mr. James Moffett, representing the Standard Oil Company of California, yesterday filed a protest with Mr. Sumner Welles, the Under-Secretary of State, over Italian bombing of American oil properties in neutral Arabia near Bahrien Island.—United Press.

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FROM DAY TO DAY

A BROADCAST entitled: "Uncensored News from Norway" will be delivered by Mr. K. A. Persen, over Station X.M.H.A. at 9.40 p.m. today.

MR. Ken Tsurumi, newly appointed Japanese Consul-General at Singapore and formerly counsellor to the Japanese Embassy in China, was host yesterday evening at a cocktail party in the Astor House Hotel.

IN view of the completion of the opium suppression in Kweichow province, the authorities have instructed anti-opium clinics in the various districts to wind up, says a message to the "Shun Pao."

FORTNIGHTLY airmail and passenger services between Hongkong and Shaokwan, in Kwangtung, were started by the China National Aviation Corporation on October 7 after many trial flights, reports the "Ta Mei Pao." The fare is fixed at HK$230 and C$830 to Shaokwan and to Hongkong respectively.

APPROXIMATELY $2,000 in cash and valuables was stolen at 1777/16 Avenue Road at 5 a.m. yesterday when six men, armed with five pistols, entered the house and intimidated the occupants. The bandits escaped after taking the loot and little was known about them, with the exception that they spoke Kompo dialect.

MR. John Earl Baker and other representatives of the American Red Cross Society, who are in charge of distributing medical supplies to China, arrived in Chungking from Rangoon by plane on Monday morning to call on Chinese Government members, states a Hongkong report. The representatives will resume transporting American Red Cross supplied to China via the Yunnan-Burma highway.

HOLDING up policemen and robbing them of pistols, at one time a pet diversion with bandits in the western area, was again resumed yesterday morning when two C.P.C.'s on duty near 498 Edinburgh Road found themselves face to face with four armed desperadoes at 9.20 a.m. Without giving the lawkeepers a chance to draw their pistols, the miscreants covered them with their guns and took their firearms away.

IN view of the approaching evacuation of United States citizens from Shanghai, St. Tichon's Orphanage, 770 Rue Bourgeat, asks to be remembered when disposal is being made of unwanted clothes. The Orphanage has in its care 117 otherwise homeless boys and girls aged from two to seventeen years. Any children's clothes or clothes that can be cut down and altered, boots and shoes, hats, etc., will be received with gratitude.

REPRESENTING the Ta Min Hui, Great People's Society, a group headed by Dr. Kung Hsien-chien, President of the Society, will leave Nanking for Tokyo on Thursday to attend celebrations of the 2,600th anniversary of the founding of the Japanese Empire, according to the "Shanghai Mainichi" yesterday. A farewell party was given the group at the Chungteh Cultural Society last Saturday under the auspices of Mr. Chen Jen-hao and Mr. Hsia Chi-feng.

RESISTANCE of a Chinese pedestrian and his alarm made it possible for the police to arrest a Chinese bandit and seize an imitation pistol. The hold-up took place at 8.45 a.m. yesterday in Peking Road, a few yards from the Rialto Theatre, where two bandits stopped the pedestrian, attempting to rob him. An imitation pistol was pointed at him, but its appearance gave him more confidence and he shouted for help. Police responded and managed to arrest one of the men after a short chase, saving the victim $4,000 in cash.

As a further measure in opium-suppression, the Suiyuan Provincial Government are establishing anti-opium clinics for the benefit of opium addicts, it is learned from the "Sin Wan Pao." The addicts will be given medical treatment and will be required to do compulsory productive work at factories during their confinement. A spokesman of the provincial authorities declared yesterday that no poppies are being planted while trafficking and sale of opium has been strictly prohibited under dire threats. On the whole the suppression of opium in Suiyuan has had very satisfactory results.

THE Overseas Chinese Reconstruction Corporation is expected to be formed in Foochow sometime this year with a capitalization of C.$50,000,000, reports the "Sin Wan Pao." The promoters of the new company, including Mr. Hu Wen-hu (Aw Boon Haw), Tay Gaok Soo (Tseng Yu-shu), Tai Kuei-sheng and Mr. Huang Han-liang, well known Chinese banker, held a meeting at Hongkong early last month and planned measures to be applied at the present national emergency and during post-war years. The company will forward land reclamation, planting and establish factories in Fukien province.

MR. A. Strok will present at the Lyceum Theatre, on November 27, at 9.15 p.m., a young English dancer, Miss Hilary Napier, in a dance recital. Miss Napier started her career in Vienna in collaboration with the famous Bodenweiser Group with considerable success. As a solo dancer, the musical world looked upon her as a new star and she commenced to receive engagements from Paris, London, etc. When the war broke out her successful start was cut short and she returned to visit her relations in Tsingtao. Last winter she gave a very successful performance in Tientsin, where the press praised her very highly.

THE programme for the third Sunday symphony concert in the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, October 27, at 5.15 p.m. is as follows:—Soloist: Eugen Winkler, 'Cello.

Prelude to "Penelope" ....Faure
Two Fragments from "Pastoral Poem" Dances ....Mule
(a) Interlude
(b) Satirical Dance First performance
'Cello-Concerto in B minor with Orchestra ....Dvorak
(a) Allegro
(b) Adagio ma non troppo
(c) Finale: Allegro moderato
Soloist: Eugen Winkler
Symphony No. 4 in F minor Tchaikowsky
(a) Andante sostenuto-moderato con anima
(b) Andantino in modo di Canzona
(c) Scherzo—Pizzicato ostinato
(d) Finale—Allegro con fuoco
Deputy Conductor: Prof. Arrigo Foa.

SHIPPING NEWS

The fast freighter ss. Canton of the Messageries Maritimes Line, is scheduled to enter harbour this morning from Haiphong, bringing with her a large shipment of rice for local discharge. She will tie up alongside Hunt's Wharf.

* * *

The ss. Shanghai Maru, Toa Kaiun Kaisya express liner, is due to enter port from Nagasaki at about 3.30 this afternoon, docking alongside the company's Yangtszepoo Wharf. The liner will stay in Shanghai overnight, sailing tomorrow morning at 8.30 on her return trip to Japan. The Shanghai Maru carries mail and passengers, besides freight.

* * *

The D. K. K. express liner ss. Hoten Maru, which arrived in port on Monday afternoon from the northern ports, is due to leave again this morning at 9 o'clock, carrying mail and passengers. The vessel docked at the company's Whangpoo Wharf on entering Shanghai. The Hoten Maru operates on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen run.

* * *

The ss. Dairen Maru, D. K. K. express liner, operating on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen run, is due to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow afternoon at about 4 o'clock from the north. The steamer, which carries mail and passengers, will stay in port for two days, leaving again on October 26 at 9 a.m. She will tie up alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf.

* * *

The ss. Dona Nati, of the De La Rama Line, which arrived in Shanghai on Monday afternoon from New York, via Los Angeles, San Francisco and Manila, is due to sail again for the U. S. A. today. The freighter brought about 1,500 tons of general cargo for discharge here, unloading at Holt's Wharf. En route to New York the Dona Nati will call at Hongkong, Manila, Los Angeles and the Panama Canal.

* * *

The Swedish motor vessel Sagoland, of the Maersk Line, arrived in Shanghai yesterday afternoon at 2.30 from Manila, via Hongkong and Taihoku, Formosa. She tied up at the lower buoys 13 and 14. The Sagoland is scheduled to get away again some time this afternoon for New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Savannah and other Atlantic coast ports by way of Kobe, Nagoya, Yokohama, Los Angeles and the Panama Canal.

* * *

The ss. President Coolidge, luxury liner of the American President Line fleet, is scheduled to arrive in Shanghai this morning at 8 o'clock, tying up at the lower buoys 11 and 12. A tender, the Merry Moller, will meet the liner to bring passengers ashore, and will arrive at the Customs Jetty at 9 o'clock. The liner will stay in port overnight, sailing again tomorrow morning at 5 o'clock. Two tenders, one at 9 tonight, and the other at 1 a.m. tomorrow, will take outgoing passengers to the ship from the Customs Jetty. Registered and ordinary mail for the Coolidge will be closed at the Office at 6 and 7 p.m. today respectively. The liner comes here from Los Angeles, via San Francisco, Honolulu, Yokohama and Kobe, and will sail for Hongkong and Manila.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From PACIFIC PORTS: Pres. Coolidge, with mail, due this morning, Buoys 11-12. Passengers expected at the Customs Jetty at 9 a.m. She will sail for Hongkong & Manila to-morrow before daybreak. The last tender leaves the Customs Jetty at 1 a.m.

From NAGASAKI: Shanghai Maru, with mail, due 3 p.m., Yangtsepoo Wharf.

From HONGKONG: Tatuta Maru, with mail, due 4.30 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York			**From Honolulu**		
Stl. M'ner	—	29/11	K'kura M	3/10	8/11
F'field C.	15/10	19/12	**From Manila**		
From Los Angeles			P Pierce	21/10	31/10
Vasaholm	—	28/10	**From Kobe**		
K'kura M	25/9	8/11	Taiyo M	28/10	30/10
From Seattle			**From Nagasaki**		
W Cuseta	30/9	5/11	N'saki M	24/10	25/10
C'sworth	15/10	20/11			

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen		
Dairen M	22/10	24/10

Vessels Discharging

PROMETHEUS. Cargo ex this vessel arrived from Hongkong per Glenogle on October 20 and is being discharged at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for local Delivery Orders. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Monday October 28, at 9.30 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 24-10

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Fooshing	Hsinkong	C.C.T.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Sagoland	Hongkong	Maersk L.
Canton	Haiphong	M.M.
Hukuken M.	Keelung	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

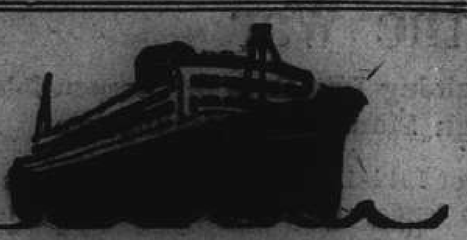
Name	Flag	Despatcher
Marion	Nor.	Wallem
Sandro Sandri	Ital.	Chu Foong
Santeli M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Wusuhan M.	Jap.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Isabel	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE



Orient-California Line via Honolulu
TATUTA MARU 11 a.m. .... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 18
*ASAMA MARU .... Nov. 27
*Sailing from Kobe
TATUTA MARU .... Dec. 16

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIE MARU .... Nov. 12
HEIAN MARU ...... Dec. 3
HIKAWA MARU ..... Dec. 18

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama
SADO MARU .... Oct. 27

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU .... Nov. 18

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
SUWA MARU ...... Dec. 1
Beyond Bombay Suspended

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
HARUNA MARU 4 p.m. Oct. 24
OKITU MARU .... Nov. 7

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
YASUKUNI MARU .. Oct. 28
NOSIRO MARU .... Nov. 26

Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
TATUTA MARU 11 a.m. Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU .... Nov. 7

31 The Bund NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA Telephone 12849
General Passenger Agents, Cunard—White Star Line

BLUE FUNNEL LINE
Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

A-O. LINE LTD.
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Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

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Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers,

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21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 82029

O. S. K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
HOKKAI MARU .... Oct. 23
HOKUROKU MARU .... Nov. 12

Kobe Sailings
For South America via Panama
SEIA MARU .... Oct. 29
KURAMA MARU .... Nov. 4
ARGENTINA MARU .... Nov. 12
For E. and S. Africa and S. America
AFRICA MARU .... Oct. 29
MONTEVIDEO MARU ... Nov. 26

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
CANBERRA MARU .... Oct. 31
For Bombay and Karachi
ATLAS MARU End of Oct.
For Rangoon and Calcutta
HIMALAYA MARU .... Nov. 12
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU ...... Nov. 29

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU .... Nov. 6

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephones 15323-15324

GLEN & SHIRE LINES
Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freight and passage apply to:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

The News of the Week

Herald news is not based on rumours, but authentic, substantiated facts; the cartoons represent the best of their kind, by the leading masters of satire, while the other features are well written, and well illustrated by photographs. The *North-China Herald* is the ideal gift to send to the family and friends abroad.

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Including postage to China or Japan for 6 months $ 42
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THE NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI TELEPHONE 11055

Vessels Sailing

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SOUTH CHINA COAST

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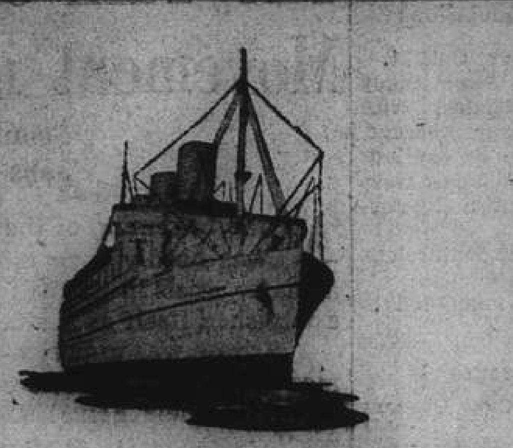
J.C.-J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Telephone 16247.

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool		**For Manila**	
Suwa M	7/12	P Coolidge	24/10
For Bombay		West Cuseta	7/11
Haruna M	23/10	Collingsworth	23/11
Okitu M	7/11	**For Hongkong**	
For New York		P Coolidge	24/10
Dona Nati	24/10	Kamakura M	9/11
Hokkai M	24/10	**For Kobe**	
Sado M	27/10	Tatuta M	24/10
Yawata M	7/11	Taiyo M	2/11
Hokuroku M	12/11	Yawata M	7/11
Fairfield City	20/12	**For Nagasaki**	
For San Francisco		Shanghai M	24/10
Tatuta M	24/10	Nagasaki M	26/10
P Pierce	1/11	**For Dairen**	
P Coolidge	6/11	Hoten M	23/10
P Taft	15/11	Dairen M	26/10
Kamakura M	15/11	Tsingtao M	29/10
For Seattle		Hoten M	31/10
West Cuseta	7/11	Dairen M	3/11
Collingsworth	23/11	Tsingtao M	5/11

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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Steamships—Rail—Hotels

SAILINGS: TO PACIFIC COAST—
First week in November — Fourth week in December
First week in December — Second week in February
TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—
Third week in November — Third week in December

Canadian Pacific
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
The Bund and Peking Road, Shanghai. Tel. 12496

TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival		Departure (Shanghai Time)
SHANGHAI MARU	Oct. 23 (Yangtzepoo Wharf)	....	Oct. 24 at 8.30 a.m. (Yangtzepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	Oct. 25	....	Oct. 26 at 8.30 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	Oct. 28	....	Oct. 29 at 8.30 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	Oct. 30	....	Oct. 31 at 8.30 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

			Departure (Shanghai Time)
TAIYO MARU	Oct. 30 (Wayside Wharf)	....	Nov. 2 at 7 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	Nov. 22	....	Nov. 26

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel, Telephones 42350, 44064

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service

Shanghai—**34 DAYS**—New York

To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal

Next Sailing about October 26

For Freight and Passage Rates apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

ms. Dona Nati sails Oct. 24
Next Sailing about Nov. 25
ms. Dona Aniceta sails Dec. 23

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freight and passage apply to:
DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

D. K. K.
For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE
Connecting with South Manchuria and Trans-Siberian Railways
Shortest route between Europe and Far East.

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Shanghai Time.)
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 21	Oct. 23 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 24	Oct. 26 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 27	Oct. 29 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 29	Oct. 31 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 1	Nov. 3 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 4	Nov. 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 6	Nov. 8 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. TIENTSIN MARU .... Departure: Oct. 28 at 4 p.m.
ss. CHOHEI MARU .... " Oct. 29 at 5 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU .... Nov. 4
ss. KOGA MARU .... Nov. 9

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER *Sailings*

SS. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE
Due Shanghai WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23
Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty at 9 a.m.
Sailing for HONGKONG and MANILA
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 1 a.m.
on THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24

VISITORS NOT ALLOWED ABOARD STEAMERS

TRANS-PACIFIC: Via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. PIERCE .. .. Nov. 1
PRES. COOLIDGE .. .. Nov. 6
PRES. TAFT .. .. Nov. 15
PRES. CLEVELAND .. .. Dec. 9

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All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

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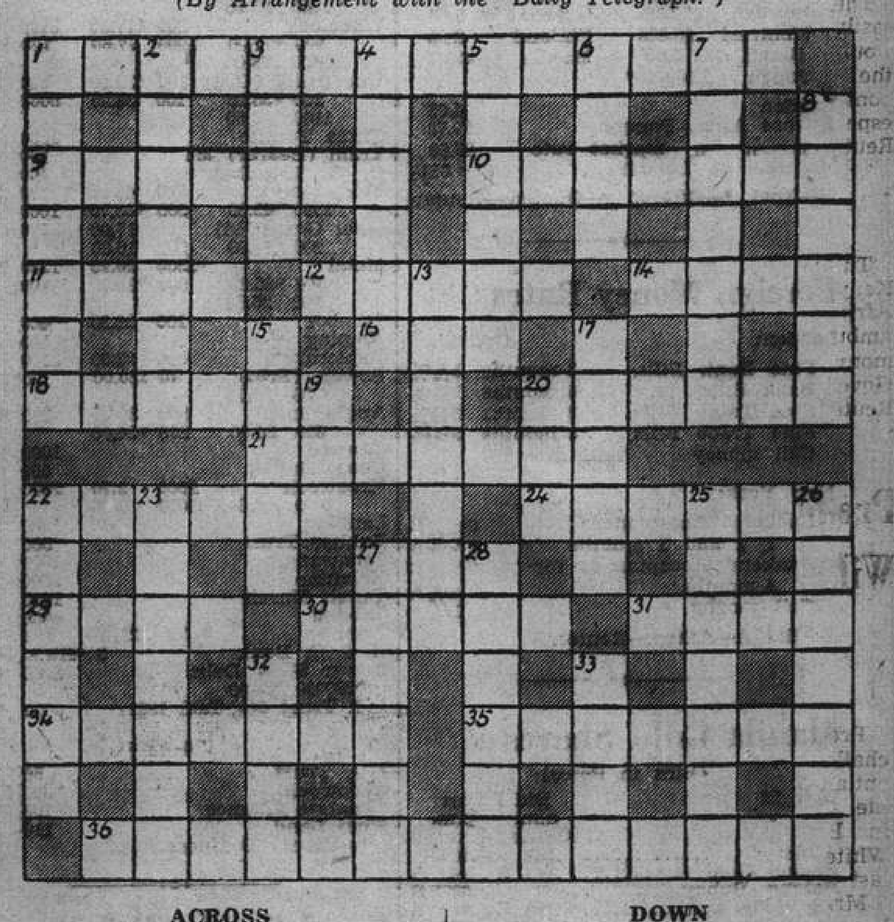
CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 328

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



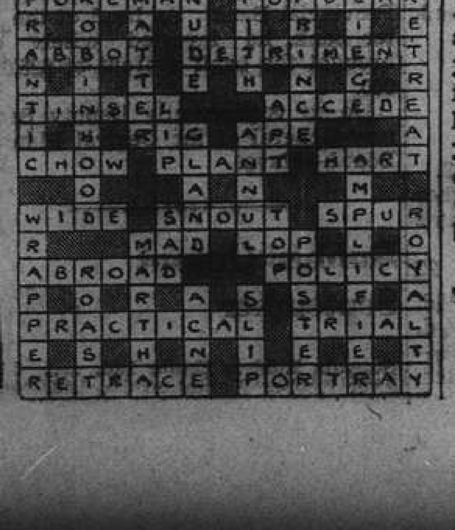
ACROSS

1 Though altogether a glut there's only one bit of food in the midst
9 Part of a bell describes a Dartmoor bridge
10 What we hear broadcast for a change
11 It's an advantage to take everything from a balloon
12 Compel
14 A row in the N.W. Frontier of India
16 Diminutive
18 Book of the O.T.
20 Disease
21 Poetic soldier
22 What sounds like an enquiry about the 19 down Edward is drooping
24 Poet's entrance
27 Ordinary 12 across
29 Paradoxically a sweet dish
30 Part of Africa
31 A bird that helps us in the war
34 Sounds almost a suitable description of the ardent supporter of the decimal system
35 A 14 across of buildings
36 The people and their medical advisers combine to make these law courts

DOWN

1 Where even the truthful may lie
2 No Greek philosopher makes this body of soldiers
3 Intent
4 Not a public-house brawl but a tumulus
5 It's not the old hand that shows no failing
6 "Bring with thee........from Heaven or blasts from hell" ("Hamlet")
7 "He's rich" (anag.)
8 Mediterranean island
13 Apparently a forbidding tune
15 Precious stone
17 English poet
19 May be seen in the Palladium
20 Sailors know this gallant sails at sea
22 How one expresses interior position
23 This school anyhow puts learning first
25 Some mighty blow
26 These belong to the fighting forces, not the R.A.M.C.
27 Cabinet-maker's work
28 Occult
32 An unpleasant visitor in the assignation
33 This little drink with a following becomes theatrical work

SOLUTION OF CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 327



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THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone 11055, Extension 5

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 25/32d.		$ 63.47
U.S. $100 @ 5 13/16		$1,720.43
Yen	24⅝	$100
Guilders	10⅞	100
Rupees	20⅞	100
Pesos	11⅝	100
Hongkong	$23½	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3⅞d.	$ 61.93
U.S. $100 @ 5 15/16	$1,684.00
London—demand, $1=	3⅞d.
4 months' sight credits	3 29/32d.
4 months' sight docts	3 15/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 15/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 31/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 15/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 15/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $6

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03 U.S. $1=59.55d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 25/32d. U.S. $5 13/16

Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders .... Selling 10⅞

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,684.210 £=$61.935

Selling U.S.$100=$1,758.241 £=$64.000

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1

,, Buying ,, @ 6⅛ ,, H.H.$ 1

U.S.$ Selling ,, @ 9½ ,, H.H.$100

,, Buying ,, @ 9¼ ,, H.H.$100

Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 158 per H.H.$100

buying @ 163 ,, H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.797

Gold Unit 1.00—Local dollar $4.560

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	3 25/32	3 13/16
U.S. G.$	5⅞	5 29/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING
Cash		Oct./Nov.	
£ T.T.	3 27/32	4 m/s. l.c.	3 31/32
G.$ T.T.	5 13/16	4 m/s. l.c.	5 15/16
Rs. T.T.	21⅛	15 d/s.	21⅜

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	23 1/16	23⅜
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Market closed		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing rate for Oct. 21	4.03
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.69
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.70

The local market remained quietly steady all day. There was some merchant buying but outport selling kept the market steady, even forcing quotations up at one time as high as 5⅞ U.S.$. At the close the market was quiet with sellers at:—

3 27/32 sterling 5 13/16 U.S.$ Cash/Nov.

3 29/32 ,, 5 29/32 ,, Dec.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Oct. 21.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	81¼	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	22¾	,, sellers	1/5 31/32
Hongkong	84¼	,, buyers	1/6 1/32
		Japan 2 mths	
		,, sellers	82¾
		,, buyers	77

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Madrid	37.70	Hongkong	1/3 3/32
Berne	17.30	Singapore	2/4 3/32
Bel. C'go	125¼	Yokohama	1/2½
Shanghai	3 27/32d.	,, buying	1/2

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.05	Shanghai	6.00
Spain	9.25 N.	Hungary	19.50†
Italy	5.05 N.	Rumania	0.50
S'zerand	23.19	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Sweden	23.85	Greece	0.68
Montreal	86.625	Finland	2.00
Brazil	5.05	Manila	49.81
Japan	23.45/48*		
London			4.03
Buenos Aires, Paper			29.78
,, ,, market rate			23.80
Montreal on London			4.65½

N—Nom. *—Offered †—Quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		Oct. 21.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		⅞%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B
	0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B
	0½%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Oct. 22	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.165	.165
Baguio Gold	.145 S	.145 S
Batong Buhay	—	.0075 S
Big Wedge	.195 S	.20 S
Coco Grove	0.2625	.0625 S
Consolidated Mines	.0014 S	.0014 S
Demonstration	.06	.06
East Mindanao	.07	.07
I. X. L.	.235	.235
Ipo Gold	.055	.055
Itogon	.16 S	.16 S
Masbate Consolidated	.065	.065
Paracale Gumaus	.16	.16
Surigao Consolidated	.15	.15
Suyoc	.095 S	.095 S
United Paracale	.155 S	.155 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.095	.095
Manila Hai-Alai	Unq.	6.00 S

Turnover for the Morning: 26,600 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 50.00.

S—Sales.—Reuter.

Deposits Taken from U.S. Bank at Peiping

Peiping, Oct. 21.

Owing to the present tense situation in the Far East, depositors are withdrawing their money from the local branch of the National City Bank of New York, it was learned today. The Bank has agreed to pay depositors in Federal Reserve Bank Notes.—Havas.

Silver Quotations

London, Oct. 22.

Silver prices were fixed 1/16d. higher today compared with yesterday's levels.

	Oct. 21	Oct. 22
London spot	23 1/16d.	23⅛d.
,, forward	23⅜d.	23 7/16d.
,, gold	168/—	168/—

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

In a session of exceptionally quiet trading, values generally held steady, with rumours affecting the market but little. Any bargains were quickly snapped up by shorts and good buying towards the close was noted in Ewos, Docks and Wheelocks, the usual favourites. Rubbers on the whole were slightly easier while the turnover was of a moderate size. All indications seem to point to a very heavy over-subscription of the new Ewo Brewery issue, which is to be offered on Thursday.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	274.70	—3.28
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	256.71	—3.83

Total 300,713 shares, 5,110 bonds.

Morning Session

Stock	Qty	Price	Qty	Price	Qty	Price
Yangtsze Finance			1000	12.20	1500	12.10
	500	*12.00	5000	12.00	500	11.90
S'hai Loan			500	26.75	1000	26.50
	1000	*26.50	500	26.75		
I. I. Trust			1000	19.70	1000	20.00
	500	*20.00	1000	*19.80	1500	19.80
	1500	19.60	2000	19.50	500	19.40
	500	*19.40	1000	19.70	500	19.60
	3000	19.50	1000	19.60		
S'hai Securities			2000	4.95	9500	4.90
	500	*4.95	1500	4.85	1500	*4.90
	500	*4.85	500	4.85		
S'hai Land			500	11.50	1500	11.60
	3500	11.40				
Dockyards			7300	29.00	500	*29.25
	2400	29.25	100	*29.00	1700	28.75
	300	*28.75	500	*28.50	1400	28.50
	300	*28.25	600	28.25	1100	28.50
	500	*28.25	3100	28.75	800	*28.75
	500	*28.50	700	28.75		
Wheelock			300	78.50	700	78.00
	500	*78.50	2400	78.00	2500	77.50
	600	*78.00	1600	*77.00	800	77.00
	2400	76.50	600	*76.50	1000	*77.00
	800	77.00	600	77.50	500	78.00
	1600	77.50				
Ewo Mills (Ord)			3300	39.00	900	39.25
	500	*39.25	200	38.75	600	*38.75
	2400	38.50	400	*38.50	1200	38.25
	100	38.00	200	*38.25	1900	38.50
	500	*38.50	300	*38.75	700	38.75
	800	38.50	600	*38.50	200	38.75
China Textile			3500	8.10	1000	*8.10
	2500	8.05	4000	8.00	2000	7.95
	1000	8.05				
Tram (Bearer) £1					1600	44.00
	1100	*44.00				
C. G. Omnibus			200	18.70	100	18.60
	100	18.70				
Telephone			300	43.00	100	*43.25
	1100	43.50	400	43.75	1500	43.25
	100	*43.25	2400	43.00	200	43.25
S'hai Gas (Old)					700	17.00
Metal			300	27.00	400	*27.00
	300	26.75	4100	26.50	1200	26.25
	300	*26.25	900	26.50		
Lumber			800	39.50	400	39.00
	200	*39.00	100	39.25		
Kaiping					200	39.00
Exploration			3000	22.75	7500	22.50
	1000	*22.00	7000	22.00	1000	21.75
	7500	22.25	500	*22.25		
Power (Pref)			15	*130.25	60	130.00
Anglo Java			2000	34.50	300	34.75
	1200	*34.75	100	*34.50	1500	34.25
	1400	34.00	100	33.75	200	*34.25
	100	34.50	100	*34.50	700	34.25
Cheng			3000	0.81	1000	0.80
	8000	0.80				
Kroewoek			2000	2.75	1000	*2.65
	5000	2.65	1000	*2.62½	2000	2.62½
	1000	2.65				
Langkat			100	25.00	1800	24.75
	200	*24.75	200	*24.50	500	24.25
	2300	24.50				
Padang					2000	2.40
Permata			2000	1.20	5000	1.18
Repah					1000	1.22
Rubber Trust			500	9.10	500	9.00
Semambu					1000	1.20
Senawang					1000	1.40
Kedah					500	9.00
Kelantan			3000	0.96	1000	0.95
Tanah Merah					1000	3.10
Tebong			2000	1.50	3000	1.46
	2000	*1.50	1000	*1.48	1000	1.50
Ziangbe					400	22.00
Power 5½% Debs.					1000	89.00
	5000	88.75				
Telephone 6% Debs.					10000	94.000
S. M. C. 6% 1940					200000	*86.00

ODD LOTS

Stock	Qty	Price	Qty	Price	Qty	Price
Tram (Bearer) £1					50	44.25
	50	43.50				
Wheelock					20	79.00
I. I. Trust			200	19.90	200	19.90
	50	19.50				
Power (Pref)					3	130.50
S'hai Land			100	11.60	100	11.50
China Textile			200	8.05	50	8.00
Telephone					10	43.75

Afternoon Session

Stock	Qty	Price	Qty	Price	Qty	Price
Ewo Mills (Ord)					200	38.00
Yangtsze Finance			500	11.80	500	11.70
	1000	11.80				
S'hai Loan					1000	26.75
I. I. Trust			500	*19.40	5000	19.40
	2000	19.50	1500	*19.50		
S'hai Securities					4000	4.90
Central Prop.					100	15.90
S'hai Land			500	11.50	1000	11.40
	500	*11.40	2000	11.50		
Dockyards			5600	28.50	100	*28.25
	1200	28.50				
Wheelock			200	*77.50	3100	77.00
	200	*77.00	1900	77.50	100	*77.50
	400	78.00				
Ewo Mills (Ord)			100	*38.50	600	38.50
	500	*38.25	100	38.25	9000	38.50
	1100	*38.50				
China Textile					1500	8.00
Tram (Bearer) £1					100	44.00
C. G. Omnibus					100	18.50
Telephone			700	43.00	200	43.25
	3500	43.50	300	*43.75	1000	43.50
S'hai Gas (Old)			100	17.00	100	16.80
	200	16.90	200	16.80		
Metal			2500	26.25	1200	26.50
	200	*26.25	500	*26.50	100	26.25
	200	26.50				
Lumber			100	39.25	400	39.00
Kaiping					100	38.25
Exploration			500	22.00	3500	22.25
Power (Pref)			10	130.00	20	*129.75
	20	129.75				
Anglo Java			500	34.25	300	*34.25
	600	34.00	200	*34.00		
Chemor					1000	2.50
Consolidated					500	6.30
Kroewoek			2000	2.70	2000	2.65
	1000	2.60	2000	2.65		
Langkat					1200	24.50
Rubber Trust					500	9.10
Senawang					1000	1.34
Kelantan					2000	0.95
Tanah Merah					1000	3.15
Tebong					4000	1.50
Ziangbe			300	21.75	100	*21.50
H. & S. Bank					5	*Hk.$1,300.00
Power 5½% Debs					2000	88.75
	290000	*89.00				
I. I. Trust 6% Tael 1931					3000	86.00

ODD LOTS

Stock	Qty	Price
I. I. Trust	50	19.20
Kroewoek	500	2.62½
Yangtsze Finance	100	11.70
S'hai Land	110	11.30

*—Direct Business.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. per bale	$1,291
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	228
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$24.65
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	17.00
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$5,250

New General Manager of Farmers Bank Appointed

Chungking, Oct. 22.

Considered one of China's most brilliant financiers, Mr. Y. C. Koo, Assistant General Manager of the Farmers' Bank of China, was today appointed General Manager by the Board of Directors.

He will replace Mr. Yih Chur-tong, who resigned owing to poor health.

Mr. Koo was formerly Finance Commissioner for Kwangtung province and head of the Kwangtung Provincial Bank. As head of the latter bank, he invested wisely and brought the bank a profit of $25,000,000.

He is concurrently Deputy Secretary-General of the Central Planning Board.—Havas.

Rubber Output September

	lb.
Sungala Rubber Estate Ltd.	36,000
Ayer Rubber Plantation Co., Ltd.	49,000

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 21.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished quiet and irregular, with fractional moves either way recorded.

Operators continued to be cautious and hesitant, and price changes were consequently unimportant and narrow.

News was more or less featureless, resulting in a very dull session.

The turnover today amounted to 370,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	132.28	131.13	131.37	—0.81
20 Rails	28.83	28.61	28.68	—0.21
15 Utilit.	22.22	21.88	21.94	—0.26
40 Bonds	—	—	90.22	+0.05
11 Commod.	—	—	55.38	—0.03

Oct.	19	21	Oct.	19	21
Adams Exp	5¼	5¼	Libbey O F	43	43⅜
Alg Lud	23½	23⅞	Loew's	27½	27
Allis Chal	36½	36	Loft Inc	22⅝	22¼
Alum Ltd	*78	78	Mack Trks	27	26¾
Amer Can	94½	94⅜	Martin	31⅞	32½
Am Cyan B	36½	36½	McK & R	27½	*27
Am For Pr	*1⅛	1⅛	Mountain	3⅛	3¼
,, $7 pfd	15	14½	Mont Ward	41½	40¾
Am Metal	*16½	*16	Nat Avian	10½	11
Am Loco	15½	*15½	Nat City B	*27½	*27½
Am R Mill	12⅝	12½	Nat Dairy	13½	13¼
Am Radtr	7½	7	Nat Dist	*20½	20⅝
Am Smltg	42⅜	41⅝	Nat Lead	17⅝	17⅞
Am Sug R	*13	*13⅜	Nat P & L	7⅞	8
Am T & T	165⅞	163¾	Nat Sup	6	5⅞
Am Tob B	74	74	N Y Cent	14⅜	14½
Am Wtwrks	9	9⅛	Niag Hud	4⅜	4¼
Anaconda	23	22¾	N A Avian	17½	17⅞
Avian Cpn	4⅝	4⅝	N Am Co	20⅛	19½
Atchison	17	16⅞	N Pacific	7	7
Bald Loco	16⅝	16⅞	O I Glass	55¾	*54¼
Balt & O	4½	4½	Packard	3⅜	3½
Barber	*10½	*10	Pac G & E	*29	28⅞
Barnsdall	8	8½	Pan A Air	15⅝	15⅞
Bendix	30⅞	30⅞	Paramount	8⅜	8⅛
Bliss	*14½	14½	Penn R R	23⅞	23⅞
Beth Steel	80⅞	80¾	P & R Coal	0⅞	0⅞
Borg War	18⅜	18⅜	Phil Pet	34⅞	35¼
Boeing	15⅞	16	P S of N J	*32⅞	32⅞
Briggs	22	22	Pullman	25⅜	25⅞
Budd Mfg	4⅜	4⅜	Pure Oil	6⅞	6⅞
Can Pac	3½	3⅝	Reading	14	*14
Case J I	55	*54	Radio	4¼	4¼
Celanese	29½	28⅞	Rem Arms	*5⅞	*5⅞
Chase N B	*32½	*32½	Rep Avian	5⅜	5¼
Ches & O	41	40⅝	Rep Steel	18⅜	18⅝
Chrysler	80½	80⅞	Rev C & B	*11	11½
Col G & E	5½	6	Rey Tob B	35	34½
Col Credit	31½	31½	Safeway	43½	*43
Cons Edis	26	25⅞	Schenley	9⅞	9⅞
Com & Sth	1⅛	1⅛	Sears Roeb	78⅜	78⅞
Cons Oil	5⅝	5⅝	Shell U O	9⅜	*9
Cont Can	38⅞	38⅞	Soc Vac	7⅞	7⅞
Con Oil	17	17⅛	Sthrn Pac	8⅜	8⅜
Cop Steel	19⅝	19⅝	Sthrn Rly	21⅞	21⅞
Curtis Wr	7⅞	7⅝	Spicer	*32½	33
,, A	28	27⅞	Std Brands	6⅞	7
Deere & Co	21	20¾	Std G & E	1⅛	1⅛
Dist Cpn S	17	17⅛	Std Oil C	17⅞	17⅞
Douglas	82	84	Std Oil N J	31⅞	32
E P Lead	*9½	9	Stone & W	8⅜	8⅜
Du Pont	171½	168	Studebaker	8	6
Eaton Mfg	34½	34⅜	Swift Int	*18½	18½
Elec A Lite	36	36⅞	Technicor	8⅛	8¼
Elec B & S	5½	5⅝	Tex Cpn	34	33⅞
,, $5 pfd	*64	64	Tex Gulf	*33	33⅞
,, $6 pfd	73	73	Transamer	4⅜	4⅜
Elec P & Lt	39½	39½	Timken	29	28⅞
Flintkote	*17	16⅞	T W Cent F	6	6
Gen A Tr	49½	49½	Un B & P	12	11⅞
Gen Elec	34⅞	34⅞	Un Carbide	73	72¾
Gen Motor	49⅞	49⅞	Un Pac	83⅞	81⅞
Gen Rly	*16	15	Un Air	39⅞	39⅝
Gen T & R	*11⅞	11⅛	Un A Line	18⅜	18
Glidden	14⅛	*14⅛	Un Cpn	2	2
Goodrich	12⅞	12⅛	,, $3 pfd	33⅞	33
,, $5 pfd	*58	59	Un Gas	*1⅛	*1⅛
Goodyear	15⅝	15⅝	Un G Imp	11⅛	11⅛
Gt N I Ore	14⅞	14⅞	U S Ind	*22	23⅛
Gt W Sug	19⅞	20	U S Rub	21	20⅜
Gt N Rly	27⅛	27⅛	,, pfd	78⅞	78
Grey Cpn	11⅛	11⅛	U S Smelt	60⅞	61½
Her Pow	*76	76½	U S Steel	61⅝	61
Homestake	47	47⅞	Vanadium	33⅞	33⅞
Int Nickel	28⅞	28⅞	Vultee	*8½	*8
Int Paper	14⅞	14⅞	Walworth	4⅝	4⅝
Int T & T	*2	2	War Br Pic	2⅞	2⅞
Kennecotot	31	31⅛	Woodward	30⅜	30⅜
Lak F & M	*4	*4	West Elec	107	107⅞
Lockheed	29	29			

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	49½	49½
Balt. & Ohio "A" 5s	36¾	36½
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	14½	14
,, ,, ,, 6½% 1957	11⅞	11¾
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	90¼	90½
Erie 5s 1967	16⅛	16
Int. Tel. & Tel.	24½	24¼
New England Gas & Elec.	66	66
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	41	40¾
Stand. Gas & Elec.	72½	73

*—Bid †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices drifted irregularly lower today in the quietest trading session in several weeks. Price changes were narrow. There was little domestic news to influence trading. The principal item of interest, however, were the American Iron and Steel Institute's estimate that this week's steel output would reach a new record high on tonnage basis and the Detroit report that huge backlogs may boost the automobile output for the month to a record high level. Dupont's preliminary report indicated that the third quarter net earnings would be $1.74 per share, compared with $1.91 for the corresponding quarter of last year.

Stocks:—Despite the irregular trend recorded today, offerings were light and apparently well taken. Good bids were understood to be in the market at slightly under current levels.

STATISTICS

	Week Comm. 21/10	Week Comm. 14/10
Steel Mill Activity (Amer. Iron & Steel Inst's.)	94.9	94.4
	(per cent. of capacity)	

EARNINGS

Stock	Period	1940	1939
Southern Pac. Co.	9 mths 30/9	$18,433,521x	$18,515,542x

x—net operating income.

Cotton:—Southern advices that from 4,500,000 to 5,000,000 bales were going into the loan, with consumption estimates at 8,0000,000 bales, would indicate a Sound forward position after hedging has been completed.

Wheat:—Early sellers covered and later re-sold, but the market continues its resistance on slight reactions. The visible decrease is listed at 1,470,000 bushels.

Corn:—Increasing primary receipts are causing some apprehension as to the permanency of present levels. The visible increase is listed at 4,489.000 bushels.

Rubber:—Both spots and futures were stagnant today.

Hides:—Ruled firm on reports of the tightening of the spot situation. The market is absorbing realizing well.

Sugar No. 4:—Conditions in the market continued to be stagnant.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 21.

Commodities, generally, ruled quiet and featureless today.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 11¾ +1/16 sellers 11 13/16 +1/16; Nov. del. buyers 11 13/16 +1/16; sellers 11⅞ 1/16.

Liverpool Cotton; American Futures. Mar. 7.36 +04. Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 Contract: Jan. 11.07 —04.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, cash, middle price £258 —¾; 3 mths. del., middle price £260¼ +⅜.

London Gold: Bar, Fine, per oz., 168/-, unchaged.

London Silver: Market very idle. After the official fixing the market was very quiet, with no business done.

Spot	23 1/16d. unch.
Forward	23⅜d. unch.

—Reuter.

OF HK$31,590 collected by the Hongkong committee of the Netherlands relief fund in August $21,400 was remitted to the Queen Wilhelmina fund in Batavia. A meeting of the committee was held recently when ways were discussed for disposal of funds collected. Queen Wilhelmina recently decided to present five million guilders out of the Batavia fund to Britain for the purchase of bombers and fighting planes, which made it possible to add 58 planes to the R.A.F. strength.

The Task of the Boy Scout Movement in the War

Scout Training Fits Boys for Responsible Jobs; High Standard of Intelligence

AT the beginning of the war of 1914-18 the Boy Scout movement was hardly 7 years old, a tender age at which to face up to a major crisis in its life; but scouting not only survived but firmly established itself as a vital educational force.

Britain was unprepared for that war but it possessed a stripling movement with a motto of "Be Prepared" for any emergency. Let them try their hand! Scout Guards for railways and factories, scout messengers, scout coastguards, scout 'bus conductors; and then when air raids came, scout first aid parties and firemen and —best remembered—the "All Clear" boys for use after air raids.

The boys were able to tackle with intelligence and enthusiasm any responsible task allotted to them. Scouting had proved its worth. It had also proved the value of its patrol system (boy leadership) in that it continued to flourish throughout the war despite the fact that the vast majority of its officers had been called to the colours. In the story of courage and self-sacrifice it is not forgotten that 150,000 members of the movement served in the British Forces, over 10,000 gave their lives and the long list of awards and decorations made to its members was headed by no fewer than 11 Victoria Crosses, the highest British award for gallantry.

In the years between that struggle and the present one the progress of the movement has been phenomenal. It has spread to every country in the world where democracy rules. The world total of boys and men who have benefited by its training runs into tens of millions and it is true to say that, with its sister organization, the Girl Guide, it has approached nearer to the true ideal of world brotherhood and peace than any other organization of its kind.

The outbreak of the present war was a blow to every member of the Scout Movement, but scouting is an international Movement, not an international one; that is, that after God, a Scout's first duty is to his country. His country's enemies are his enemies.

Scout Movement Prepared

In September, 1939, the scout movement in Britain was prepared, but it had to face another and even sterner test than in 1914. Most of those picturesque jobs of 1914-18 were now undertaken by the fighting Forces, the Air Raid Precautions Workers, or some other Civil Defence Unit. There was plenty of work for the Scouts to do, but it was rather humdrum stuff—messenger work, collecting waste paper, looking after evacuees—and scores of other most necessary tasks but somewhat lacking in romance and adventure.

The Scouts swallowed their disappointment and tackled all this work whole-heartedly. Those of suitable age with special qualifications have joined the Air Raid Defence Services or Home Guard and those of military age have joined the Forces by the thousand. Already the Scout casualty list is out of all proportion to the movement's place in the population and the Scout list of awards and decorations grows day by day.

From up and down the country come reports of Commanding Officers seeking out the old Scouts in their units for responsible jobs, and tributes by the score from all the Services to the value of Scout-trained men.

Despite the value of scout training in time of war, scouting is a movement for peace; for producing men of character, capable of constructive work for the betterment of the world and the movement in Britain today is, in addition to its war-time activities, pursuing its normal training as far as it possibly can, certain that when victory is won it will have a major part to play in the great reconstruction.

Although today scouting is a world-wide movement one must still, with the exception of the U.S.A., go to Britain and the British Empire to see it flourish in that perfect freedom and liberty of action so essential to its full success. In Great Britain it threw over the chance of any political bias when it rejected a government maintenance grant in its early days with the result that today it receives the blessing and support of all the major political parties.

On the religious side its freedom is even more noticeable, and members of all churches find no difficulty in enjoying full membership of the movement while at the same time preserving their own individuality.

In Great Britain the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster, the Moderator of the Free Churches, the Moderator of the Church of Scotland and the Chief Rabbi are all members of the Council of the Boy Scouts Association, and from the very commencement of scouting these leaders have been consulted at every step in the development of the religious policy of the movement.

The result has been that each denomination has been content for its members to work in full co-operation with the main organization, the Boy Scouts Association, and there is complete confidence on all sides. Various churches have unofficial guilds to further the cause of scouting among their own members and these guilds act in an advisory capacity to the Boy Scouts Association.

This ability to overcome social and religious barriers is not the only reason why so many people are looking to the scout movement to help in the problems of the future.

It is, in addition, a movement which has overcome the barrier of all colour and class. It has established effective training for the whole of youth from 8 to 30 years of age and it has an effective system for training its own leaders.

Economic Development Of Szechuen Pushed

Chungking, Oct. 22.

With the object of promoting the economic development of Szechuan and Hsikang provinces, the Committees of Economic Reconstruction of the two provinces have decided to hold a plenary meeting at Chengtu shortly.

The main subject discussed will be the formation of a joint economic development company, similar to those at present operating in Kweichow and Yunnan. The company would be capitalized at $30,000,000, to which the Central Government would contribute $6,000,000, Szechuan province $6,000,000, Hsikang province $6,000,000, while donations from the people are expected to reach $12,000,000.—Havas.

U.S. Developing Potash Markets

Taking Over Large Part Of Germany's Trade in Western Hemisphere

German preoccupation in Europe has opened to American producers extensive potash markets in the Western Hemisphere and in Pacific Ocean countries, Dr. H. I. Smith of the United States Geological Survey reported to the American Chemical Society, which held its 100th meeting in Detroit, during September, states "The Christian Service Monitor."

Potash, a term commonly adopted for the various compounds of potassium, is used extensively in agriculture. It increases the output and quality of farm products and the shipping and keeping qualities of vegetable foods, according to Dr. Smith, who points out that the latter function is particularly important in time of war, as was amply demonstrated during the last World War when our supply of potash was cut off. Only 10 per cent. of the world output is used in industry.

Germany had a virtual monopoly on potash production at the outbreak of the last war, but since then potash has been recovered from brines in Palestine, mined from underground deposits in Russia, Poland, France, Spain, and Germany, and produced from both brines and deep-seated deposits in the United States.

Foreign exportation of potash, however, has been brought to a standstill by recent European developments, he points out. Spain has not been able to export much since its civil war; Russia has been consuming most of its own output and has taken over the Polish deposits. Shipments from Palestine have been restricted since Italy's entrance into the war, and the surrender of France has eliminated its supply from world markets.

German potash is probably available to all the continental countries of Europe in exchange for war materials, Dr. Smith says, but the markets of the Western Hemisphere and the Pacific Ocean countries that were largely supplied by France and Germany prior to the war are open to American producers, who supplied 8.5 per cent. of the world output in 1938 and sold potash in 25 countries in 1939.

Dull New York Market Yesterday

"Patience Trying" Market Expected by Wall Street

New York, Oct. 22.

The dullest trading in several weeks featured yesterday's stock market as prices fluctuated irregularly but within narrow limits. The trend was slightly down but with no particular pressure.

Wall Street financiers anticipate a "patience trying" market in the immediate future with many looking for tests of all listings at present levels.

Selectvie buying and selling featured recent sessions and further operations of a similar nature are expected.

Many traders were delighted at reports of an electorate swing to Willkie in various parts of the country.

The war remains the number one uncertainty but unless there is a distinct change one way or the other, it is not expected to expert much influence on prices.—United Press.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 21.

Apart from modest provincial support for home rails, trading on the London Stock Exchange was quiet with price changes very small.

Leading industrials were occasionally sold, imparting dullness to other issues.

British gilt-edged securities and Kaffirs were steadily maintained, while other sections ruled generally inactive.—Reuter.

	Oct. 18	21
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan, (Red.)	£102¾	102¾
3% Defence Loan	101⅜	101⅛
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	30	30
4½% Anglo French Loan	35	35
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	12	12
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	18	18
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	8	8
5% Honan Rly. 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	12	12
5% ,, ,, (Ger. Is.)	10	10
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	8	8
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	12	12
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	8	8
5% ,, ,, G.	8	8
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) B.	8	8
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G.	8	8
5% Canton Kowloon Rly.	6	6
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	41	41
JAPANESE BONDS		
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	22	22
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	6⅞	6⅞
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	60	60
,, ,, ,, (Col. Reg.)	57 N	57 N
Mercantile Bank of India	10¼	10⅜
National Bank of India	25	25
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	20	20
COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	9/10½	9/10½
B'tish American Tobacco	82/6	81/10½
Dunlop Rubber	30/3	30/1½
Imp. Chem. Industries	27/6	27/6
United Steel	19/1½	19/-
Woolworths	57/1½	56/10½
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	14/-	14/-
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	6/10½	6/10½
Pekin-Syndicate	2/-	2/-
Sub-Nigel	160/-	160/-
Western Holding	8/9	8/9
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	32¼	32¼
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	13/9	13/9
London, Midland & Scot.	12¾	13
S'hai Elec. Construction	15/-	15/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	13½	13½
Shell Transport & Trad.	36/3	35/7½

U. S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 21.

The cotton market early advanced on some trade buying and shorts covering. Later, prices reacted on the lack of any important buying, profit-taking and the weakness of Wall Street. Finally, the market closed quiet, with quotations ranging from 2 points up to 2 points down.

Prices in the rubber market today opened higher on small factory buying and more encouraging cables. Later, the market turned dull and featureless on the hesitancy of operators, pending clarification of the foreign political outlook. At the close, gains of 2 to 12 points were recorded.

Wheat futures in Chicago today moderately advanced on some mill buying, light receipts and shorts covering. At the final bell, quotations ranged from unchanged to ⅛ cent up.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
Dec.	9.50-50 +02		
Jan.	9.39 N —01	Dec.	20.30 B +02
Mar.	9.45-45 —01	Jan.	20.15 B +05
May	9.34-34 —02	Mar.	19.98-98 +08
July	9.16-16 —01	May	19.81 B +12
Oct.	8.77-77 +01		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Mar.	1.94-95 +01 B/A	Dec.	0.81-81½ —½ B/A
May	1.98-99 +01 B/A	Mar.	0.87-87½ —½ B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
Dec.	85⅝-85¾ +⅛	Dec.	60⅜-60½ unc.
May	84⅜-84¼ unc.	May	61½-61½ unc.

Winnipeg Wheat		N. Y. Silk No.1	
Oct.	70¼ B —¼	Dec.	2.70½-70½ —8½

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK of NEW YORK

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BRITISH INDIA: Bombay and Calcutta.

CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.

THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.

STRAITS SETTLEMENT: Singapore.

JAPAN: Kobe and Tokyo.

All Banking Transactions.

C. G. RIEM, Manager, Shanghai.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(*Established 1880*)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y142,150,000

Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND

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Dairen	Nagoya	Tientsin
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U.S. Draft Lottery Date Announced as October 29

President to Address Nation as First Conscript Number is Drawn; Widespread Praise at Response

Washington, Oct. 22.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt yesterday set October 29 as the date for the "lottery" which will determine the 800,000 men forming the first quota of the new American conscript army.

Draft Headquarters announced last night that President Roosevelt will address the nation by radio briefly when the drawing of the conscription numbers begins.

The Secretary of War, Col. Henry Stimson, will draw the first draft number, breaking the precedent set in 1917 when President Wilson drew the first number.

Prior to the lottery drawing, each local draft board will post a number for each man who registered last Wednesday.

If the first number drawn should be 258, as in the Great War lottery, then each local board throughout the country would send a questionnaire to each man whose number is 258.

If the holders of number 258 indicate that they have no dependents or no essential job, they will be placed in Class One. After all volunteers have been taken into the army, these men holding number 258 would be the first to be ordered into the army to fill the quota assigned to his area.

If a man holding number 258 is assigned to a deferred class, then the man holding the second number drawn would be considered.

Press Praises Response

Meanwhile, the nation's press continued to praise the manner in which the America's youth responded to President Roosevelt's registration appeal. The number registered, the press pointed out, was nearer 17,000,000 than the expected 16,000,000. Many persons, some too young and others too old to register, appeared at the registration booths and offered themselves for service.

One of the most unusual registration cases was that of Mr. Frederick Stowe, Jr., the "man in the iron lung," who registered from an iron lung in his Chicago home.

The "Washington Star" pointed out that more than 16,000,000 Americans registered throughout the United States without the least sign of disorder anywhere. The paper recalled that in 1917 disorders and demonstrations against the draft accompanied registration in some parts of the country.

The "New York Times" pointed out that in 1917, even with the nation at war, it was necessary in some places to use force to put down demonstrations against the draft.

"October 16 was a serious moment in the lives of men who filed in millions past the service registration desks," said the "New York Herald Tribune." "It was a serious moment in the history of the United States, and a very great one.

Million An Hour

"Rank on rank, a million an hour, they trooped by for the great 'muster' of American manhood, without disturbance or confusion, without shirking or recalcitrance, in the spirit, as the President well said, of the pioneer militia in which every man kept a rifle and every man knew that the time might come when he would have to use it.

"This demonstration of the mighty effectiveness of democracy in action will not soon be forgotten anywhere.

"None of these men can know where the road which last Wednesday he took up may end for any one of them. Their response was magnificent; and because of it the whole nation today has a greater knowledge than before of its strength and of its value in this dangerous world."

The "Washington Star" said that the significance of October 16, in the history of the United States "already must be appreciated the world around."

"Especially among the aggressor nations," the paper said, "it should be understood that the registration of American manhood is in effect an acceptance of the challenge flung down to western democracy by these dictators.

"No Equal On Earth"

"When the new legislation has borne its intended fruit of machines and material as well as men trained and ready for combat, there will be no equal to its strength on earth. Such a dynamic force is not to be created for nothing. Instead, it is with solemn determination to employ it effectively that the registrants submitted themselves to conscription."

"The unflinching answer of American youth to registration for the draft is a great tribute to the unity of our country and to the leadership of President Roosevelt," said the "Philadelphia Record."

"This nation's young men threw back into the teeth of the Axis spokesmen their sneering statement that democracies are soft.

"From all parts of the country came reports not of men trying to hide to avoid registration, but of men reporting before the offices were open, of men reporting who were too young or too old, of men undergoing operations to make themselves fit for service, of men gladly accepting a duty not only of registration but the chance of giving a year of their lives to the country.

President's Daring

"President Roosevelt not only dared bring up the Issue on June 18—a month before the Democratic Convention met but he kept prodding Congress for passage of the Conscription Act in a campaign year, and had the courage to set the time for registration three weeks before election. President Roosevelt had confidence in the American people. The registration results show that his confidence was justified."

The "Washington Post" said that the high emotional atmosphere which pervaded the registration of 1917 is absent now.

"In part this restraint may be due to the fact that we are not now at war, and to the belief that with prudent strengthening of our defences, war may be avoided," the paper said.

"Nevertheless, the sober, willing and wholly unvainglorious spirit in which youth is accepting its tremendous responsibility is of happy augury for the nation. Surely what is begun in such spirit will not be badly ended."

Country's Best Step

"We think this step is one of the best this country has ever taken," was the opinion of the "Washington Times Herald." "Aside from the prime object of stepping up the Army to meet current challenges, a lot of good is going to come of this to a lot of young Americans. The draft law ought to be extended indefinitely."

In an editorial in the form of a letter from the older generation to those registering, the "New York Times" said: "We would like to have you believe that you are going into the Army for your own sake; so that you can continue to get the news in your newspapers instead of lies; so that you can listen to whatever station you like on the radio foreign ones included; so that the police cannot raid your house without a warrant or arrest you for expressing you own opinions; so that your neighbours and even your children will not be set to spy on you; so that you can live the kind of life a self respecting man wants to live.

"We will not let you down in peace or war. We will not let anybody get fat on your sacrifice. We would like to believe that now again all of us, soldiers and civilians, are 'dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that this nation under God shall have a new birth of freedom'."

Democracy's Reply

The National Director of Military Service, Dr. Clarence A. Dykstra, told the press that the success of the American registration day demonstrated "the ability of democracy to rise to an occasion of this sort."

"Those who thought that we were supine and soft, and that democracy could not move with effectiveness, may now be disappointed."

He praised the "almost universal cooperation from the young men of the nation" and the efficiency with which registration machinery had been set up. One of his first tasks in office, he said, would be to speed up the establishment of state appeal boards which will hear cases of persons who feel they have been unjustly treated by local boards in matters of classification and deferment.—United Press.

Conscripts Will Have Hostesses

U.S. Army Plans Selected Women to Arrange Dances; Chapcron Visitors

Washington, Oct. 22.

Hostesses employed by the United States Army to direct clubhouse cafeterias and arrange social events will provide a touch of home for the new conscript army.

Because many of the conscripts, 21 to 35 years old, will be away from home for the first time, the Army said it wanted to make them happy.

The Army planned to establish closer relations between camps and near-by communities. The hostesses, who will be selected by post commanders, will be required to have wide acquaintance in the neighbourhood. They will chaperon visiting mothers, sisters and sweethearts, as well as arrange dances and other social events.—United Press.

Filipinos Plead Not Guilty in Spy Case

Plea Surprises Observers But No Comment from Army

Manila, Oct. 22.

Igancio Agbay and Mariano Cabrera, alleged civilian Filipino accomplices of Captain Ruto Romero, held on charges of attempting to sell secret defence plans, were arraigned in the city court today and pleaded not guilty. They were returned to Bilibid Prison where they continued to be held incommunicado.

Their plea surprised observers because it was previously reported that both had confessed to their participation in the case. United States Army authorities, however, did not comment on their plea.

Capt. Romero, West Point graduate and a member of the engineering regiment of the Philippine Scouts, unit of the U.S. Army, was arrested last week when caught photographing army plans regarding the defence of the Philippines.—United Press.

American Newsman Weds in Chungking

Chungking, Oct. 22.

The first wedding of a foreign correspondent in China's wartime capital took place today when Mr. James Stewart, Chungking correspondent of the Associated Press of America, was married to Miss Eleanor Heckelman, who arrived in Chungking by air this morning from Tokyo, where she had been working in an American hospital.

Immediately after her arrival the couple proceeded to an American Methodist mission, where the Rev. W. A. McCurdy performed the ceremony.

Mr. Sydney Lafoon, of the American Embassy, and Mr. Maurice Votaw, formerly of St. John's University, Shanghai, and now with the Chinese Publicity Board, acted as witnesses.—Reuter.

Kwantung Army's New Chief Staff Officer

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

It is officially announced that Lieut.-General Betsuro Kimura has been appointed Chief Staff Officer of the Kwantung Army, succeeding Lieut.-General Minoru Iimura, who has been assigned to the General Staff of the Army.

Lieut.-General Kimura was military attache at the Japanese Embassy in Berlin from 1922 to 1925. He attended the London Naval Conference in 1929 as a staff member of the Japanese delegation, then became director of the Ordnance Bureau of the War Office in 1936. He was assigned to a field post in March, 1939.—Reuter.

Former U.S. Policy In Orient Seen

Lord Lothian Reported Discussing British, U.S. Attitude to N.E.I.

Washington, Oct. 22.

No official information is yet available here concerning efforts which Japan is making to secure oil supplies in the Netherlands East Indies. But the return to Tokyo of Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, special Japanese envoy in Batavia, is taken generally as an indication that the reported contract whereby Japan would get 40 per cent. yearly of her total requirements in the East Indies has not been signed and that negotiations have struck a snag.

It is reported here that Lord Lothian, British Ambassador, has gone to London not only to discuss the situation in the United States but also and chiefly the position and interests of Britain and the United States in the Pacific, including oil and other raw materials in the East Indies.

Some political observers believe that further steps in President Roosevelt's firmer policy in the Pacific will be taken very shortly after the election. Some newspapers see significance in the announcement that Lord Lothian is staying in London until after the election; they point out that he will be on hand with the British Government's views when the new Pacific moves foreshadowed are made.

Something of a Mystery

The exact position of international efforts to secure control of the East Indies oil supplies is something of a mystery here because of lack of reliable information. Mr. Cordell L. Hull, Secretary of State, was closely questioned yesterday concerning the status of negotiations and the American attitude towards the alleged agreement between oil companies and Japan, but he parried all queries expertly and avoided giving any information.

Some officials, speaking privately, hide behind the statement that oil companies in Java come under Netherland not American law, but it would be surprising if the State Department washed its hands in this manner.

News that Mr. Kobayashi is returning to Tokyo from Batavia is taken to indicate that his path is not proving so smooth as Japan had anticipated and that oil companies are probably stalling for time, while London reports that Britain wants all aviation petrol from the Indies show that Britain is an important factor in this curious situation.

It is believed in some quarters that Lord Lothian carried to London suggestions from the American Government concerning the Pacific.—Reuter.

Anglo-Thai Friendship Mission Successful

Relations Between Two Countries Improving

London, Oct. 22.

Anglo-Thailand relations are steadily improving writes the Diplomatic Correspondent of the "Sunday Times." A special good-will mission to British Malaya, Burma, India and Australia, headed by the Thai Minister of Justice, has already completed a highly successful visit to Burma, where the mission was warmly welcomed by the Government and people, the correspondent recalls.

Early in October the members of the mission were entertained at Delhi by the Viceroy and had an opportunity of making friendly contact with Government officials.

The mission, the correspondent adds, has amply fulfilled its purpose of promoting friendly relations between Thailand and the British Commonwealth in the spirit of the recently concluded Anglo-Thai non-aggression pact.—Reuter.

Hongkong Action Not Unusual Says U.S.

Submarine Parts Stored in Colony for Many Years

Washington, Oct. 22.

The Navy Department said here last night that there was "nothing unusual" in reports that the United States Navy is storing submarine parts in Hongkong.

They said that parts such as submarine intake valves have been kept in Hongkong by the United States for many years.

Parts sometimes are shipped to Hongkong instead of Manila because they can be picked up there more quickly by American submarines or warships when the U.S. Asiatic Fleet is in northern waters, it was pointed out.

American submarines frequently visit Hongkong and it is therefore not unusual that spare parts should be kept on hand there by American naval authorities, a Navy Department spokesman said.—United Press.

Follow Up on Axis Alliance

Technical Commissions to Act on Pledges

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

Japan, Italy and Germany have virtually completed plans for the establishment of joint technical commissions "to translate into action pledges entered into in the Tripartite Alliance," the "Asahi Shimbun" reported here today.

The paper said military and economic experts would be attached to the commissions. Chairmen of the commissions will be the respective foreign ministers of Germany, Italy and Japan. German, Italian and Japanese Ambassadors will be senior members of the commissions, the paper said.

The commissions will be established both in Berlin and Tokyo, the paper disclosed. Negotiations now in progress may result in the establishment of commissions in Rome also, the paper said.—United Press.

The distribution of farm credit loans and the co-operative movement in Kweichow province have made rapid progress, reports the "Shun Pao." There are 1,590 different rural co-operatives, with more than 335,000 members, spread over the province.

"To Appease Totalitarian Dictators is Useless"

Mr. William Bullitt, Former U.S. Envoy to France, Leaves No Doubt How America Stands

Washington, Oct. 22.

MR. William C. Bullitt, former Ambassador to France, who always has the "presidential ear," unquestionably spoke with some authority in Chicago last night when he said that the United States does not intend to appease the dictators, Reuter's learns in well-informed quarters. And his references to Japan leave no room for suggestion that any appeasement of Japan can be expected from the United States.

He ignored the mollifying remarks of the Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, after American ire had been aroused, and underlined Premier Konoye's threat of war with the United States which originally got up America's dander.

This is taken as a clear indication that the administration refuses to be put off by the "explanation" and prefers to accept as nearer the truth of Japanese policy Prince Konoye's remark that "should America refuse to understand the real intentions of Japan, Germany and Italy.... there would be no other course open to them than to go to war."

Europe's Experience

"Europe's experience has taught us that to try to appease the totalitarian dictators is useless—we don't intend to try," declared Mr. Bullitt, speaking at a meeting of the Council of Foreign Relations here last night.

As in his recent speech at Philadelphia Mr. Bullitt fearlessly told his countrymen what they would have to face on two oceans if the Axis were allowed to win. He also warned the United States of the necessity of increasing production and putting defence preparations on a war and not a peace footing.

In tribute to the British people Mr. Bullitt said: "Men, women and children are being blown to bits but are enduring their sufferings with courage that does honour to the human race, while above them in the sky, outnumbered, their protectors—and ours—fight on."

Discussing the new Axis-Japanese agreement, which he called a "novel delayed action of declaration of enmity" towards America, Mr. Bullitt said the instinct of self-preservation compelled America to realize that isolation was all very well as long as they had powerful friends fighting to preserve the world order, but for a nation surrounded by hostile powers isolation was a prelude to destruction.

Clear Warning

Referring to Japan, he said. "'We don't know when and if ever they will detonate their novel delayed action of declaration of enmity, but if ever a clear warning was given to a nation that three aggressors contemplate a clear assault upon it that warning was given the American people in the newly announced agreement of Berlin.

"Europe's experience has taught us that it is useless to appease the dictator. You make him concessions, you relax and then he strikes. We have seen the appeasement efforts of Britain, France, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Belgium, the Netherlands and Denmark. You cannot appease the unappeasable.

"Does anyone believe that to curry favour with the Nazis and Fascists we should refrain from giving increasing help to Britain? Does anyone suggest that we should negotiate with Germany and Italy for the destruction of the British Empire? Does anyone believe that we should discontinue extension of credits to China? We know that no one has been able to appease for long either the Nazis, Fascists or Japanese militarists. We know that many have tried and we don't intend to try."—Reuter.

Japan Unsatisfied With N.E.I. Offer

Mr. Kobayashi Said Still Optimistic; Mission Head Leaves fo Tokyo

Tokyo, Oct. 22.

The Japanese economic mission to the Netherlands East Indies is not satisfied with oil concessions offered Japan thus far by the Dutch East Indies Government, the Tokyo "Nichi Nichi" reported here today from Batavia.

The newspaper said, however, that the head of the Japanese mission, Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Japanese Minister of Commerce and Industry, was still optimistic over the outcome of current negotiations in Batavia.

Mr. Kobayashi, who is returning to Tokyo for new instructions, was reported to have told Japanese residents of Batavia yesterday that he was confident Japan would be successful in obtaining increased oil supplies from the East Indies.

"Because oil is an absolutely essential item for Japan," Mr. Kobayashi said, "we have thoroughly discussed the oil problem apart from other matters.

"Fortunately, the Dutch authorities have appreciated and understood our viewpoint. They offered Japan some oil, but we have asked for a larger allotment.

"Negotiations now are progressing smoothly and consequently I am hopeful and confident that the negotiations will be successful."—United Press.

Governor Thanked

Batavia Oct. 22.

Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi Japanese Minister of Commerce and Industry, who has been recalled to Tokyo from the mission to the Netherlands East Indies, last night paid a farewell call on the Governor-General, Jonkheer van Starkenborgh Stachouwer.

It is understood Mr. Kobayashi thanked the Governor-General for the kindness shown by the authorities during his stay, and expressed the hope the Dutch East Indies would extend further favours to the Japanese during ensuing negotiations.—Reuter.

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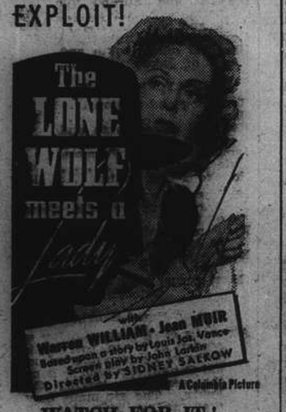

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FOR SALE. New residence in best residential district French Concession. Dining, living, 4 bedrooms, dressing room, 2 bathrooms, lavatory, steam heating, modern fittings, etc. 3/4 mow land. Price $100,000. Apply Box, 3487 NCDN. 10215

WANTED to buy against cash, small modern house or bungalow, preferably Hungjao district or vicinity. Offers to Box 3448, NCDN. -6239

WANTED to buy, house. Eight rooms, two bathrooms, garden. Box 3430, NCDN. -6217

WANTED land on side streets of Bubbling Well Road, one mow or less. Box 3435, NCDN. 11961

WANTED to buy, developed, undeveloped property along Bubbling Well, Avenue Foch. Box 2631, NCDN. -4818

WANTED to buy, undeveloped, residential property near Petain, four mow upward. Box 2632, NCDN. -4818

Furnished Apartments

COMFORTABLY furnished four-roomed apartment, verandah, large garden, screens, blinds. American School district. US$40. Furniture to be taken over, US$350. Address Box 3461, NCDN. -6264

4-room apartment, steamheating, $400, Joffre; 4-room apartment, US$35, Joffre; 3-room apartment, US$30, Joffre; 4-room apartment, Weihaiwei; 2-room apartment, steamheating, Bund; 2-room flat, Maresca. Furnished/unfurnished rooms, Architect Herper, 207 Route Winling. -6274

AMERICAN wishes to share his furnished, four-roomed apartment with a bachelor or grass-widower, from November 1. Rent is on gold dollar basis. Best location French Concession. No refugees need apply. Box 3475, NCDN. 11998

FULLY furnished 2-roomed flat in apartment; private bath, steamheating, refrigerator. Telephone 33880 from 12 to 2 p.m. -6201

TIFENG Road: Furnished apartment only one vacancy left for two-roomed modern fully furnished apartment with verandah, bathroom, kitchen. Steamheating, hot water, taxes, crockery, cutlery, inclusive rent $400. Further particulars telephone 20666. 11962

ONE-ROOMED apartment without key-money, centre Bubbling Well. Immediate occupation. Shanghai Realty Co. -6276

TO be taken over, beautifully-furnished apartment including piano, radio, grandfather clock and frigidaire. Please telephone 73519. 11997

THREE-room apartment with all modern conveniences. Best part of French Concession. Beautiful furniture for sale. Telephone 79607. -6244

BEAUTIFUL 5-roomed flat, 2 baths, garage, servants' quarters, in modern apartment house. Concession, newly furnished, all conveniences, for immediate transfer. Furniture to be taken over at very reasonable price. Apply Box 3402, NCDN. -6168

3½-roomed modern apartment, Kinnear Road, with garage, servant room, bathroom, kitchen, boxroom. Moderate rent, furniture to be taken over. Telephone 18385 for particulars during office hours. -6203

Animals

SIAMESE female kitten, 4 months old, for sale. Box 3473 NCDN. -6252

SIAMESE cats, kittens for sale. Inspection 88 Moon Villa, Edinburgh Road, telephone 21154. -6280

Wanted to Rent

FURNISHED room wanted in central district. Send particulars to Box 3480, NCDN. 12005

WANTED, one or two-roomed modern apartment, furnished or unfurnished. Central district. Address Box 3482, NCDN. 12004

CANADIAN lady, newly arrived in China, wishes to find accommodation in private family for November and December. Box 3466, NCDN. 11996

WANTED by Englishman from December 1, down-town or otherwise, one or two rooms with kitchenette and bathroom. Box 3465, NCDN. -6272

WANTED two-roomed, furnished apartment by responsible gentleman, downtown location, willing take over from anyone returning 6 months/longer. Particulars, rates Box 3457, NCDN. -6256

THREE roomed unfurnished apartment required. State particulars to Box 3438, NCDN. 11888

RESPONSIBLE lady requires house eight-ten rooms or three-five room apartment. Box 3359, NCDN. -6108

ROOM with separate entrance, on Joffre or vicinity, wanted for short period. Box 3403, NCDN. -6164

WANTED, by responsible party, house or flat containing five rooms, in good locality. Address Box 3418, NCDN. -6198

WANTED, three/four-roomed, first-class apartment, responsible party, willing pay American dollars. Please telephone 36976 or write Box 3407, NCDN. -6166

THREE/five-roomed house with modern conveniences. Concession. Willing take furniture. State rental required. Reply to Box 3420, NCDN. -6190

BY responsible British family. Medium-sized house, in good district. Box 3432, NCDN. -6221

BY responsible English couple, two/three-roomed furnished apartment. State terms. Box 3442, NCDN. 11991

WANTED urgently, apartment, small house. Will take over furniture pay key-money. Telephone 72782. -5903

WANTED, one or 1½-roomed flat, willing take over furniture. Reply Box 3122, NCDN. -5661

Educational

ADA LVOFF gives piano lessons. Apply 1180 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 30310, between 10-1. -6259

AMERICAN teacher, many years experience, gives private lessons, reasonable fees. Address Box 3454, NCDN. -6248

SPANISH lessons required by Briton from Spanish national. State terms. Address Box 3169, NCDN. -6249

FRENCH lessons. Speedy and excellent results assured. Fully qualified gentleman-teacher (Belgian). Twice weekly, pupils/own home, $40 monthly. Box 3205, NCDN. -5931

PAINTING and drawing lessons by reputable artist Max Heiman, House 30, Passage 80 Route Kaufman. -5474

IRMGARD Menzel, dramatic soprano, gives singing lessons. For appointment, Telephone 70586. -3614

THE Shanghai Business College. Oral classes. Shorthand, Typewriting, Commercial English, Conversation, Bookkeeping and Accountancy. Successes unparalleled. Apply for syllabus. 320 Szechuen Road (Second floor). Telephone 17733. 11917

Dancing

DANCING is an indispensable accomplishment which Ellan Sisters can teach you to perfection. Inquire: Ellan's Dancing Academy, 152 Route Destelan. -5149

Chinese Servants

GOOD and reliable chauffeur required. If you are going away and want to get a good position for your driver, write Box 3479, NCDN. 12008

WANTED good cook-boy with recommendation. Apply telephone 77045 after 6 p.m. -6234

WANTED for Yangtszepoo district, good house-coolie. Top wages paid to willing worker. Box 3443, NCDN. -6251

WANTED steamboiler man to attend to central heating in large house, no other work. Experience and references essential. Telephone 78255. 11934

72782. General Employment Agency Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, coolies, rickshaws, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -5906

CAN anyone recommend capable amah for foreign child, three years old? Address Box 3419, NCDN. -6169

GOOD cook-boy and coolie, speaks English well, knows Dutch cuisine. References. Address Box 3425, NCDN. -6209

Wanted to Purchase

WE buy, 5-gallon oil-tins and 90-gallon steel-drums. Emballage, 668 Szechuen Road, telephone 18435. -6267

GOLF clubs wanted, one ladies' and one gentlemen's complete sets. Reply Box 3423, NCDN. 11973

WANTED to buy refrigerator, 7 sq. ft: slightly used only. Offers to Box 3410, NCDN. -6170

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. 125 Klaochow Road, House 7. Telephone 34663, Mr. Engel. -6069

WANTED buy secondhand furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 9-7 p.m. daily. -6268

MEN'S used clothing purchased for émigrés. Silberschlag, 42 Chusan Road. Will call on seller. -5556

Boats

SHIP'S lifeboat, as good as new, 20 ft. 6 in. by 5½ ft for sale. What offers? Box 3464, NCDN. 11988

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED by British merchant, small office, or would share space. Own telephone. Quiet tenant. Address Box 3483, NCDN. 12009

WANTED factory space, Settlement, 200 sq. yard, gas. Address Box 3450, NCDN. -6242

SPACIOUS office rooms on the Bund to let. Inquiries between 3-5 p.m. Telephone 62803. 11949

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS ★

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1940 (23rd day of 9th moon)

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine and rather cold weather with variable winds around Shantung. Cloudy and cool with North-Easterly winds over our regions. Overcast to cloudy with local rain and North-Easterly to South-Easterly winds along the Coast to the South of the Saddles.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 66.0 max. 69.0	min. 61.2 max. 70.3
same date last year	min. 56.0 max. 68.5	min. 57.0 max. 70.3

Rainfall: .02

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Oct. 24, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on Nov. 5. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Oct. 23, at 6 p.m. for registered and at 7 p.m. for ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamership mails for America and Europe: Oct. 24, 26, 31, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

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NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $3

Shanghai, China and Japan	6 mos.	$42
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.

Telegrams: Herald Shanghai

P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to which all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

DEATH

WARD.—On Tuesday, October 22, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, HELEN, the dearly-beloved wife of Thomas Henry Ward and sister of Mrs. A. S. Novitsky and Mrs. M. S. Speelman. A service will be held at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road, today, Wednesday, October 23, at 4 p.m. Funeral services and interment will be announced later.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

23 Station X.C.D.N. 'Listen in and Guess' 8.30
23 A.D.C. Club Evening, Lyc., 9.15
23 Frank's Descent (Shuang-Chiang)
23 Philippine Clipper arrived Hongkong (1936)

NEDERLANDSCHE CONSULAIRE RECHTBANK VOOR MIDDLN CHINA

In the year 1900 and forty on the twenty first of October at the request of Cornelis Antonius BOONEKAMP, a merchant, living at Shanghai, electing domicile for the purpose of this action at the office of the Netherlands Consulate General at No. 9 Quai de France, Shanghai; I, Jan van den Berg, bailiff of the Netherlands Consular Tribunal for Central China at Shanghai, domiciled at Shanghai, have served upon Antonina Yakovlevna VOLKOFF, whose last known address was at Vladivostock, Pervaia Morskaia No. 7, Apt. 2, but whose present whereabouts are unknown, therefore serving my writ by posting a copy thereof and of the judgment mentioned therein at the front door of the Courtroom of the above Tribunal and by publication of this writ in the North China Daily News and the Slovo, local daily newspapers, published at Shanghai, a copy of the judgment, rendered by default by the Netherlands Consular Tribunal for Central China at Shanghai, on October the sixteenth, 1900 and forty between petitioner as plaintiff and respondent as defendant, by which judgment the marriage concluded between parties on November the second (October the twentieth Russian Style) 1900 and twenty two has been declared dissolved by divorce at the request of plaintiff, with all legal consequences thereof.

PRO DEO

Jan v. d. Berg.

12008

IN THE MATTER OF THE HONGKONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1932 AND IN THE MATTER OF THE SHANGHAI CINEMAS, LTD. *(In Voluntary Liquidation)*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required, on or before December 9, 1940, being the day for that purpose fixed by the undersigned, the Liquidator of the said Company, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to the undersigned, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are by their solicitors to come in and prove their said debts and claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

E. F. HARDMAN, C. A. *Liquidator.*

Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, 2 Peking Road, Shanghai.

Shanghai, October 22, 1940.

12000

SHANGHAI POWER CO.

It has been agreed between the Shanghai Municipal Council and the Company that the temporary surcharges for electric service to be added to the bills for ordinary consumers for consumption periods ending in the month of November, 1940, will be as follows:

For Lighting	170.93%
For General Power, Heating, Cooking, and Water Heating	306.08%

A. KENDAL WARD, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

October 22, 1940.

12007

SMOOTH TYRES MADE LIKE NEW

Our up-to-date tyre retreading plant is favourably known and availed of by many local motorists.

If your tyres are worm smooth or even through to the fabric but otherwise sound, they may be made to look and wear as new.

BILLS MOTORS

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

EXPERT producer of cosmetics equal to universally known American products is open for engagement. Box 3467, NCDN. -6279

ONE-ROOMED independent apartment without kitchen, available October 1. Rental US$15 including heating. Furniture to be taken over. Apply Apartment 2B, 34 Boissezon. -6240

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as from November 1, 1940, I will carry on the business of Dodge & Seymour (China) Ltd., at 51 Canton Road, Shanghai, as special representative of Dodge & Seymour Ltd.

OVE ASP

12011

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that effective November 1, 1940, the business heretofore carried on under the name of Dodge & Seymour (China) Ltd., will be conducted by Ove Asp as special representative of Dodge & Seymour Ltd., at the same address, 51 Canton Road, Shanghai.

DODGE & SEYMOUR (CHINA) LD., By OVE ASP, *Attorney in Fact.*

12012

HAZELWOOD ICE CREAM

We regret to announce an increase in the price of the Hazelwood Dessert Brick Ice Cream from $1.60 to $1.90.

HENNINGSEN PRODUCE CO. *Federal Inc., U.S.A.*

U. B. BEER ORDER DEPT. 30087

-11947

SHE BELIEVED THE ONLY WAY TO HOLD A MAN WAS DOWN.

WHAT A CHANGE WHEN HE BOUGHT HER A

CHEVROLET

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier

Telephone 70180

11949

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You would be giving your Country your SERVICES. You would be paying TAXES, you would be contributing to the RED CROSS and the WAR CHARITIES. The Central British War Fund exists to receive and send home your donations to

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11993

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Dunlop claims are based on performance

DUNLOP RUBBER CO. (CHINA) LTD.

117 Hongkong Road, Telephone 13413

11550

EWO GIN

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Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

-11896

DEL MONTE GREEN GROCERY

854 Avenue Foch, telephone 39113 Just arrived USA best celery, cranberries. Washington golden delicious apples, green apples, pears; black, red, green grapes; musk melons; milk-fed chickens. Will arrive on Friday, October 25: Lettuce, avocados. -6262

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THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT

17 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone 11055

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The cheapest market to buy in and one which will offer you the widest range of goods for your own use, for presents or taking home as mementoes, will be found by glancing through our "For Sale" classified advertisements, not only antiquities and curios but household necessities of various kinds may always be found by a study of this column.

FERINTOSH

is the Connoisseur's Whisky, increasing from one year to the next in mellowness and maturity.

Drink Ferintosh—

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LYCEUM THEATRE

A.D.C. presents

"TONY DRAWS A HORSE"

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday October 30 and 31, November 1 and 2 at 9.15 p.m.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S AND AT THE THEATRE.

11949

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Oct. 21 16.00	Oct. 21 21.00	Oct. 22 4.00	Oct. 22 9.00
Barometer (inches)	30.09	30.12	30.13	30.14
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.18	+0.18	+0.13	+0.07
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	+0.09	+0.05	+0.04	+0.02
Wind (direction)	NE	NE	NE	NE
" (miles per hour)	14.9	8.1	8.7	11.8
Temperature (Fahr.)	68.2°	64.8°	61.7°	66.2°
Humidity (per cent)	72	81	85	66
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall (inches)	0.04	—	0.00	0.00

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 21	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.07	+0.13	30.13
Temp. min. 64.6° Max. 77.2°	70.9°	—0.2°	61.7°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	39.55	0.06	40.21

Time and Tide	23/10	24/10	25/10	26/10	27/10	28/10	29/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.03	6.03	6.04	6.04	6.05	6.06	6.07
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.14	17.13	17.12	17.11	17.10	17.09	17.08
Moon rises at Shanghai	22.39	23.37	—	0.38	1.42	2.47	3.54
Moon sets at Shanghai	11.39	12.26	13.10	13.53	14.35	15.18	16.01
Flood makes Shai. (day)	14.15	15.11	16.33	6.30	7.39	8.25	9.05
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	6.50	7.46	9.27	11.45	13.14	13.58	14.40
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	15.54	17.26	6.28	8.13	9.23	9.53	10.39
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	6.70	5.60	6.30	6.80	7.50	8.75	9.60

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 21st:—Pressure rather normal and rising over China: falling over Japan. Depression to the south of Japan moving east-north-eastward. North-westerly to north-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine weather in the north. Cloudy with showers in our regions.

State on the morning of the 22nd:—Overcast weather with light mist. North-easterly wind. Normal and steady pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, October 23.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Amoy	11.30	12.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	12.30	13.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	18.00	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, October 24.		
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Japan Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton	x*20.00	8.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez	A*20.00	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	8.30	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	12.30	13.00
Indo-China	B 15.30	16.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Aust. and N.Z.	19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, October 25.		
Hongkong and Canton	x 9.30	10.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00

* The night before

A Parcel mail for India, closes at 16.00 on 23rd.

B Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 12.00 on 24th.

X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on October 31, 1940.)

Canton-Hanoi-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton on Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per available steamer to Saigon via Hongkong.

Domestic Air Mair

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at noon and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 11.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Via S.H.N.R. 12.30 p.m.: for Sungkiang and Hangchow 12.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai Line at 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 9 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Remark: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains, (for time of closing, see above).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

I. C. Milk Fund

Arbitration Board	$4
Cafe Splendid	2
Restaurant Delikat	5
Schlesinger Arthur, Graz	2
Chez Nicole .... 5 W. B.	5

St. Andrew's Society

IN MEMORY OF MESSRS. W. J. MILNE AND A. HENDERSON

Gambling G. T.	$100

K.D.S. Hospital Fund

D. R.	$25

To S.J.Y.A. School

IN MEMORY OF MALKA WHITCOB

From her children	$50

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Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED, Chinese office clerk. Junior steno-typist preferred. Address Box 3476, NCDN. -6285

STENOGRAPHER: efficient, experienced lady-stenographer (British) required by professional firm. Must understand filing. Apply with copies of references to Box 3470, NCDN. -6279

FOREIGN lady, capable book-keeper, accountant needed outport. Steady, responsible position. Box 3444, NCDN. -6232

WANTED immediately a competent lady-stenographer. British. Reply, stating age and previous experience to Box 3441. 11990

EXPERT shorthand and typewriting are just 50% of what important concerns require from beginners. Gregg School of Business, Shanghai's Premier Academy. Next enrollment January. 11812

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

YOUNG man speaking English, Russian, Chinese, seeks immediate position office, hotel. Box 3486 NCDN. -6289

AMERICAN lady recommends excellent Russian baby nurse. Address Box 3481, NCDN. 12006

EXPERIENCED typist/clerk, male Chinese. Good English. Also quick at figures and able to write business letters. Address Box 3459, NCDN. -6257

ENGINEER and architect with many years' experience as contractor for all sorts of buildings, capable constructor of reinforced concrete and timber structures, expert in constructions, motor-cars, industrial plants, surveyor, open for engagement. Has Shanghai references. Box 3460, NCDN. -6260

CIVIL engineer, Chinese, with many years of experience, seeks position. Box 3455, NCDN. -6251

JAPANESE, intelligent youth, Japanese college of commerce graduate, has good knowledge of English, seeks position in trading firm or anything else. Address Box 3451, NCDN. -6243

YOUNG emigre (26), seeks any kind of position. Box 3456, NCDN. -6253

WELL-educated and capable young Chinese lady seeks English secretarial position in reputable export firms. Salary immaterial. Reply Box 3411, NCDN. -6179

CHINESE youth seeks position as office-boy or junior clerk, reliable hard-working. Address Box 3400 NCDN. -6160

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. 11987

Business Opportunities

LESSORS: We undertake renting of your apartments, houses, shops and rooms, without any charges to you. Architect Herper, 207 Route Winling. -6274

NEUTRAL foreigner with best guarantors (relatives) in San Francisco will take care of any business, property, liquidation, private matters during evacuees' absence. Write: Collins, 123 Route Amiral Courbet, Shanghai. -6263

CHINESE firm looking for connections, agents or representatives for America or other markets. Address Box 3343, NCDN. -6071

RELIABLE party desires to hear from firms or manufacturers to buy off if evacuating. Box 3302, NCDN. -5996

WE pay cash for stocks and bonds listed on European or American stock exchanges. Please communicate with Box 3170, NCDN. -5758

SOLE agency in tobacco, rubber goods and chemicals from P.I., Straits and N.E.I. factories wanted by foreign import firm with best connections in Shanghai. Box 3202, NCDN. -5919

Clothing and Fabrics

CHIFFON velvet for sale. Two evening dress lengths, flame and black. Cash sale at $57 per yard. Box 3422, NCDN. -6195

SHIRTS correctly made to measure. Special reinforced collars, guaranteed English materials, from $19.50. Razon's Central Road. 11909

RAINCOATS for ladies and men. Men's fashionable, highest class hats. Remodelling. "The Gentleman", 147 Route de Say Zoong, corner Joffre. -6149

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road, Carter Road east). Telephone 37024. -5479

LADIES' worn hats, renovated, remodelled perfectly. Prices suiting every purse. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -5871

Cameras

SIEMENS 8 mm. Cine camera, magazine loading with double eight film, 2.2 lens, four speeds, Telephoto lens, US$60. Box 3485, NCDN. -6267

LEICA II F3.5 lens F2, case, $800; steel wardrobe trunk with book-shelves, cost $400, ask $150. New Hermes typewriters, $475 with leather case. Box 3462, NCDN. -6265

Miscellaneous

COME and enjoy once more the delicious Chinese food at King Kong Restaurant, because you can never get it in America. 31 Rue Wagner, telephone 83049. -6250

AMERICAN business woman, holding other passport, long China experience, ready purchase/manage, permanently/temporarily, business proposition/office. Al American community references. Box 3468, NCDN. -6278

LONDON trained English nurse, willing to take patient to Canada or America in return for first-class passage from Hongkong to London. Apply Fidoe, 13 Bowen Road, Hongkong. -6187

NEUTRAL, best recommendations, will take care of property or business during the war. Very reliable, confidential. Address Box 3433, NCDN. 11980

TRUSTWORTHY, experienced, neutral businessman is willing to take care of business/property of departing individuals/concern. Best references. Box 3342, NCDN. -6068

OLD, well-established real-estate firm (neutral) will take over (mortgage) properties from persons expecting evacuation. Box 3264, NCDN. 11899

DOLLS if broken, perfectly repaired/remodelled. Doll's dresses, wigs. Doll's Hospital, Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -5019

AMERICAN, British magazines changed three times weekly. Moderate fees. Telephone 14640. First Shanghai Reading Circle, Magazine Library, 131 Museum Road, Room 423. -5408

TYPEWRITERS bought, sold, rented, repaired, rebuilt. Hermes-Baby dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse Telephone 11875. -5916

Radios

HIRE, sale and reliable repairs, every kind of radio. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road; telephone 19225. 11544

AMERICAN radio transmitter 200 watts phone code. Suitable amateur or commercial. Owner leaving. Will accept best offer. Telephone 37220. 1249 Bubbling Well. -6200

WILLIAM'S Radio Service. Servicing all types radios. Foreign engineers, satisfaction guaranteed. Telephone 71240 66/35 Route Lorton. -542

PURCHASE all kinds of secondhand radios also execute repairs. Modern radio service. 356 Avenue Foch, telephone 38147. -558

Motor Cars and Cycles

1938 Pontiac four-door sedan, steering wheel gear shift excellent condition, US$750. Box 3484, NCDN. -6287

US$150 Ford coupe 1929, best condition, four new tyres. Telephone 77099, 9-10. -6250

1939 Hillman Minx, 7,000 miles only. Good as a new car. Best offer around £200 will be accepted. Box 3474, NCDN. -11999

1939 Packard convertible sedan, perfect condition, as new, to be sold at half the new carcost. Address Box 3477, NCDN. 12001

FOR SALE, Baby Fiat model 500, 1938 model. US$300. For inspection address Box 3478, NCDN. 12003

FOR SALE 1931 Ford coupe, in excellent condition, for US$195. Telephone 18962, during office hours, for demonstration. 12014

PRIVATE party will pay good prices for small used cars. Good opportunity for prospective evacuees to dispose of theirs. Full particulars to J. W. Templo, Post Office Box 256. 12013

1932 Austin 7 two-door sedan, 30 miles per gallon. US$230. Telephone 17289. -6241

FOR SALE, 1938 Plymouth sedan de luxe, in excellent condition. Owner leaving. Address Box 3452, NCDN. -6269

WANTED coupe, recent model or would hire for 6 months. Box 3458, NCDN. -6286

FORD coupe de luxe, 1931, 4-cylinder, very economical, perfect condition. $3,500, or nearest offer. Telephone 62897. 11994

WANTED, Ford 1940 model preferably, owner-driven. State all particulars, cash price. Box 3408, NCDN. -6168

1939 Skoda 4-door saloon, £160. Guaranteed. Fraser Motors, Ltd., telephone 21949. 11974

1930 Ford sedan, excellent condition, new tyres, US$220. Telephone 34336 office hours, Miss Woo. -6219

WANTED 1935 Ford coupe. We pay cash. American Motors, Fed. Inc., USA., 444 Avenue Foch, telephone 60182-3. 11962

WOULD anyone leaving for America exchange Ford 1940 for new model 1941 f.o.b. Detroit? Particulars 620 Avenue Foch. 11992

1939 Chevrolet Master sedan, excellent condition. Highest quality radio and seat covers. Call Foreign YMCA, Room 626. -5931

PRIVATELY-OWNED cars, bought, sold, exchanged. Satisfaction guaranteed. Auto Trading Co., telephone 17289, 19351. -4689

Office Cars

LIFT wanted, from Avenue Joffre, corner Route Sayzoong to Yangtszepoo Road, near Lay Road, in the morning and if possible in the evening. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 713, telephone 12770. 11995

Lost

LOST Customs triplicate covering 15 cases woollen piece-goods ex ss. "Pres. Coolidge" from Kobe, B/L 268, application 264/4/2502 now declared null and void. International Forwarding Corp. 11998

For Sale—Miscellaneous

A quantity of Rush square rugs at exceptionally low price. Specification; 105 pieces all natural, 55 pieces green/natural, 121 pieces brown/natural, 21 pieces black/natural. All 9 x 12 ft. Address Post Office Box 929. -6284

IMPORTED sewing machine $250; antique work-box, nice inlaid work. 12 Rue Consulat, Apartment 501. -6286

14 carat gold bracelet for sale. Box 3471, NCDN. -6292

TWO new Canadian silver foxes for sale. Box 3472, NCDN. -6293

BEAUTIFULLY-toned electric gramophone, exquisite cabinet, 245 records, music lover's collection, US$100 or offer. Box 3469, NCDN. -6276

RADIO record player, piano, guitar, records for sale, by private party. 103 Rubicon Road. Telephone 29485. -6198

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain, best European brands, in large variety, at really reasonable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -3676

THREE Persian rugs, best quality, Kandistan, Kasak, silk carpet, for sale. Box 3463, NCDN. -6266

FINE, imported Beckstein, excellent condition, wonderful tone. Original cost US$800, will accept US$175 or nearest offer. Address Box 3446, NCDN. 11993

COMPLETE set, 24 volumes Alexander Hamilton Institute Business Course, US$15. Address Box 3445, NCDN. 11993

MODERN three-piece living-room set excellent quality. $350. Address Box 3447, NCDN. -6235

RARE opportunity: Lady's furcoat at lowest price, privately only. Post Office Box 1940. -6253

PIANO, radio, furniture for sale. Telephone 50764. -6253

BIG wall-rug, bright colours, Oriental designs, unique in Shanghai. No brokers. Box 3449, NCDN. -6238

"BEEHIVE" cobalt-blue mocha cups with miniatures gilt inside, at lowest prices. 808 East Seward Road. (Shop). -6237

WARDROBE, two sofa-beds, armchair, cabinet, table, teakwood. 161/11 Route de Grouchy, from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. -6254

HIGH-CLASS Czechoslovakian crystalware, Meissen figures, groups, for sale, in large variety. European Art, 1310 Avenue Joffre. -6172

EUROPEAN porcelain, crystalware, paintings, etc. to be found in our shop. First-class qualities only at Hongkew prices. Especially favourable purchasing opportunities announced every Saturday in this column. Futter, Wolff & Cohn, 808 East Seward Road. -6109

BARGAIN. Lady's diamond ring, 1½ carat, blue-white stone, European workmanship. H-P., 726 Avenue Joffre. -6192

FINE selection in high-class porcelain, crystalware, cutlery. Bargain prices. H-P., 726 Avenue Joffre. -6191

FOR SALE. One man's truss, right side, unused. Cost 2 guineas. Proceeds to War Fund. Address Box 3429, NCDN. 11976

FOUR families leaving, disposing of refrigerator, bedroom suite, living-room set, dining-room set, fan, beds, mattress, washer, rugs, stove, boiler, children's furniture, day-bed, sewing machine, miscellaneous household furniture. Telephone 29485, 103 Rubicon Road. -6198

COMPLETE household furnishings including frigidaire, electric washer, piano, radio, etc. Call 29657. -6162

THE Book Mart has this week a bargain counter, 400 books by good authors. Come browse around, you may find the book you want. We buy, sell, exchange. 286 Yu Yuen Road. Telephone 22924. -6205

BEAUTIFUL eleven-piece bedroom suite. $600. House 15, Apartment 17, Route Paul Henry. Inspection 4-6. -6222

ONE red fox fur, in perfect condition, $250. Telephone 79939 between 8 a.m.-10 a.m. 11979

FOR SALE. New dining-room, drawing-room and bedroom suites, sundry furniture. Apply Box 3440, NCDN. 11989

THREE diamond rings, 0.90-1.80 carat, flawless, sapphire-diamond ring, ladies' gold watches. Cheap. Telephone 74192, 8-10.30 a.m. 7-8.30 p.m. -6225

PRIVATE rickshaw vehicle, first-class make, hardly used, absolutely new. $500 or nearest offer. Telephone 78255. 11963

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying, selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -5029

PRAYER-books, received from London a nice selection of Catholic Bibles, New Testaments, Picture Prayer Books for children, Key of Heaven, etc. Orders from outports solicited. Apply Church of Christ The King, Rue Bourgeat, Shanghai. -5864

SECONDHAND. Whether you want to purchase cheap furniture, carpets, or sell them, call Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -3908

SAVE your money, buy Meissen, Dresden porcelains, heavy crystalware, miniatures. Inspect our spectacular show-room. 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Apartment 3. -6007

GORGEOUS crystalware, every kind of European porcelain, complete dinner, tea, coffee sets, reputable brands. Lovely modern porcelain figures. Red and Black, 277 Avenue Petain. -5096

HEATING by Waska stoves; economical and comfortable. Hire and sale. Economical Heating Co., telephone 74816. -5650

"FOR YOU" the quality goods store 1017 Avenue Joffre. Beautiful woollen pullovers and costumes. Imported underwear. Flannel pyjamas and nightgowns. Lapels, lace collars, assorted gloves. Belts, collars and flowers to match. Orders taken. -5525

TWO portable typewriters "Corona", "Underwood". Stamps collection. Telephone 33971 between 11-1. -6051

FACTORY rebuilt Monroe Calculating machines, 8 and 10 columns, fully automatic in division and multiplication, US$185 to US$275. Business Machine Co., 9-A Central Road, Telephone 14292. 11606

SALE of fur-coats, jackets, capes, foxes. European cutters and furriers, Far Eastern Credit Co., 46 Route Grouchy. For appointment after office hours, please telephone 73740. -5501

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